BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

[illegible] WHIG AND COURIER PUBLISHING COMPANY. BANGOR, MAINE, MONDAY, APRIL 4, 1898. VOL. LXV.--NO. 81.

"Blew Monday"

spell it as you will, that's the soap-users' washday—uses them up completely. Never a "blue Monday" with the right sort of Pearline washing. No rubbing to speak of, no wear, just soaking, boiling, rinsing. Things washed are cleaner and woman who washes is able to enjoy the time saved. 505

Millions NOW USE Pearline

FOR MON. & TUES. ONLY

[illegible] New Spring Prints, white grounds, chocolates, [illegible] indigo blues and fancies only 3 cents a yard,

[illegible] to look at these, take a look at our yard [illegible]

6c and 7½c.

Great Bargains these are.

[illegible] fail to look at our New Spring Novelties at

25 cents.

[illegible] these are actually worth 39c, but we have [illegible] price on the lot. Let us show them to you; [illegible] ask you to buy.

LORD & BRAGDON,

Agents for Standard Patterns and Publications.

MISS M. A. CLARK, 66 MAIN STREET, BANGOR, MAINE.

Spring Display.

Pattern Hats and Bonnets,

Flowers, Feathers and Novelties,

Thursday and Friday, April 7th and 8th, 1898.

EASTER MILLINERY OPENING,

Pattern Hats and Bonnets,

Thursday and Friday, April 7th and 8th,

MISS S. J. COOMBS. 34 Main Street, Bangor, Me.

Miss Coombs will be pleased to see her friends.

Advantages Enjoyed By Our Customers

Are that we sell our goods at a very low profit: we sell large amounts during the year [illegible] enables us to do so. We buy in large quantities and thus get a low figure to start with. We pay cash and save the discount.

BETTER STILL

We give you the benefit of it all. Remember these things when purchasing your Building Material, Hardware, Paints, Oils, etc.

MORSE & COMPANY,

[illegible] Avenue, - - - Bangor, Maine.

Telephone 230-2

EASTER HATS.

OUR SPECIAL $2.00

[illegible] showing a large line of soft and stiff Hats in all [illegible] styles and colorings at popular prices

NEW NECKWEAR.

SPECIAL EASTER SHOWING—The Newest Creations [illegible] arrivals comprise the swell creations of neckwear [illegible] colors bright and striking, yet harmonious and re[illegible] Beautiful patterns in stripes, plaids and checks and fancy patterns.

PUFFS, WINDSORS, IMPERIALS, BOWS, TECKS, FOUR-IN HANDS

[illegible] 25 cent NECKWEAR is at the head of the class. New line [illegible] handsome patterns.

[illegible] correct as the styles and in this line you will find every[illegible] for EASTER, the day of all days that a man (as well [illegible]) should be perfectly attired. In making this effort, don't [illegible] the TIE as it plays one of the most important parts in a gentle[illegible] make up.

Nason Clothing Co., 9 Hammond Street.

Kenduskeag Bridge.

EITHER WAR OR PEACE.

Crisis Will Reach Its Climax Some Time This Week.

Sunday a Day of Suppressed Feeling at the Departments--Senators and Representatives Confer on Gravity of Situation--President's Message Goes to Congress Early This Week.

Washington April 3. The opinion almost universally held in Washington tonight by leading public and diplomats is that the crisis will reach its climax this week and that the question of war or peace will be determined within the next seven days. Senators and Representatives met and conferred all day about the gravity of the situation and at the White House the President counselled with several members of his cabinet and other confidential advisers regarding the message which he is preparing to send to Congress. At the State, War and Navy Departments active work was going on and altogether has been a day of suppressed feeling. No absolute day has been announced when the message will be sent to Congress and all that seems to be absolutely certain tonight is that it will not go in till Tuesday, possibly but more probably Wednesday or perhaps Thursday. In addition to the physical document upon which the President expects to rest America's case with the world there are other reasons why those in charge of the war preparations would welcome every hour's delay. War material which we have ordered abroad is not yet shipped and the factories in this country which are at work night and day making powder and projectiles are anxious for delay. Some of the factories in Connecticut with contracts have telegr hed Representative Hill urging all the delay possible. They say every day now is precious.

PRESIDENT M'KINLEY YIELDING

There is still a divergence of opinion as to what the President will recommend in his message. Indeed, there seems to be still a question as to whether the President will make any specific recommendations. Some of his most intimate friends however, assert emphatically that his recommendation will be specific and vigorous, and such that his party and the country would willingly follow where he points the way. One of these said tonight that the President in his strong desire for peace and his earnest hope that war might possibly be avoided, was yielding somewhat to the sentiment of the leaders of his party and the country.

He has not given up hope yet that hostilities may be averted. There are those who believe the President has not yet made up his mind as to the exact course he will pursue, and there seems to be a question as to whether the consular reports and the diplomatic correspondence are to be transmitted with the message. The suspense caused by the necessary delay in the preparation of the message is very wearing upon members of both Houses, and the most universally discussed question in Washington tonight is whether Congress can be restrained until the message is transmitted. All realize the difficult and arduous task of preparing our case for the world's inspection and the care which must be exercised and there seems to be no disposition to "unduly" hasten the President. The party leaders are extremely

ANXIOUS TO AVOID A BREACH.

with the Executive, such as would occur if Congress were to take the initiative.

After a careful canvass of the situation today they believe the radical Republicans can be held in line a few days longer until Wednesday at least. The Republicans of the House who have been insisting on prompt action will hold another meeting. While many of them are now in favor of giving the President more leeway than they were last week, it is realized that 25 Republican votes in the House would, with the Democrats and Populists be sufficient to act. It can be pretty confidently asserted that all the Republicans of the House with possible exceptions which could be counted on the fingers of one hand, can be controlled until Wednesday. After that what might happen if the President asks for further delay is problematical. Mr. Bromwell, of Ohio, for instance, who says he hopes he will not be obliged to part company with the President, says he will vote with the Democrats if necessary to overrule the Speaker, as Wednesday.

Mr Cooper (Wis.) has made a similar statement. The Republicans of the committee on foreign affairs have held informal meetings today and have practically agreed to the report of a resolution of a tenor likely to be agreed upon by the foreign relations committee, of the Senate. The House resolutions will probably follow the language of the Senate regarding the

BLOWING UP OF THE MAINE.

These resolutions will be practically agreed upon by the committee tomorrow, but will not be reported until the President sends his message to Congress, although there is at least one of the Republicans of the committee who is in favor of formally reporting them tomorrow. Mr. Adams, the acting chairman of the committee in the absence of Mr. Hitt, saw the President today and informed him of the probable action of the committee. All the Republicans called upon Mr. Hitt at his residence during the day. Mr. Grout (Rep., Vt.) said that while some of the Republicans of the House were very impatient he thought they would restrain themselves if the President desired a few days additional. Mr. Grout has prepared a resolution which he will introduce tomorrow appropriating $1,000,000 to raise the hull of the Maine.

"If she was blown up" said he, "we can well afford to spend a million to demonstrate that fact. Her hull could be raised by building cofferdams. If she was blown up the truth would be known. Murder will out."

Representative Bishop (Rep., Mich.) says that the members of his delegation, although strongly for action, are willing to give the President a reasonable time.

"There may be influences making for peace of which we know nothing," said he. "And we ought to defer a few days if Mr. McKinley desired. Besides every day adds to our war preparations."

Mr. Loud (Rep., Cal.) said he was willing to wait upon the President. Mr. Babcock (Rep., Wis.), chairman of the Congressional Campaign Committeee, expressed some doubt as to whether the House could be held beyond tomorrow.

EUROPEAN MEDIATION.

The prospect of European mediation has aroused the keenest interest throughout diplomatic circles here and although inquiry at the leading embassies and legations failed to disclose that any actual move had been made, yet such a move is anticipated almost any time and when taken it is felt it would be an important factor in the situation. It has been expected that France would be the first to act by a tender of her good offices. Up to tonight, however, the French ambassador, M. Cambon, had received no instructions in this line. There is the same anticipation, but lack of definite action in British, German and other diplomatic quarters.

SPAIN TALKS ARBITRATION

London, April 4. The Madrid correspondent of the Standard, telegraphs late tonight, says: I have been able to obtain an interview with Premier Sagasta, and to elicit from him a brief statement with reference to the present critical situation.

In the course of the conversation Senor Sagasta said: "In our recent negotiations with the United States we used friendly and conciliatory language in explaining our views. Respecting the matter in dispute with regard to the Maine disaster, we said we considered the question to be one for diplomatic negotiation and that if we and the United States found it impossible to come to an understanding on the conflicting opinions of the Americans and Spanish commissions as to the cause of the disaster, the matter then ought to be submitted to technical experts and to arbitration of a naval or other power.

"We have never objected to relief on condition that it did not have an official character or bear the appearance of intervention.

"We do not object in principle to an armistice for the Cuban insurgents. We are, however, of the opinion that it does not behoove Spain to take the initiative and that a suspension of hostilities ought to be asked for by the insurgents. We suggested that the United States might exercise its influence with the insurgents to induce them to apply for an armistice, the armistice to lead to submission to the autonomous regime."

Senor Sagasta assured me that the question of the independence of Cuba or the sale of that colony or of any invasion of Spanish rights was not moved in the recent negotiations.

Senor Sagasta considers he has done everything possible to satisfy Cuba and promote good relations with the United States.

He does not believe the last Spanish memorandum closes the door to further negotiation. He only apprehended trouble from the pressure for the jingoes on the executive in Washington.

Senor Sagasta said his goverment has addressed a memorandum to the European powers, but had not officially taken steps to secure their intervention.

PATRIOTISM LACKING.

Spain More Enthusiastic Over Bul Fights and Lotteries Than Over War.

Madrid, April 3. Despite the efforts of the press to work up patriotic enthusiasm the public seems indifferent to the situation excepting among officials and officers it is not discussed. Apparently the people are chiefly interested in the result of the big lottery just announced and in the preparations for an extraordinary bull fight on Easter Sunday, at which celebrated torreadors from all parts of Spain will perform.

The people do not wish war; or rather they are indifferent, as they have always one in progress somewhere and do not regard a war with the United States as different from the others. The feeling that exists here exists also through the provinces.

Mr. Poultney Bigelow writes from Barcelona that, with two other Americans, he has just completed a bicycle tour from San Sebastian through Madrid to Alicante in Valencia, clean acrosss the wildest part of the peninsula, and he says: "I found less jingoism in the whole trip than in one block of the New York Bowery."

The Queen Regent is taking a very active part in the negotiations and has thoroughly identified herself with the war section of the cabinet. Her attitude is much approved by the officials in the army and has undoubtedly strengthened the dynasty for the time being. Her majesty is reported to have told Senor Sagasta: "I received from my husband a heritage for our son and will never agree to have that heritage curtailed."

Senor Sagasta said to a friend after Thursday's council at the palace "We went in seven men to see one woman and emerged seven women leaving a man inside,' meaning that they went in disposed to yield, but that the Queen's patriotism and firmness inspired them. At the same time it is reported that the Queen Regent is doing much to avoid a rupture. The activity of Count Dubski, the Austrian ambassador, in this direction within the last two days is said to be inspired from the palace. He has visited U. S. Minister Woodford and a prominent member of the cabinet.

Apparently there is a pessimistic feeling at the United States legation."

CITY INUNDATED.

Wild Rush of Waters Resembling a Tidal Wave.

Believed That 200 Lives Were Lost at Shawneetown, Ill.

Dam Gave Way on Sunday Afternoon and Flooded the Place.

Communication With Stricken City Cut off---News Meagre.

St. Louis, April 3. A special from Girard, Ill., says:

A message has been received here form Shawneetown, Ill., saying that at 4.30 this afternoon the levee above the city broke and the city is inundated. The water has backed up for five miles and rushed down upon the city like a tidal wave.

After the message was received communication with Shawneetown was suddenly cut off.

It is rumored that many lives were lost, although it is believed the estimate is high.

200 LIVES LOST.

Chicago, April 4. At 12.30 A. M. the operator in the telephone office at Mount Vernon, Ind., informed The Associated Press that the estimate of the loss of life at Shawneetown was at that hour 200.

Mount Vernon is but 30 miles from Shawneetown and the information on which the estimate is based is believed to be reliable.

The operator stated that the wire to the stricken city failed soon after 4 this afternoon. At that hour it was known that the dam was giving away. But it was not thought that it would go to pieces quickly enough to cause loss of life.

A relief boat started down the river and was expected to reach Shawneetown before morning.

Gradually the reports of loss of life increased, the stories from points near the scene showing that the disaster was more serious than at first believed.

MAINE SCHOOL ATHLETES.

Meeting of Inter-Scholastic Association—Meets to be Held on College Grounds.

A special meeting of the Maine Interscholastic Athletic Association was held at Colby Chapel in Waterville Saturday morning and afternoon. Of the twelve High schools the following nines were represented: Bangor, by Ralph Bridges; Bath, by E. M. Scott; Lewiston, by R. T. Howe; Cony High, Augusta, by D. W. Caplu and G. S. Morton; Portland, by W. A. Anderson and W. L. Watson; Brunswick, by J. A. Forbush; Coburn Classical Institute, by C. A. Lewis; Waterville, by E. Thayer and Edward Little; Lewiston, by W. O. Clement.

The special business was changing the by-laws and taking action upon Bowdoin's offer for the use of her athletic track and field for successively holding meets at that place.

The amendments were all carried, and in abstract the more important points are: That the meets of the Maine Interscholastic Association's Schools shall be held upon the athletic fields of Bowdoin, Colby, Bates and Maine State when the latter shall be equipped for entertainment, said meets to alternate between the aforementioned colleges. An important amended by-law reads:

"The athletic management of the college under whose auspices the games are held shall assume the entire business management of the games; shall report to the treasurer of the association upon receipts and expenditures, turning all profits of the games to said treasurer, and shall assume all responsibility resulting from such management; said management shall provide a championship prize, which shall be competed for yearly by the schools of the association."

SUDDEN DEATH.

Mr. George Fred Gould, money order clerk at the Post Office, died about midnight from heart failure.

He had been about as usual and the attack was sudden.

THE WEATHER.

FAIR, NORTHWESTERLY WINDS.

U. S. Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau.

Washington, April 3, 8 P. M.

Forecast for Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont: Fair, northerwestly winds.

LOCAL FORECAST

Boston, April 3. Local forecast for Boston and vicinity for Monday: Fair weather, warmer; variable winds.

GENERAL FORECAST.

Weather conditions and general forecast: A barometric depression of considerable depth has developed on the southern slope of the Rocky mountains and is now central in southern Kansas. The pressure had fallen rapidly in the lake regions and central valleys and has risen on the Rocky mountain plateau. There is increased cloudiness throughout the Mississippi valley and lake regions. Scattered rain and snow have fallen in the northwest and showers in the lower Mississippi valley. There has been a decided fall in temperature in the Rocky mountain districts and it is colder on the middle and northern Atlantic coasts. Fair weather is indicated for Monday in the Atlantic States with an increasing cloudiness on the middle Atlantic coast. Increasing cloudiness probably followed by rain Monday night is probable in the central Mississippi and lower Ohio valleys and showers conditions in the southwest. There will be a decided change in temperature, falling from Kansas to northern Texas.

TRYING A DEAL WITH CUBA.

Washington, April 3. The Spanish minister has received a despatch from Havana stating that the autonomist cabinet there has addressed an appeal to the insurgents making to arrange an armistice terms of peace. The full text of the message could not be secured tonight. Its translation was not made at the legation.

The insurgents are appealed to on the ground that they are all Cubans and should unite for peace and liberty which all want. The appeal also states that Spain is also willing to enlarge the present scope of autonomy and will suggest such a plan to the cortes which is soon to meet.

AFFAIRS SERIOUS.

Chinese Foreign Office Accused of Being in Russian Pay.

Asserted That Russia Expended Ten Million Taels in Bribery.

Li Hung Chang's Share Said to be 1,500,000 Taels.

And in Consequence He May be Beheaded.

Shanghai, April 3. It is announced that a person of the highest rank has memorialized the Emperor in the most vigorous language, accusing the whole Tsung Li Yamen (Chinese foreign office) of being in the pay of Russia. He asserts that Russia expended 10,000,000 taels in bribery during the recent negotiations regarding the cession of Port Arthur, and Ta-Laen-Wan, etc., and claims that Li Hung Chang's share was 1,500,000 taels. Thereupon the personage referred to demands a full investigation, and asks that Li Hung Chang be beheaded if the accusations are proven, the memorializer offering to be executed himself if his charges are not sustained.

The Chinese complain bitterly of the fact that they do not possess a war port for the five warships which are being built for them abroad, and which are due to arrive in Chinese waters this summer. Unless Wei-Hai-Wei, occupied by the Japanese, is evacuated, which is doubtful, the Chinese have no place in which to receive their new warships.

The Russians have permitted two British gunboats to enter and leave Port Arthur freely.

The British first class cruiser Grafton, flagship of Rear Admiral C. P. Fitzgerald, second in command on the China station, and the first class cruiser Powerful, the armored cruiser Narcissus, the second class cruiser Rainbow, and other vessels of the squadron left Chefoo on Saturday. Their destination is unknown, but is reported to be Chemulpo, the port of Seoul, capital of Corea.

The movements of the warships excite the greatest interest among foreigners here. It is supposed they will make a demonstration, possibly in support of British demands for cession.

STRIKERS' RIOT.

John Lebeau Pursued by 2,000 Angry People at Lewiston.

His Life Threatened and his House Bombarded with Stones.

Lebeu's Wife Defies the Crowd With an Armful of Wood.

Lewiston, Me., April 3. Pursued by a hooting, yelling, jeering crowd of 2,000 people, a part of whom were Androscoggin strikers, John B. Lebeau was obliged to seek the protection of the police Saturday afternoon in order to reach his home in safety. Even when he had reached home his house was bombarded with mud, sticks and stones. No serious injuries resulted.

Saturday morning and noon, athough quite a crowd had gathered at the mill gates, no disturbance resulted. At night the scene was different. On account of the operatives in the other mills finishing work earlier than usual, a crowd of fully 2,000 had gathered as near the gates as the police guard lines would permit.

When the crowd saw John B. Lebeau, a weaver, who has saved considerable property, coming out from his work, a shout was raised that could be heard in the upper part of the city. As soon as Lebeau had passed inside the guard line he was surrounded by a crowd of stri[illegible] who followed him up the street. Fo[illegible] violence Lebeau dodged into a convenient doorway. Later, under the protection of the officers, he started for home, followed by the crowd. The shouting aroused Lebeau's wife; she seeing the crowd, gathered a quantity of stove wood, which she threw into the crowd as soon as her husband was safely housed.

The operatives in front of the house retaliated with her own missles, and sticks, stones and frozen mud. Several were hit during the bombardment, but no one seriously injured.

Sixty operatives from out of town are expected and further trouble is anticipated.

CITY OF MACON AFIRE.

Savannah, Ga., April 3. The Ocean Steamship Company's steamer City of Macon, Capt. Savage, bound from Boston via New York for this port, was discovered on fire last night while off Martin's Industry lightship, 18 miles north of Tybee. A stream of water was immediately turned in the forward hold, where he fire was located and the ship was headed for Tybee with all speed. She arrived at Tybee roads early this morning and signalled the tugs Cynthia and Paulson to come to her assistance. Soon after it was decided to take the ship up the river and she was run ashore. Then the tugs finally succeeded in getting the fire under control. The Paulson brought the City of Macon's passengers, about 35 in number, to this city. There was no excitement on board the steamer during the night. It is reported that the fire is out and that the vessel will probably get up to the city tomorrow. The cargo in the forward compartments, which consisted of general merchandise, is a total loss. The ship is said to be uninjured.

Key West, Fla, April 3. Today has passed very quietly and there were no movements of the fleet. Tonight the Nashville takes the patrol. At all times extreme vigilance is maintained.

The first message over the new cable from Key West to the Tortugas was sent today.

Lamp Chimneys of all Kinds

can be found here. We have over fifty different kinds. In buying chimneys we take pains to get the heat resisting ones. The

"Bessemer"

brand is best in this respect and these chimneys are made with great care as to shape and size every one fits its burner exactly. True economy in lamp chimney buying is in getting the best.

P. H. VOSE & CO.,

59 MAIN STREET.

"Walk in and look around."

INCORPORATED 1890. ESTABLISHED 1851.

COAL · BACON & ROBINSON CO. · WOOD

Attractive FLORAL DESIGNING

[illegible] an art that must be studied for best effects. [illegible] always attractive. They include only the freshest of flowers, artistically arranged, and stay bright and in good form for a long time.

[illegible] decorations. It's a sign that [illegible] decorating work must be satisfactory. Order by telephone, telegraph or mail if you wish.

ADAM SEKENGER,

Branch at Sweet's Drug Store. 32 Newbury St

20 Years of Careful Study 20

In arranging Flowers, combined with unlimited facilities enables us to offer Floral Work in which the beauty and grace of the flowers is enhanced by their skillful arrangement.

Fred'k H. Moses,

At BANGOR, BREWER, BAR HARBOR, BUCKSPORT.

And all the large towns in the state.

POPE'S OFFER TO MEDIATE.

London April 4. The Daily Mail, in its second edition, publishes a special despatch from Madrid, dated midnight, confirming the announcement of the Pope's offer to mediate. The despatch says: "His Holiness applied to Spain, asking her how, in case, the United States should invite him to mediate with the sold object of suspending hostilities in Cuba, Spain would receive the request.

"The Spanish government replied, affirming their respectful consideration of the offer and declaring that, trusting in his holiness' sentiments of benevolent friendship, they would place themselves in his hands, saving Spain's honor.

"It is supposed that the pope was induced to offer mediation on America's initiative. There is much doubt here how the American chamber will accept the proposal, but it is hoped that it will have a pacificatory effect. Senor Gullon, the foreign minister, and General Woodford had a very cordial conference Sunday.

Highland Light, Mass., April 3. A small United States gunboat, probably the Bancroft, came in from sea late this afternoon and signalled for a pilot. She proceeded up the coast and passed Race Point at 6 P. M. heading for Boston.

NewspaperARCHIVE.com

The Giant Despair.

One of the most horrible things about the nervous diseases to which women are peculiarly subject is the sense of overwhelming despair which they bring upon the mind. A woman's mental condition is directly and powerfully affected by any ailment of the delicate special organs of her sex. Such a difficulty not only racks her body with pain and suffering but burdens her with mental anguish which words can hardly describe.

Thousands of women have had a similar experience to that of Mrs. Enrich A. Williams of Westport, Oldham Co., Ky., on which the use of Dr. Pierce's wonderful "Favorite Prescription," by imparting health and strength to the feminine organism, has not only restored complete vigor and capacity to the bodily powers but has also given renewed brightness and buoyancy of spirit.

"I suffered for over a year," says Mrs. Williams, "with indigestion and nervous prostration. I was unable to eat or sleep. I tried several physicians, but they only helped me for a short time. A friend advised me to take Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and Pellets. I commenced taking the medicines last May. Took three bottles of the 'Favorite Prescription,' three of the 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and 1 three vials of the 'Pellets,' and am now feeling better than I have for two years. Have a good appetite, sleep well, and do not suffer from indigestion or nervousness. I have gained seven and a half pounds since taking these medicines. I have recommended Dr. Pierce's medicine to several ladies, one of whom is now taking it and is being greatly benefited."

Bicycles That Stay Sold.

Some bicycles are never really sold. In order to please the buyer, the agent is frequently forced to "tinker" with the wheel and do an occasional repair without charge.

Eventually the rider is just as disgusted as the agent and decides to get his next wheel and refer his friends somewhere else.

WOLFF-AMERICAN

purchasers never return unless it is to add a word of praise to the commendation to which the

WOLFF-AMERICAN

is accustomed.

The reasons are: Careful Workmanship, Proper Material, Best of Facilities and a reputation of 25 years to sustain.

Of course you've heard of the

WOLFF-AMERICAN

self-oiling bearings, eccentric chain adjustment, spring top, pearl frame, patent automatic fastening for seat-post and handle-bar.

THREE STYLES, $55, $65, $80

Alike in quality, different in detail. Other makes cheaper. Why not call in?

-- THE --

Haynes & Chalmers Co.,

Eastern Agents.

RED ROUGH HANDS

Itching, scaly, bleeding palms, shapeless nails, and painful finger ends, pimples, blackheads, oily, pitchy skin, dry, thin, and falling hair, itching scaly scalps, all yield quickly to warm baths with CUTICURA SOAP, and gentle anointings with CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure.

Cuticura

Sold throughout the world. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston.

ITCHING HUMORS Instantly relieved by Cuticura Remedies.

You Cannot Tell How Much

You can save in buying your Lumber of me until you try.

C. GARDINER CHALMERS,

BANGOR, MAINE.

Opposite Exchange St. Depot.

A STUDY OF SHAKESPEARE

A new card game just out—invented by a lady of Camden, Me. Has questions and answers about matters Shakespearean that everyone ought to know. Fun and instruction well combined in this game.

50 CENTS.

J. D. GLYNN,

62-66 State Street.

"I am told that she is descended from kings." "Not now. She used to be, but her people are much reduced in circumstances."—Detroit Journal.

CUBA WATCHES AND WAITS.

Little Known on the Island as to Pending Negotiations.

A Havana despatch says: Progress toward settling the Cuban question cannot be reported from Cuba. So little is known here of the negotiations between the two governments that even the most violent among the Spanish classes are disposed to await fuller information. Disultory fighting goes on in the Eastern provinces with the usual disproportion, according to official reports, between the number of insurgents killed and the number of Spanish soldiers wounded, while the mortality among the horses continues heavy. This is all there is of the military situation on which Spain might base the pretension that her arms are making headway.

As to an armistice, nothing has been done, and General Blanco, apparently is able to do nothing until he changes his methods. The two agents of the government who are acting under General Pendo's directions in trying to open negotiations for the acceptance of "amplified autonomy" are still at a sugar plantation near Hobguin, in Santiago Province. They are trying to reach Celixto Garcia, but content themselves with sending out letters to the insurgents' camps. Gomez can be reached as quickly from Havana as from Holguin. He will receive a proposition for an armistice direct from General Blanco under a flag of truce and in no other way. This is as well understood in Government circles as among the insurgents. The officials will not admit that this stage of recognizing the belligerency of the insurgents has been reached, yet there will be no communication between Gomez and Blanco except openly and under forms of war. Gomez, according to the latest advices from him, does not expect such an admission. He seems to think the best method of settlement which will have proper regard for Spanish susceptibilities is through a commission or commissioner from the United States.

He has promised that any commission shall be conducted to his camp within two days after leaving the Spanish lines around Sancti Spiritus in Santa Clara Province. But any negotiations either direct or through the good offices of the Washington Administration must be based at the outset on the recognition of Cuban independence. No armistice will be arranged that does not proceed from this starting point, and no peace negotiations will be begun except on this condition. Information on this point is not guesswork. It is definite and trustworthy.

Consul-General Lee has so far received no intimation that the negotiations between Spain and the United States have made progress to the degree that communication may be opened up with the insurgents. If the peaceful cession of the independence of Cuba depended on the temper of the Spanish classes in Cuba it would be defeated. Their temper is an ugly one. The report on the Maine disaster had been so thoroughly discounted in advance that its publication caused no demonstration here. Nevertheless, violent and passionate objections are made to it, and ignorance is played on, inflaming minds to believe that the finding of external explosion was made by the American Board for the deliberate purpose of giving the United States a grievance against Spain. The falsehood that Captain Sigsbee and his officers were not on board is repeated. This is a sample of the way Spanish prejudices are invoked. However, all classes recognize that the Maine incident in itself is not going to cause war between the countries.

The irritation of the ultra-loyalists shows itself in another manner. The Conservatives, who say they are giving the Government patriotic support because of the aggression of the United States, are demanding that succor to the reconcentrados be stopped, and that if and is necessary, which they profess to deny, it be given by their own authority. No heed will be paid to this demand. General Blanco could not heed it without further exposing to the world the utter impotence of Spanish power in Cuba and the inability of the Government to feed the starving population. American relief must continue, not simply for the reconcentrados, but for the large proportion of the town population which will be without means of support until peace is restored.

BICYCLE POINTERS.

How best to enjoy a cycling tour is a vexed question with a large class of tourists. On one side is what may be termed the scorcher brigade, who map out a certain distance each day and cover it, hail, rain or shine. On the other side is the lazy brigade that starts with the fixed determination to have a good time and the greatest fun and enjoyment possible. It matters not to the latter class whether they cover ten, twenty or a hundred miles a day; they start when they feel ready, stop just when they like, and resume again just when the spirit moves them. Hard and fast schedules are unknown to them. How does it fare with the scorchers? They must have all the excitement possible; they must cover their 80 or 100 miles a day, no matter what the weather. Thy have no time to enjoy the beauties of the country; rest to them is a waste of time, and so when the tour is ended they return to their daily routine jaded and worn, and worse rather than better for their trip. The moral is apparent.

A communicative repair man on a road much frequented by cyclists makes the following statement: "There are a lot of riders who come here regularly with tire troubles, either punctures, leaky valves or other things. I shouldn't kick, for they bring money to me, but I cannot understand why they do not discover that what they need is a new pair of tires. It is a fact that I get many tires not worth fixing. There seems to be a lot of riders who think a pair of tires should last them forever, when the truth is it takes a mighty good pair to last two seasons. Even if a man or woman is not much of a rider they should not expect to keep a pair of tires and ride on them without having difficulties. The rubber wears, the fabric loses its strength and tension, and the whole tire degenerates in the course of a year, even on the wheels of those who are occasional and leisurely riders. An old pair of tires wear away faster, cut and puncture more readily, but the riders who come here with jobs to be done on such tires make the loudest complaints. They seem to think that the first cost of a bicycle is all they should ever spend for riding. They take no care of their tires and then expect them to wear like steel. If things go on the way they are running now it would pay a man to run a shop on the road this summer and do nothing but tire repairing. I know positively of some riders who have spent enough to buy new tires in having old ones repaired."

The bicycle fad is assuming more eccentric forms abroad than in this country. In Switzerland a new style has the rider sit inclined backwards, in about the same position as a person rowing on a sliding seat. An English novelty requires the owner to thrust his legs downward, so as to obtain the impetus of his weight. In Paris high wheels are in use, some six and seven feet high. Italy, always gallant, has a tricycle, where the lady occupies a front seat and steers, while the gentleman, on a seat behind, her, does the propelling. Germany has a machine on which the user employs both arms and legs in locomotion. The inventor, who predicted that it would pass all other styles was grievously disappointed when it proved very slow.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.

BABY CARRIAGES

All styles, new upholsterings, some parasols, making, in all, a very striking appearance. Our price for full roll carriage, upholstered in carriage cloth,

$6.50

We also carry a complete line of Go Carts.

RATTAN CHAIRS.

We have just received a shipment of Rattan chairs that eclipses anything ever shown for summer use. Our price for a large roll Rattan Chair,

$3.00

We have others as high as $15. A strong line from $5 to $10.

CROCKERY.

Our Crockery Dept. is one of the most complete in the city. We carry glassware, lamps, silverware and kitchen goods. Our price for 112 pc. dinner set,

$6.98

We are now taking in daily new patterns in English Decorated Dinner Sets that we shall sell for popular prices.

Dining Tables.

A larger line of Dining Tables IN ALL WOODS, quartered or plain, solid oak cannot be found. Medium grades, low grades, high grades. Our price for Solid Oak Claw-Foot Table,

$7.50 6 ft.
$10.00 8 ft.

CALL AND INSPECT.

ATKINSONS' GREAT CLEARANCE SALE.

A PRONOUNCED SUCCESS.

Here's a Few More Wonderful and Genuine Offerings.

PARLOR SUITS.

We are now prepared to show over 100 styles in parlor suits, fresh new goods all in latest designs. Our price for 5-pc brocatelle suit,

$45.00

We have a complete assortment and guarantee satisfaction.

ODD PARLOR CHAIRS.

We have a few pieces in odd chairs, caused by breaking suits, and offer them extremely low. Our price for chairs upholstered in brocatelle, which formerly sold for $12.00, now

$6.00

Bargains are numerous in these chairs.

BED LOUNGES.

These goods are always very handy for your household, and do not take up much room. Our price for lounge uphol. in carpet.

$12.00

Odd upholsteries.

LOUNGES.

We have them in oak and walnut and upholstered in haircloth and tapestry. Price

$8.00

Large assortment.

COUCHES.

Our No. 28 Couch, with 50 Springs and frame of hard wood we sell as low as

$10.00

Upholstered in Plush, Tapestry and Corduroy.

STEEL RANGES, Majestic.

No. 247, 6 hole, elevated closet and shelf. Marked down from $60 to

$39.00

No. 244 Majestic, without elevated closet marked down from $55.00 to

$37.00

CHAMBER SUITS.

When you begin to think that 1-3 of your life is spent in bed, why not purchase a Chamber Suit that will last you a lifetime? Our No. 20 3 pc. Solid Oak Suit will answer these requirements. Price

$40.00

Large assortment to select from. We carry lower priced Suits as well. We now are showing a Cottage Chamber Suit, 4 pcs., for

$12.00

SIDEBOARDS.

Our Leader—a full fledged high polish solid oak Mirror, 24x15, 1 inch bevel, 2 large drawers, double cabinet, size of top board 42x20, extreme height 70 inches. A Sensational Bargain.

$11.50

Sideboards from $11.50 to $40.00 embracing 30 different patterns.

IRON BEDS.

These beds are here to stay. No crevices for summer pests, and light and easy to handle. We have them as low as

$3.00

We have over 50 patterns from $6.00 to $15.00.

Upright Folding Beds.

We carry them in oak, [illegible] and solid mahogany, and offer them as low as

$30.00

And have a few in Mahogany from $75.00 to $100.00.

Chiffoniere Beds

In oak and imitation [illegible] we carry, and which make a very neat appearance to one's room. We have them as low as

$12.00

And numerous others as $40.00.

CHIFFONIERES

Our solid oak Chiffoniere, 5 drawers and [illegible] we shall sell for

$4.75

We carry numerous styles in all woods, with and without mirrors.

SPRINGTIME AMONG THE

Carpets

The best makes only represented in our stock. Latest patterns, never seen before. To inspect them means double pleasure. Ours to show, yours to look them over.

EXTRA HEAVY ALL-WOOL CARPET, strong warp and closely woven, full yard wide 65c per yard.

HARD TWISTED WEAR-RESISTING VELVETS - 85c per yard.

Large Rugs and Art Squares now a department by themselves, so rapidly has the trade increased. All kinds, all prices.

ATKINSON FURNISHING COMPANY,

BANGOR, MAINE,

A. J. MOREY, Mgr. F. L. Stewart, F. L. Hodgkins, H. L. Bass, Frank Cahill, Salesmen

STORE OPEN WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS.

STATE JOTTINGS.

It is the testimony of all who are at all familiar with its management and the extent and character of its public patronage, that the Presque Isle Library is one of the most useful as well as creditable institutions the town ever had. The dance gotten up for April 13th is for the benefit of the library.

At a meeting of the Camden school board, M. T. Crawford was elected superintendent of schools.

Byron O. Noyes, of Island Falls, is getting ready to build on the site of his building which was destroyed by fire in the winter. His new building will be two stories, 28x36 feet.

Dr. Norton is examining the eyes of all the pupils in the Lewiston high school, under the direction of the school board, to ascertain the influence of school life upon the eyes. The examination will continue every day between the hours of 11 and 12 during the present vacation.

When the trolley line connecting the resorts on Mt. Desert Island was suggested some years ago, it was tabooed by those who did not wish the handsome drives destroyed. Now it is said it is contemplated trying the horseless carriage to make trips about the drives.

The news of the death in Boston of Eugene Stanley a native of Brooklyn, is received. His wife, who died about two years ago, was Miss Lillie S. Dolliver, youngest daughter of the late George W. and Joanna Dolliver. He left two young sons.

The weir builders at Lubec are taking advantage of the fine spring weather and are driving stakes (weirs a month ahead of former years) and intend to be all ready for the spring catch of little fishes.

Mrs. Lucena Bangs one of the old residents of North Lubec, died at her home last week.

One of the improvements proposed to be carried out at Bar Harbor this spring is a first class Telford-Macadam walk extending from the end of the present sidewalk near the Vanderbilt estate to the Newport Mountain road near "Cluthwold." The town appropriated $550 towards its construction and the balance of the cost, from $1,000 to $1,200 more, is given by subscription. The walk will be built under the direction of George B. Dorr.

A defective chimney was the cause of the total destruction of Stephen West's buildings at Lewiston, about a mile outside the city limits Friday night. The loss was $2,500.

During 1897, five hundred and ninety-one car-loads of goods were shipped from Monson station, and 385 of them were of slate. The slate business is yearly increasing. Eighty per cent. of the electrical appliances in England are American made, and Maine slate is used for them in great part. The Monson-Burnham Slate Company is busy on electrical work and is also furnishing slate for the Exchange court building, New York city. The order for this building calls for 1,000 pieces of slate for electrical appliances alone. A shipment from Monson is also on its way to Portland, Oregon. There are now from seven to ten active quarries in Maine, employing about 300 men. Somewhere near 44,500 squares of roofing slate are got out a year.

Large quantities of maple syrup have been already shipped from Farmington, though the quantity is less than in forthcoming seasons for the corresponding time. In former years it was no unusual occurrence for the American Express Company to receive nearly a ton of syrup a day as an average during the height of the season.

A very pretty testimonial to the popularity of Hon. D. N. Morrland and wife, of Rockland, was shown them last week in the hearty goodbye accorded them by a party of friends who, while they were boarding the train, commencing a trip of pleasure that will extend through Europe, showered them with rice as though they had just been married. Mr. and Mrs. Mortland received the best wishes of the friend who sent them on their journey with a "God's speed," wishing them a happy trip and a safe and well return.

DIAMONDS IN AMERICA.

In no country are there more diamonds to be found than in the United States, according to the population. It is estimated by a leading Maiden Lane, New York, diamond dealer that there are upward of $500,000,000 worth of diamonds in this country. Moreover, this vast amount is increasing year by year.

Until recently diamonds were rarely cut in this country; but American inventors have developed a process for diamond-cutting vastly superior to that done abroad.

The lost in weight through cutting is sometimes fully one-half; but the value is increased probably more than twofold.

The Dutch city of Amsterdam has been the great diamond-cutting centre of the world from time immemorial, and up to a few years ago over twelve thousand people in that place were, directly or indirectly, dependent upon this trade.

New York gradually offered inducements to diamond-cutters, and the industry has been gradually built up here that is now very flourishing and profitable. In 1858 Henry D. Morse of Boston, Mass., invented a machine for cutting and polishing diamonds, and since then improvements have been made upon it that are very important. The foreigners continue to polish their stones by hand, but in this country machinery is largely used.

A famous gem-expert places the total value of all diamonds in the world at over $1,000,000,000, of which $350,000,000 worth are in the hands of dealers, carried as stock. All of the other diamonds are in the hands of private individuals.

MUSICAL NOTES.

It is said that Theodore Thomas and Anton Seidl, the two leading conductors of this country, met just before the latter's death, in New York city, for the second time in their lives, and conversed for a few minutes. The first time was on the stage of the Auditorium in Chicago for a moment only. It must be very lonesome to be great.

* * *

San Francisco has a symphony orchestra under the direction of Mr. Fritz Scheel. It is obliged to give all its concerts in the afternoon, because most of the players are engaged in the evening at the theatres and elsewhere, so Mr. Fillmore tells us in "Music." He adds: We are not so badly off for opera, either, as one night reasonably think. There were three or four weeks of Italian opera in Los Angeles last fall by a company from Naples, the company going from there to San Francisco. There were several good soloists in all the kinds, a very good chorus and orchestra; in short, a good stock company aiming at excellence in ensemble rather than at a star performance. The repertory consisted of old and new Italian operas, ranging from Bellini and Donizetti to Mascagni and Puccini, whose "La Boheme" was given here twice. I think its first performance in America. The Bostonians are in Los Angeles all this week, giving Victor Herbert's "The Serenade" and DeKoven's "Robin Hood."

* * *

Chauncey Olcott is having some new songs composed for him to insert in a romantic Irish play being written for him by Augustus Pitou.

* * *

Boston Music Hall has recently been sold and will eventually be demolished, thereby removing from Boston a building whose history is rather unique, bearing as it does the title of "Music Hall." It was originally built as a temple of music, and for large gatherings such as grand concerts, Handel and Haydn meetings and so on. The really great events have outnumbered money making schemes that were tolerated to keep up the percentage on the investment. Music Hall was dedicated Nov. 20, 1852, by a grand concert company. Sunday morning following the Rev. Thos. Parker preached, and in the forty-five years that have intervened since that memorable week, nearly every great celebrity of music or the lecture platform have appeared on the stage of Music Hall. The great organ, since removed to make room for the Boston Symphony players, was dedicated Nov. 2, 1863, with a memorable programme. The three hundredth birthday of Shakespeare was celebrated April 23, 1864. April 16, 1865, a grand choral performance marked the close of the civil war. The Handel and Haydn Society sang a dirge from "Judas Maccabeus" at the memorial service for the martyred President Lincoln on June 1, 1865. On July 4, 1865, the eighty-ninth year of our independence was celebrated there. The first symphony concert was given by the Harvard Musical Association in 1865, under the directorship of Carl Zerrahn. P. T. Barnum lectured there on "The World, and How to Live in It." A testimonial concert was also given to Ole Bull. The one-hundredth anniversary of the evacuation of Boston was celebrated on March 17, 1876, and on this occasion such men as Henry W Longfellow, Oliver Wendell Holmes, Oliver Ditson and Edward Everett Hale lent their assistance.

Great singers from Sontag, Alboni, Jenny Lind, Christine Nilsson, Patti, Mme. Parepa, and Annie Louise Cary to the present star Melba and others, have thrilled great audiences there.

The present Boston Symphony Orchestra, founded by Henry C. Higginson, first appeared there in 1881 under the baton of George Henschel, and for seventeen years it has been the home of that skilled organization.

Many fears have been expressed at the news of the sale of the building, lest the orchestra should have no home; but it is said that the sale was made on condition that the orchestra could remain two years longer. As a lot has been purchased and a fund of $200,000 subscribed for a new Music Hall, it is hoped little time will be lost in getting to work on the new "Temple of Art."

SHE LIVED A CENTURY.

Mrs Katherine Slewinski, who was at least one hundred, and by some said to be one hundred and fifteen years old, died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Ignatius Speyer, No. 13 Pangolin street, Sunkirk, N. Y. Until her strength failed a few months ago she used to assist her daughter in light housework. Her hair was scarcely grey, and she had no need of spectacles. She was always neatly dressed and used to attend church and walk several blocks to visit her children.

She was the daughter of Joseph and Mary Mehulski, of Krio von Grovic, in Prussian Poland. She came to this country twelve years ago. Her husband was drowned in Lake Waina. Five of her seven children and a large number of grandchildren are living.

She used to tell interesting tales of the acts of Napoleon's army in Poland which she witnessed. She used to boast that she had never tasted beer or other alcoholic beverages or been attended by a physician.

For a few months she had spent the most of her time in bed on account of weakness, and she peacefully passed away from sleep to death.

OIL AS FUEL.

The use of oil for fuel on the engines of the Los Angeles Terminal has effected a saving of 60 per cent. in addition to better results in making steam and cleanliness. The cost of running with oil has been 12.1 cents per mile and with coal it was 28.8 cents.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

CUSTOM COAT MAKERS WANTED AT ONCE.

PULLEN & COMPANY.

Two of the Best

makes of Wheels.

W. P. Dickey & Co.

Wholesale and Retail Hardware.

Cameras and Supplies.

CLARION RANGES AND STOVES

Make Friends Everywhere

because they can be relied upon AT ALL TIMES and are

THOROUGHLY CONSTRUCTED

in the best manner possible

New Designs, New Improvements, but the same old standard of excellence in every detail. Ask your dealer for them, or write to the manufacturers.

WOOD & BISHOP CO., Bangor, Me.

THE IMPERIAL CLARION. Established 1840. Incorporated 1894.

Spring Wall Paper.

It's well [illegible]

We think we can offer a choice of better and more stylish paper than you can find elsewhere.

We think we can save money for you, too. Come in and let us prove it.

W. H. GORHAM,

Successor to Marston & Gorham.

46 State Street, - - Bangor.

Mail orders promptly attended to.

PROTECT YOUR PROPERTY.

And reduce your insurance rate by using Chemical Fire Extinguishers. See the "FIRE KING" before purchasing. Second to none, and approved by the Insurance Exchange.

O. C. WORTH, Eastern Agt., 78 Exchange St., Bangor.

White Ostrich

White ostrich feathers are [illegible] warm suds made from Fairy Soap [illegible] rinse in warm, clear water [illegible] by drawing each little hair [illegible]

FAIRY S

Pure White—Flo[illegible]

The Soap of the [illegible]

Sold everywhere [illegible]

FREE [illegible]

THE N. K. FAIRBANK CO.

Chicago. St. Louis. New York. [illegible]

SPECIAL NOTICES.

1898.

CITY OF BANGOR

Assessors' Notice.

[illegible] Assessors' Room, City Hall Building, from the 1st to the 15th.

[illegible]

When You Want SURETY BONDS

INSURANCE

OF ANY KIND

BE SURE AND CALL ON THE WELL KNOWN AGENCY

Blake, Barrows & Brown.

9 Central St., Bangor, Me.

WALTER A. DANE, [illegible]

Thousands Have, Why not you?

Cured their cold in 24 hours and less time, with No. 30 Cold in Head. A guaranteed cure.

THE EAST SIDE PHARMACY CO.,

Cor. State and Harlow Sts.

DOGS.

Dog Licenses are due and payable at the office of the City Clerk.

Male dogs $1.75. Female dogs $3.75.

VICTOR BRETT, City Clerk.

Bangor, March 30, 1898. comcopy

The Value of Life Insurance

depends on the ability of the company issuing policies to pay all outstanding claims, not on today or tomorrow, but seventy five or more years hence. The Three Per Cent. Reserve adopted 18 years ago by

The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Co.

provides ample security against all future liabilities, and precisely assures the solvency of the company for all future time. Insurance with such a company is positive protection.

H. N. FAIRBANKS,

GEN. AGENT.

87 MAIN STREET, BANGOR, ME.

NewspaperARCHIVE.com

White Ostrich Feathers

White ostrich feathers are easily cleaned by soaking five minutes in warm suds made from Fairy Soap. Draw them lightly through the hand, rinse in warm clear water, and dry by shaking over the stove. Re-curl by drawing each little barb over the dull edge of a knife or scissors."
—*Mrs. Sarah Tyson Rorer.*

FAIRY SOAP

Pure—White—Floating.

The Soap of the Century.

Sold everywhere in three convenient sizes for the toilet, bath and laundry.

FREE Send us your name, address, and five Fairy Soap wrappers, to nearest office below, and we will mail you free a copy of a beautiful painting in water colors entitled, "Fairy Tales," by the celebrated Mr. ... Size 17½x24 inches without lettering, ready for framing.

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
... New York. Boston. Philadelphia. Pittsburgh. Baltimore.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

1898.
CITY Of BANGOR
Assessors' Notice.

... of Bangor and ... within said ... requested to bring ... of said City ... polls and all their ... money on ... property by both ... deeds, notes due ... manner ... consideration shall ... debts due more ... in trust as ... or otherwise ... from taxation ... first lay ... to substantiate

... whose proper ... or his a wrong ... or who have ... the past ... office during the ... the proper nor ...

... said Lists ... Estate the undr ... office during ... in the

Assessors Room, City Hall Building, from the 1st to the 15 h,

... excepted, and ... property of the ... a waiter for ... in true and ...

... at the Assess...

... following extracts ... purposes of taxation ... moneys and effects ... vessels at home or ... or other prop... and all debts due the ... are owing, all public ... a moneyed cor... out the State, except as ... —Revised Statutes,

... deceased persons in ... or administrators ... assessed to the execu... town where the de... give notice to the As... assessed and paid to ... Revised Stat... article will ... comply with this ... from appealing ... Assessors on their appl.

H. BEARD, }
... } Assessors
... }

When You Want
SURETY BONDS
—OF—
INSURANCE
OF ANY KIND

... CALL ON THE
... AGENCY OF

Blake, Barrows & Brown.
6 Central St., Bangor, Me.
... DANFORTH,
Solicitor.

Thousands Have, Why not you?

Cured their cold in 24 hours and less time, with No 30 Cold in Head. A guaranteed cure.

THE EAST SIDE PHARMACY CO.,
Cor State and Harlow Sts.

DOGS.

Dog Licenses are due and payable at the office ... Female dogs $3.15.
... BRETT, City Clerk.
Bangor, March 30, 1898 comcopy

The Value of Life Insurance

Depends on the ability of the company issuing it to pay all outstanding claims, not only ... tomorrow, but seventy five or more years hence. The Three Per Cent. Reserve adopted ... years ago by

The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Co.

gives the ample security against all interest fluctuations and practically assures the solvency of the company for all future time. Insurance with such a company is positive protection.

H. N. FAIRBANKS,
GEN. AGENT,
47 MAIN STREET, BANGOR, ME

The Local News.

Mr. E. P. Gray has just been appointed agent of the Washington Casualty company for the Bangor district, covering all territory east of Waterville.

The funeral of the late Hanson Gray will be held at 3.30 o'clock today.

The funeral of the late Charles Chick will be held at 1.30 o'clock today.

The funeral services of the late Mrs Eben Thissell were held on Sunday at her late residence with many friends present. The floral offerings were beautiful and numerous. Rev S. C. Beach officiated and Miss Curtis, Mrs Nelson, Mr Moody and Mr Silsby sang. Mr. Als Hunt had charge of the funeral. The bearers were Col A. B. Farnham, Gen. H. L. Mitchell Hon William Engel and Mr Frank A. Owen.

Lewiston Journal: Our Dexter correspondent hears more or less talk nowadays that the late Judge Hale, of Foxcroft, perhaps, was not so big a sinner as is generally supposed. They say Hale always had money to pay all bills against the town no matter whether it was raised or not, or whether the taxes voted were collected. If a road was to be built or other improvements made, the town, so they allege, never voted money enough to cover the expense. It would be built just the same and Hale provided the surplus means. In fact, the time was never known, they say, when his cash box failed to meet all the orders presented to him. It is suggested that he never got credit for money so advanced to the town through careless book-keeping, or the other general neglect which prevailed in that town's affairs, and that while he used the town's money freely for his own uses he used his own just as freely when he had it, for the town.

The Lewiston Journal says: That bright woman and interesting speaker, Miss Mary Snow of Bangor, will be heard again in Lewiston on Saturday evening. Miss Snow is superintendent of the public schools in Bangor, and is very much interested in everything pertaining to schools and school children. Miss Snow is a broad-minded woman of sound sense, and keeps herself constantly informed as to all that goes on in the school world. In consideration of all these things, Miss Snow has been selected by the committee from the Woman's Literary Union of Lewiston to address a meeting in Y. M. C. A. Hall, in this city Saturday evening on the need of kindergartens in the public schools.

The Saturday addition of the Lewiston Sun, as it reaches us, gave one quite a mixed-up feeling at first in perusing, a sort of doubting of the reliability of one's senses, two of the four pages being upside down and thereby leading to some complications in trying to go through it. Our freak editor however, suggests that two pages represent the rising and the others the setting sun.

IMPORTANT EVIDENCE.

Portsmouth N. H., April 3. The officers in charge of the Lovell Pond mystery believe that they have secured important evidence which will lead to the identity of the man whose bones were found in the pond and whom it is believed was murdered.

WORK BEING RUSHED.

Portsmouth, N. H., April 3. Work has been rushed on the fortifications today and the 8-inch guns at Fort Constitution will be ready for service this week. A large number of signal lanterns were hurriedly shipped from the navy yard to New York last night and the work of preparing mines and torpedoes for the harbor is being pushed.

ST. JOHN'S COMMANDERY
K. T.
Stated Conclave.

A Stated Conclave of St. John's Commandery will be opened at its asylum,

Monday Eve., April 4, at 7 30 o'clock.

By order, D. A. ROBINSON, Com.
JOHN H. STONE, Recorder.

VIAVI. A nerve and tissue food for weak organs, cures nervous and stomach troubles catarrhal conditions. The only known specific for the permanent cure of Tumors and complaints peculiar to women, WITHOUT THE KNIFE and leaves the patient sound and whole. Best city references. Please investigate. Wednesdays' and Saturdays' interviews solicited.
BANGOR VIAVI CO., 130 MAIN ST.
Opposite Opera House.

TRUE'S PIN WORM ELIXIR The great household remedy for Worms, and all complaints of children. Invaluable in all stomach troubles. In use 46 years. Price 35 cents. Ask your druggist for it. Dr. J. F. TRUE & CO., Auburn, Me.

LEFT THE RAILS.

Canadian Pacific Railway Train Accident at Danforth.

Car Filled With Emigrants Falls Over on Its Side.

Two Persons Injured and Track Blocked For Some Time.

A Canadian Pacific Railway train met with an accident on Saturday evening at Danforth by which two persons were injured which narrowly escaped being serious.

It was the second emigrant train of that day bound from St. John, N. B. to Mattawamkeag and had 175 passengers on board. The train was made up of a locomotive, caboose car and six passenger cars. All the baggage had been taken on the first train which preceeded the second by only a short time.

The train was going at pretty good speed and when it reached the bridge about 200 feet west of Danforth station it left the track. The cars ran over the bridge, which is about 100 feet long, upon the sleepers, the guard rails preventing them from going off the bridge.

Soon after getting across the bridge one of the passenger cars toppled over on its side in the ditch and the other cars went partially over. It was on the left hand side where the cars went over and fortunately the descent was only about two feet. On the other side there is quite an embankment.

The windows and some of the wood work were smashed by the fall. The passengers in the car which went over on its side either scrambled out by themselves or were aided and then began the examination to see who were injured. Great good fortune attended this accident for it was found that only two were hurt and their injuries were comparatively slight.

A woman had her nose broken and a girl her leg injured. These seemed to be the only injured ones who could be found at that time.

The passengers went to the hotel and town hall at Danforth and were cared for there until a special train was made up later on and took them on the way where they were previously bound.

A wrecking train was sent from Mc Adam and another went there from Bangor. Superintendent Thompson, of that division of the Canadian Pacific railway, came from Brownville to the scene of the accident soon after it occurred and took charge of the work of getting the cars back upon the track. The rails were considerably torn up in places.

The cause of the accident was not definitely determined, as far as could be learned, but some who examined the cars closely thought that it was caused by the breaking of an equalizing rod upon the trucks of one of the passenger cars.

Train No. 8, due in Bangor at 11.15 P. M., was only about ten minutes behind the Canadian Pacific train which met with the accident and when it pulled up at Danforth station it was learned by those on the train that the accident had just occurred. The track was blocked until 5.25 o'clock yesterday morning when No. 8 was enabled to leave Danforth for Bangor. It arrived here at 8 A. M. Conductor Abbott was in charge of the Bangor train.

FRILLS OF FASHION.

Sashes of white satin ribbon are worn with pale gray and light fawn gowns. The ends are cut round and trimmed with some sort of lace, point, possibly, if you can afford it.

Black taffeta silk gowns are well represented in the early importations of French models, and they are made very dressy with rows of lace insertions showing the colored lining through the meshes.

Cravats made of rose pink glace silk trimmed across the ends with three rows of narrow gathered violet ribbon with a two inch space between the rows. are striking bits of color in the department of neckwear. Other neck scarfs of silk are trimmed on the ends with hemstitched lawn, and a narrow collar of lawn turns over the tucked silk neckband.

The latest novelty in petticoats to wear with evening gowns is made of soft muslin in pink, blue or yellow, patterned with dainty rosebuds. it is made with a deep flounce, trimmed round and round with valenciennes insertion in straight or Vandyke form, and the number of frills of lace at the foot is limited only by the length of your purse.

White swiss and organdie are used as a substitute for chiffon in some of the accessories of dress. For example, tucked swiss appears as a covering for revers in chemisettes and collar bands, large collars and yokes on children's wool gowns, while other yokes are a succession of tiny plaited frills of swiss. Frills of batiste and white organdie edged with black lace or baby ribbon trim the grown-up gowns, and the finest of mull embroidery is used for trimming both wool and silk.

Velvet belts studded with jewelled medallions, and leather belts dotted all over with turquoises and cabochons of various colors, add their brilliant rainbow tints to the long list of novelties in fancy belts.

Dog collars of pearls, and coral beads the old-fashioned irregular shape, fastened with jewelled buckles, are still worn with dressy afternoon gowns, as well as with the square decollete theatre waists, and they are sometimes made of filagree silver and jet.

The new spring wraps, so far as they have been displayed, are very dressy expensive confections of colored silk or brocade, covered with lace and chiffon ruffles edged with tiny ruches. In shape they are either round and short, flaring out over the shoulders, or long at the back and rounding up in front in a quaint, old-time manner. These novel garments are made of colored chiffon, shirred around the shoulders and finished with three or four ruche-edged ruffles at the bottom, which taper to a point where they meet the shoulder shirring.

Striped silks of bright blue, green and red, with plenty of orange, display their gorgeous colors among the new parasols, but the prettiest of all the stripes are the black and white. The special elegance of many of the new parasols is confined to the lining, which is chiffon shirred into puffings, or a deep ruffle of lace.

White serge gowns are made very striking with a bodice of taffeta in some bright color, laid in tiny box plaits from neck to belt. The sleeves and a wide collar are of serge, and the skirts are quite plain.

WAR TALK

Has Resulted in Various Rumors—Gen. Richards Consults the Governor.

The war talk has caused all sorts of rumors. One was to the effect that the muster grounds at Augusta were being put in condition, and that the State troops were to be mobilized there at once. Inquiry at the office of the adjutant general proved that there was nothing in the rumor. One thing is very certain and that is that the National Guard of the State is in excellent condition. This is due to the efforts of the Maine officers and Capt. C. G. Morton, the United States officer who was detailed here to instruct the guards.

It will be remembered that the monitor Montauk is to be sent by the navy department to Portland. It was thought by many that a naval brigade would be formed in this State. But according to the military laws of Maine, during a time of peace no such organization can be formed in Maine. The law provides only for 24 companies of infantry, one battery of light artillery, two troops of cavalry, an ambulance corps and a signal corps. Adjutant General Richards has found much enthusiasm and plenty of men ready to join a naval organization, and he is now considering how this enthusiasm may be utilized under the limitations of the law. He went to Houlton to confer with Gov. Powers on Saturday regarding the matter. The Montauk is an old monitor which has been detailed to assist in defending Portland harbor in case of attack. On the trip to Portland the monitor will be manned by members of the New Jersey naval brigade. At this place the volunteers will leave her, and, as Maine has neither naval brigade nor authority to raise one, it places her in a peculiar position.

SUNDAY AT MADRID.

Demonstration to Demand a Reversion of Sentences on Anarchists—Spain Received No Reply as Yet.

Madrid, April 3. Extra precautions had been taken by the police authorities to prevent disorder today, but there was no excitement owing principally to the fact that there was no bull fighting. The demonstration to demand a revision of the sentences imposed upon political and other offenders to protest against the torturing of anarchists in the prison of the fortress of Montjuich, Barcelona, to demand the free import of wheat and to demand universal conscription without the redemption of the rich conscripts, turned out to be a very quiet and formal affair.

In fact it may be termed a fizzle. There were no banners displayed and only about 3000 people marched to the presidency and remained in the street while a deputation was conducted to the office of Senor Sagasta, where its members were politely received by some of the officials in the absence of the premier.

Senores Varundo and Dorado, former municipal councillors of Madrid, spoke for some five minutes, referring to the objects of the demonstration, namely, a revision of sentences, the free import of wheat and universal conscription without the redemption of the rich conscript.

No mention was made of the alleged torturing of anarchists in the prisons of the fortress of Montjuich, Barcelona.

The demands of the people who took part in the demonstrations were embodied in a manifesto, which was handed to the minister of the interior, Senor Capdepon, who replied, saying he regretted that the indisposition of Senor Sagasta made it necessary for him to receive the deputation in the premier's place. The Spanish people, Senor Capdepon added, were worthy of the liberty they enjoyed and the government would always keep abreast of public opinion. But the manifesto was too serious to be immediately replied to. It would command serious attention and would be sent to the cortes. The minister then thanked the deputation for the orderly behavior of those who took part in the movement.

Senor Dorado answered that the deputation placed confidence in the good will of the government, after which the deputation withdrew. The civil government mingled among the people, urging them to disperse. He said: "Go home, my children, everything will be attended to."

The crowds then good naturedly scattered.

The crowds outside the presidency were inclined to linger and discuss the matters which brought the people there.

The statement in the newspapers that the United States minister, Gen. Woodford, had received from Washington a reply to Spain's last note, turned out to be erroneous. The U. S. legation gave out the following statement: "Up to noon today the minister had not received a reply from his government to the ultimatum of the Spanish government."

Gen. Woodford explained that the long cipher message which he received was not a reply to Spain's memorandum. It referred to other matters.

From all the pulpits in Madrid today the priests read a letter from the bishop of the diocese announcing that he considered war to be imminent and offering prayers for the success of the Spanish arms.

The majority of the newspapers here regard war as inevitable. They think Gen Stewart L. Woodford has communicated a final answer to the government. The Liberal says: "It is clear that no concession will satisfy the United States excepting the independence of Cuba and we had better immediately end the uncertainty."

The whole article of the Liberal on the subject is bellicose in tone.

The Pais asserts that "great uneasiness prevails at Washington concerning the attitude of the Southern States in case of war with Spain and also because Spaniards are organizing in Mexico to invade the States vilely wrested from the Mexican republic."

In conclusion the Pais asserts that "it will not be all 'beer and skittles' for the United States."

It was reported during the day that a despatch had been received saying that it was expected that the passports of the Spanish minister at Washington would be handed him on Tuesday.

DEADLY FUSILADE

A Jealous Husband Shoots His Wife, a Boarder and Then Himself.

New York, April 3. Albert Carrington, who performed minor parts in burlesque shows in Brooklyn and small towns outside of New York, made an attempt last night to kill his wife and two boarders, at their home in Brooklyn. Carrington was jealous of his wife, Elizabeth, because of the attentions she was receiving from the boarders, W. P. Burns and a man named Hill. Last evening he called her into the room and upbraided her before the two men.

As soon as she started to deny his accusations he drew a revolver and shot her in the side. He then turned the revolver on Burns, firing two bullets into his neck. He fired at Hill, but missed, and then turned the revolver upon himself. The last shot was fatal, and Carrington died before he could be carried to the hospital. Mrs. Carrington is in a serious condition, but Burns' wounds are trifling.

IN BY WEDNESDAY.

Committee on Foreign Relations Will Report on Cuban Question by That Time.

Washington, April 3. The expectation in the Senate is that the report of the Committee on Foreign Relations on the Cuban situation will be made to the Senate not later than Wednesday, and if the report should be made at that time the probabilities are that it will engage the greater share of the Senate's time for the remainder of the week.

The committee will make an effort to secure action upon the resolutions which it will report without having them debated, but with very little probability of success. Undoubtedly a large majority of the members of the Senate are favorable to some declaration apropos of the Cuban situation, but there is certain to be difference of opinion on the course to be pursued and on the language to be used which will be sufficient to prevent immediate action except in one contingency. This contingency is the possibility of an agreement as to the details between the President and the committee. If the committee's report should prove to be in accord with the President's recommendation in all essential particulars, the Senate likely would adopt the resolutions brought in without debate. There is, however, a considerable element in the Senate which is opposed to war except as a last extremity and there are several others who think there ought to be a delay of at least a week or ten days before action is taken in Congress in order to insure the safe landing of ships and war supplies now on their way to this country from Europe.

The Committee on Foreign Relations is not impressed with this line of reasoning and the members urge that Spain is no better prepared for hostilities than we are. The members of this committee do not expect the President's message before Tuesday and they are prepared to wait until Wednesday. Under great pressure there might be a delay beyond that time but a request for such delay would cause great restiveness on the part of a majority of the committee. While desirous of giving the President all the time he may actually require for the preparation of his message they are very impatient of the outside influence which is exerted to hold them in check.

This pressure is in the shape of letters and telegrams from people throughout the country, who are opposed to war policy and with these the members of the committee are being flooded. "The writers," said a member of the committee today, "generally ask us to maintain an honorable peace. Of course we all want an honorable peace, but the time has gone by when that could be secured under existing conditions in Cuba. We cannot allow our conduct to be controlled by such expressions."

When the President's message is received it will, on Senator Davis' motion, be referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations which may bring in its report later in the day or it may not do so until the following day. So far as it is informed as to the probable line of the President's communication, the committee is now prepared to report, but the members realize that there may be something in detail of the message that will require careful consideration and in that event they will give more time to it, or an hour or two on the day of its presentation.

Unless there should be a change in the committee's conclusions after the President shall have been heard from the resolutions reported will recommend the recognition of Cuban independence with a declaration of armed intervention to make independence practicable. They will also include the Maine explosion as one of the causes for this action. The resolutions will be accompanied by a carefully drawn report written by Senator Davis, justifying them.

For the rest the Senate will probably give its attention to appropriation bills and miscellaneous measures on the calendar.

New Handkerchiefs.

Hemstitching reigns in pocket handkerchiefdom. This season is responsible for it, and it proves that fashion is not so black as she is painted, or she would not now and then see fit to be sensible. This does not mean that embroidery is not just as popular as ever, but it does mean that the scalloped and pointed edges, so difficult to launder and so invariably frayed and fringy after a few "doings up," are no longer in vogue. All this year's handkerchiefs have a hemstitched edge, no matter how narrow that edge may be and no matter how elaborate may be the inner border of embroidery. This holds good even of the finest importations, costing $25 and $30 apiece. "It is yet too soon," says the dealer, "to predict with any certainty what the coming handkerchief will be, but indications are that hemstitching has come to stay." The likeliest innovation is that the embroidery will extend to the hem, which will be a change and yet not infringe upon hemstitching rights. The fashion is to be welcomed by all, for if the costly linen article cuts a sorry figure with its ragged scalloped edges, what can be said of the cheap cotton imitations in the same plight?—Harper's Bazar.

The Vow of a Boy Nemesis.

Bring to me my large revolver and my keen Damascus blade and the rubber boots I'm used to when in gore I freely wade. Hither bring my trusty sandbag, bring the snickersnee, I say, for my day has come for murder, and I'm going forth to slay. I shall go forth to the slaughter like a bridegroom to his joys, and I'll fill the nearest graveyard with a string of gifted boys. I shall brain the boy attorney with a spasm of delight, and the boy who preaches Sundays he shall fall before my might. On the trail of boy physicians gayly, gladly shall I camp. Let the boy pianists tremble when they hear my roaring tramp. When I strike the boyish statesman, he must say his prayer and die. When the boy reporter meets me, mark ye how the fur shall fly, for I'm weary and disgusted and my mind has lost its poise; I have read such beastly twaddle treating of the gifted boys.—Atchison Globe.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Post Office, Bangor, Penobscot County, Maine, SATURDAY, April 2, 1898.

Persons calling for any of these letters will please say "Advertised" and give the date of the list.

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

Bangor Telegram	Langevin, Napoleon
Barrel, Fred E	Lawless, Fred J.
Boulay, Dr	Loiselle Ambolse
Bowers, J	Sawyer, F S & Son
Clark, E P	Schier, Georg
Crosby, M	Scranton, J Y & Son
Curtis, Harry B	Smith Thomas
Fuller, W H	Trinday, Rufus
Higgins, John	

LADIES' LIST.

Ayer, Lucy P	Milliken, Mrs Weston
Bowman, Mrs May	Mitchell Mamie
Chase, Miss Maud	O'Donnell, Miss Susie
Coffin Mrs C W	Parkard, Miss Alice
Cole, Mrs Emily	Page, Miss Eva
Curtis, Mrs Nellie	Parsons, Miss Nell
Drew, Mrs Ada	Read, Mrs Geo S
Fogg, Miss Effie M	True, Miss Daisey L
Frost, Mrs	Tusker, Miss Mattie
Lawrence, Miss Dell	Warren, Lilla F
Lord, Mrs Chas F	White, Mrs Jennie
McMullen, Miss Minnie	Wiley, Mrs Olive L
McNeil, Mrs Daniel	Witham, Mrs A T

CHAS. H. BLISS, P. M.

much oftener with absolute failure. In most instances where such well meant experiments have failed it has been because their managers adopted rules of too great strictness. The effort to deprive feminine guests of masculine company and association has almost invariably brought about disaster.

Self supporting American women, though they have no intention of immediate matrimony, are too independent to take kindly to regulations that smack of the convent, and they are by no means willing to give up the society of their male friends and acquaintances, even if by so doing they are enabled to secure good and good, comfortable quarters for much less cost than they can get elsewhere. The women for whom the hotel in question is designed are usually intelligent, self reliant and modest. They know how to take care of themselves, and they resent keenly restrictions upon their receiving male company.

If the promoters of the scheme of the hotel for women are sufficiently liberal to recognize the right of their guests to receive masculine visitors freely within the limits which ordinary decorum prescribes, they may make their undertaking a success. Otherwise the result is likely to be the reverse.

Miss Willard's Last Hours.

Thursday morning—the morning before she died—Miss Willard stretched out her arms to Miss Anna Gordon, who stood by her bed, and said, "Nan, dear lift me up!" Dr. Alfred K. Hills, who was standing by, assisted, and together they raised the frail form. Miss Willard smiled and said, "There, that will do," then she took the doctor's hand and began to speak in the most eloquent terms of his skill and kindness. "Doctor," she said in closing, "I shall remember your great kindness through all eternity, and say God bless you!"

On the evening of Feb. 17 she grasped the doctor's hand and asked him to tell her exactly what to expect. He told her the truth—that she was failing so fast he could not promise that she would see another morning. She answered that it was well. Then, turning slightly in her bed, she called Miss Gordon to her and gave her some final instruction about the work of the W. C. T. U.

Throughout the evening she seemed entirely to realize that she could not live the night out and was fully reconciled. She had said repeatedly during the last few days that she would welcome the end; that while she loved the work to which she had devoted her life and would like to continue it she was weary and would welcome the release which meant to her another and a better life.

Once Miss Willard waved her hand slightly, looked up smilingly to those around her and said:

"How beautiful to be with God!"

These were her last words.

At her bedside were her niece, Mrs. Katherine Willard Baldwin, Mrs. L. M. N. Stevens, Miss Gordon and Dr. Hills. She was conscious up to midnight, and just before breath departed she opened her eyes and seemed to recognize those about her. She pressed Miss Gordon's hand and smiled faintly. In another moment her soul had fled.—Woman's Journal.

Illinois Women Writers.

The broad and liberal constitution of the Illinois Woman's Press association is framed to admit women writers in all lines of literary work. Authors, scientists, musicians and artists meet upon a pleasant ground of mutual helpfulness. The reporter, the critic and the author of fiction are all represented in its membership and in its list of officers. It was begun as an auxiliary of the Woman's National Press association founded at the New Orleans exposition in 1885, and now has 100 members. The organization has been uniformly prosperous and harmonious. Most of its founders are on the roll yet, striving to aid struggling pen women in every avenue of work. The president, Mrs. John Moses, is one of the pioneer newspaper women of the United States. She is described as a living exemplification of the theory that work brightens life and keeps the heart young. She is a handsome woman, with snow white hair, a youthful face and animated manner. The association has many women ...

Pure Blood

Every thought, word and action takes vitality from the blood; every nerve, muscle, bone, organ and tissue depends on the blood for its quality and condition. Therefore pure blood is absolutely necessary to right living and healthy bodies. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the great blood purifier and the best **Spring Medicine**. Therefore it is the great cure for scrofula, salt rheum, humors, sores, rheumatism, catarrh, etc.; the great nervine, strength builder, appetizer, stomach tonic and regulator.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Is sold by all druggists. $1 six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. America's Greatest Medicine.

Hood's Pills taken after dinner aid digestion.

ENTERTAINMENTS

OPERA HOUSE,
FRANK A. OWEN, Manager.

- TONIGHT -
A ROYAL SLAVE.

SPEAR'S COMEDY CO.

FIRST MATINEE TO-MORROW.
CRIME SHADOWED.

Fine Concert Orchestra.

BALANCE OF REPERTOIRE:

Tuesday night,	Only a Jay
Wednesday matinee,	Fanchon the Cricket
Wednesday night,	Monte Cristo
Thursday matinee,	To be announced
Thursday night,	A Noble Revenge
Friday matinee,	Rob Roy
Friday night,	Faust
Saturday matinee,	Little Miss Johnstone
Saturday night,	van's Oath

Matinees, 10, 20c. Evenings, 10, 20, 30c
Seats on sale for any of above performances

YOU WANT IT.
ORDER FOR
Uncle Sam's Navy Art Portfolio
Bring this order together with 10 cents in cash for each Portfolio.
"THE WHIG"
PORTFOLIO DEPARTMENT,
BANGOR, MAINE.
MONDAY, APRIL 4th.
No. 1 is now ready for distribution. All orders promptly attended to.

Grand Millinery Opening
—OF—
EASTER HATS,
Imported from Paris, together with the latest domestic copies.
Thursday, April 7th.
C. W. COFFIN,
45 Main Street, Bangor.

BANGOR
CARPET DUSTER.
ESTABLISHED ... 1892.
Dusts, - Cleanse, - Ventilates
CARPET CLEANING
has become a science with us. We've tested and cleansed over a million yards of carpets and ... and believe we know how to do the work right. We ... carpets ... Dusters and ... modern Ventilator help ... while we do the dusting. Carpets cannot be well cleansed on the floor. Application of ... to the surface for a while ... of dust and dirt ... the safest way ... to get your carpets ... clean throughout.
WM. H. EARLE & CO., 107 Exchange St.

State of Maine.
Notice of Assignee of His Appointment

At Bangor, in the County of Penobscot and State of Maine, the ... A. D. 1898.

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of the estate of ... in said County of Penobscot, Insolvent Debtor, who has been declared insolvent upon his own petition by the Court of Insolvency for said County of Penobscot.

WALTER L. ..., Assignee.

For a Few Days
We will sell
Women's Oxfords
at a truth the lowest prices you ever knew.

We have them in all sizes and widths. Our prices have been from $1.00 to $3.00, you get them during this sale at from 75c. to $2.00 which is quite a saving.

The above is not the only good trade we offer, our store is full of them.

Coombs-Danforth Shoe Co.,
55 MAIN STREET.

POSITION wanted by experienced nurse. Best of references. Adress, Mrs. M. A. W., 17 Middle street. apr2 1w

WANTED Lady or gentleman as local representative guaranteed salary $900 per year. Address M. M. S., Whig and Courier M. Saturday and Monday. apr 2 2t

WORMS
In Children or Adults. The safest and most effectual remedy made is
TRUE'S PIN WORM ELIXIR
In use 46 years. 35c. Ask your Druggist for it.
Dr. J. F. TRUE & CO., Auburn, Me.

NewspaperARCHIVE®.com

Whig and Courier

BY WHIG AND COURIER PUBLISHING CO.

All business letters should be addressed to The Whig and Courier Publishing Co. and communications intended for publication should be addressed "Editor of Whig and Courier"

Entered as Second-Class Mail Matter

MONDAY, APRIL 4, 1898

STATE OF MAINE.

A FAST DAY PROCLAMATION.

deference to the practice of the settlers of New England and following a precedent that has obtained ever [illegible] into the Union of States and also with the advice [illegible] the Executive Council I appoint

THURSDAY, the 28th Day of April,

[illegible] thousand [illegible] hundred and ninety-eight [illegible]

FASTING AND PRAYER

[illegible] should still [illegible] and I earnestly request all the people of our State to properly observe the day in their homes and churches and to refrain from all unnecessary labor, remembering reverently the source from which so many favors have come to us.

Given at the Executive Chamber in Augusta this twenty-fourth day of March in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight and of the independence of the United States of America the one hundred and twenty-second.

LLEWELLYN POWERS

By the Governor

BYRON BOYD, Secretary of State

The Free List

[illegible] to our notice that certain [illegible] are making it their business to travel around the country announcing to people who are now receiving [illegible] of The Whig that they will be placed [illegible] taken from the office [illegible] The Whig and Courier Publishing Company takes this opportunity to brand the statement as absolutely without foundation. Others [illegible] may [illegible] but not The Whig. People who have been receiving The Whig on our [illegible] list or who [illegible] free paper will not be called up [illegible] for the same and can take it from the office with perfect [illegible] Any one who states otherwise states what he knows to be a falsehood.

THE WHIG AND COURIER PUBLISHING COMPANY

Await the Message

It is now reported from Washington that the President's [illegible] will not go to Congress until Tuesday. Until [illegible] the country has the official statement of the Administration [illegible] the situation as it exists today it will be [illegible] to suspend judgment. It [illegible] impossible to form any reliable opinion of the interpretation placed upon the reply Spain by the Administration from the published reports. One despatch represents that the President is satisfied that [illegible] with a view of a peaceful [illegible] of the question have [illegible] impossible by Spanish [illegible] Another despatch printed in [illegible] Sunday papers declares that he still [illegible] of averting war. If Congress will [illegible] the country will be [illegible] influenced by the opinion of the Administration [illegible] further [illegible] and for the reasons given it will be necessary to await the message in order to get any accurate idea of the President's views.

It is evident that the country as a whole stands more firmly behind the Administration than ever before. Heretofore the war element has been extremely noisy and as a result has exercised an influence beyond what its numerical strength warrants. The conservative force has been content to quietly wait events. Now it is making itself felt and Congressmen who have considered the war sentiment paramount are hearing from home in a way to open their eyes to the real fact that the people only want war as a last resort. This is not a peace at any price sentiment as certain papers are prone to represent because the men who are advising deliberation at this critical point in our history are fully as patriotic and just as zealous in their defence of the National honor as those who are insisting that a declaration of war should be promulgated without another moment's delay.

The force of this conservative sentiment is making itself felt in Washington to the disappointment of the war at any cost element.

It is being assailed as representing the money power and the President is charged with setting a back fire on Congress, but the fact is that the sober judgment of the American people is opposed to war if it can be avoided without detriment to the interests affected. Those interests are safe in the hands of President McKinley whose dignified refusal to hasten this Government into [illegible] has the approval of the country. He is alert to every phase of the situation and until he says the time has arrived for the suspension of all friendly relations between the two countries the people will stand with him in any effort to secure a peaceful solution of the pending difficulties knowing that any solution he may suggest will have ample regard for the honor of the country he has so ably represented. Therefore let us await the message before attempting to determine what the next move must be.

The Naval Bill.

A Washington despatch to the New York Tribune says: Late Friday afternoon the House of Representatives passed the Naval Appropriation bill, which had been pending in Committee of the Whole for more than a week. Taking everything into consideration, Chairman Boutelle is to be congratulated on his success in pressing the measure to a final vote as speedily as he did. One entire day was wasted by the minority in aimless and inexcusable filibustering, and many hours on other days were consumed in the delivery of speeches which had no relation to the pending measure.

Two of the chief provisions of the bill—one for the building of new drydocks and the other to authorize three new battleships—were stoutly resisted by Chairman Cannon of the Appropriations Committee, who was supported by a few Republicans and nearly all the Democrats and Populists. Both of these provisions, however, remain in the bill.

An amendment offered by Mr. Pearce of Missouri, to increase the provisions for new torpedo boat destroyers and torpedo boats from six each to twelve each, and to double the appropriation therefor, was accepted by Chairman Boutelle in behalf of the Naval Committee, and was adopted after a brisk debate. Various other amendments were offered to the paragraphs relating to the increase of the Navy, all of which—including that of Mr. Foote of New York, to authorize four new battleships, and that of Mr. Parker of New Jersey, to authorize the building of fifty small torpedo boats at a total cost of $3,000,000—were rejected.

The debate on Mr. Cannon's substitute reducing the number of new battleships to be authorized from three to one was brisk and lively, and several of the speeches, especially those of Chairman Boutelle and Mr. Hilborn, were instructive and interesting.

Farm Animals

A recent bulletin of the Department of Agriculture gives some interesting figures concerning the number of live stock on farms in the United States on January 1 1898. The report says there were 13,960,911 horses, 2,257,665 mules, 15,840,886 milch cows, 29,264,197 oxen and other cattle, 37,656,960 sheep and 39,759,993 swine. Of the seventeen States reporting a total of over one million of hogs, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Georgia, Missouri, Kansas and Nebraska show an increase and Indiana, Illinois, Iowa and eight Southern States a decrease. There is a marked increase in the value of live stock on farms reported from almost every section of the country.

The largest increase in value has been in sheep, the farm animals whose value is most affected by the presence or absence of a fair degree of protection. While it is true that 45,000,000 cattle owned in the United States command a higher market price than would prevail if there were no restriction upon the free importation of animals from across our borders, and while the same is true as to horses, mules and swine, the most ruinous effects of foreign competition are visible in the case of sheep and their great staple product, wool.

Free wool under the Wilson tariff cost the farmers of the United States an average of more than one dollar per head of their sheep in the reduced value which resulted from the free admission of the low priced wools of all creation. In many cases the loss was far greater than $1 per head. For example, in October 1894, two months after the Wilson tariff went into operation, at an assignee's sale in Jefferson county, Ohio, several lots of fine black top merinos were knocked down at 69 cents each for ewes, 20 cents for lambs and 50 cents for registered bucks. Today, according to the secretary of the Ohio State board of agriculture, ewes of the same grade are worth $3 to $4 each, lambs $2 to $2.50, and registered bucks from $15 to $25.

It is conservatively estimated that the gain in values of sheep and wool as the direct result of the Dingley tariff amounts to upward of $100,000,000. Not long ago the Des Moines Register, one of the leading daily newspapers of Iowa, printed figures showing that for the four years of Wilson-Gorman free trade the loss in values of farm animals in the United States amounted to $2,500,000,000.

It will therefore be seen that the secretary of agriculture puts the case very moderately when he says "there is a marked increase in the value of live stock on farms reported from almost every section of the country." The benefit to the farmers must be reckoned by the hundreds of millions of dollars.

HAVE YOUR . . .

Painting Papering, Graining

—DONE BY—

ROBERT C. C. GILL,

102 Exchange Street, Bangor

Drop a card it will bring me to your house at once. My prices are very low.

TYLER, FOGG & CO.

Nichols Building, Bangor, Me

Buy and sell high grade

Investment Securities.

Issue through Blair & Co., New York,

Travelers' Credits,

available in all parts of the world

We sell——

.. BICYCLES ..

Made by reliable companies and guaranteed.

OUR PRICES range from $25.00 to $100.00

OUR TERMS are easy

We carry the

Eclipse, Cleveland, Victor, Bangor, Caribou, Keating, White Eagle and others

It is worth your while to see our Second Hand Wheels and secure a bargain. We do repairing of every description. We rent wheels and give riding lessons.

Bangor Bicycle Co.,

117 Exchange St., Bangor.

Branch 230 Hammond Street, (The Wood Stand.)

The Easy Food

Easy to Buy, Easy to Cook, Easy to Eat, Easy to Digest.

Quaker Oats

At all grocers in 2-lb pkgs. only

EDWARD JORDAN.

No. 19 Central Street

Harnesses, Trunks, Bags,

Boston Truck Collars, Bangor Team Collars, Success Sweat Collars . .

Team harnesses of all grades.

Harnesses for business made to order from the best Oak Stock.

25 Second Harnesses for sale.

Call and get a great bargain

Bangor Savings Bank.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

A semi-annual dividend at the rate of three and one half per cent per annum has been declared by the Bangor Savings Bank, payable on and after Monday, April 4, 1898. Dividends not withdrawn will be added to the principal.

JOHN L. CROSBY, Treasurer

March 28, 1898

Do You Want ...

DRAPERIES?

If so you will make no mistake in coming to us, for we have a line of

.. Portieres ..

AND

..Lace Curtains..

from which you can select what will please in STYLE and PRICE

LEADERS.

100 pr New Muslin Curtains for Chambers, only $1.49 per pr

200 pr Fish Net for Library and Sitting Room $1.49 to $5.00

500 pr Real Lace for Parlors from $3.84 to $20.00 per pr.

A LARGE PURCHASE

of Upholstery Goods at Cut Prices

75c. Goods for 50c

$1.50 Goods for $1.00

$3.00 Goods for $1.50

'Twill pay you to see these goods. Every piece is a bargain

C. A. LYON & CO.

WATCH

Our fine window display of

WATCHES.

We have all kinds for Boys, Girls, Ladies and Gentlemen

Fine Railroad Watches

The Prices Vary From $4 to $100.

Remember all our goods are bought for spot cash and our customers get the benefit.

ADOLF PFAFF, Bangor, Maine.

NOTICE TO LOG OWNERS.

All owners of logs coming into the Penobscot boom [illegible] are requested to send their marks into the office of the clerk of the Penobscot Lumbering Association on or before the fifteenth day of April next.

Per order

CHARLES H. ADAMS, Clerk

Bangor, March 25, 1898

New Silver and Other Novelties,

Easter Book Marks, Violet Holders, Imported Pompadour Combs, Silver Hat Pins, French Imported Side Combs, Silver and French Gilt Girdles. See our window display.

Robinson's Drug Store,

GRANITE BLOCK, BANGOR, MAINE

Lay Aside

A dollar for old age and at the same time afford your family protection by insuring in the

Washington Life Ins. Co., of New York

Arthur H. Black, Agent,

11 Columbia Street, Bangor

THE

New Carpet Duster,

75 Central Street.

Spring has come and I am still at it Dusting Carpets, Rugs and Draperies to perfection. Having bought the right for Bangor, Brewer and vicinity to use Renovene, an up-to-date process that removes all dust, dirt and grease spots from Tapestry, Brussels, Axminster, Moquette and Wilton carpets without taking them from the floor (It is a fact, no humbug.) It makes the carpets look like new and will not injure the finest goods. Rugs, Chenille Draperies, Table Covers, Plushes and Velvets are in my line. Churches, Halls, Club Rooms and Public Buildings a specialty. I clean and dust by the old or new process. Satisfaction guaranteed or no pay. All orders will receive prompt attention.

THOS. T. TABOR, Prop.

P. O. Box 473.

S. W. BRIDGHAM,

Pianos. Organs,

Music and Musical Merchandise

11 Columbia Street, Bangor, Me

Call or write for catalogue and prices.

Doctor and Cook Agree

The following opinions of high authorities on hygiene and cooking express the views of all members of the medical and culinary professions.

"Cottonseed oil has a direct dietetic value, it aids both digestion and assimilation ... Cottolene, a thoroughly wholesome combination of fresh beef suet and pure cottonseed oil is eminently worthy to supersede lard for culinary use."

J. Hobart Egbert, A.M., M.D., Ph.D. Editor Dietetic and Hygienic Gazette

"Vegetable oils (such as cottonseed oil) are growing fast in favor with educated housewives and intelligent cooks. The desirable substitute (Cottolene) is purer, more healthful and economical than lard, which it has supplanted."

Marion Harland. The famous lecturer and cooking teacher

COTTOLENE

Links appetizing food, good health and economy

Genuine Cottolene is sold everywhere in one to ten pound yellow tins, with our trade-marks, "Cottolene" and steer's head in cotton plant wreath—on every tin. Not guaranteed if sold in any other way.

Made only by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY

Chicago, St. Louis, New York, Montreal

A WRAPPER— THAT'S FOR COMFORT

And for good looks too. For a morning about the house dress there's nothing so easy as a well-fitting wrapper. I've made up two special lots of Print Wrappers and have marked them with closely cut hurry along prices.

1st Lot. 60c each

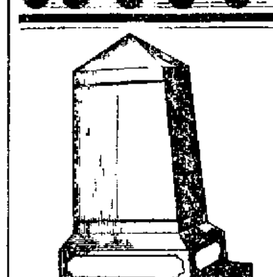
2nd Lot. 75c each

These wrappers are of new pattern, are carefully sewed and will fit well. Early selections are advisable, even though there are many wrappers in each lot.

G. W. STEVENS,

Maker of Ladies' Fine Underwear,

61-63 MAIN STREET.



Now Is Your Time

If you need a Monument or Tablet. The largest stock of granite and marble monuments and tablets in Maine must be sold as I must have the cash for them. For the next [illegible] days prices lower than ever. Everything warranted first-class. Call and see them and get prices, at

Ambrose Fogg's Monumental Works,

62 FRANKLIN STREET, BANGOR, ME

When You Decide

TO PURCHASE A PIANO OR ORGAN, GO THE ROUNDS OF THE MUSIC STORES, THEN

. . . Drop In

at ANDREW'S

AND YOU WILL KNOW WHO OFFERS YOU THE GREATEST VALUE FOR YOUR MONEY

THE CHICKERING IS LEADER IN PIANOS, THE MASON & HAMLIN IN ORGANS.

At Andrew's Music House, Bangor.

SPRING HATS

Now is the time to select your Spring Hat. We are headquarters for all the latest New York and Boston styles.

HATS AT POPULAR PRICES.

See our leaders at $1.45, regular $2 hats. We are still having a big run on our popular priced Neckwear. New styles arriving every week. Have you seen our new line of Puffs that we are selling for 23c; also Tecks, 4-in-hands, Clubs, Band Bows, Strings and Button on Bows all for 23c., regular 50c goods.

THE H. O. STAPLES CLOTHING CO.

20 STATE STREET, BANGOR, ME

T. F. CASSIDY & SON,

Agents for John Lucas' Pure Ready Mixed Paints and Colors.

Dealers in all the Leading Brands of Loads and Oils, Cant-Dogs, Paddles, Oars and Poles

32-42 FRONT STREET, BANGOR, ME.

M. N. Atkins. E. F. Atkins

ATKINS BROTHERS,

RESIDENCE No 79 Fifth Street.

House Painting, Graining &c

PAPER HANGING a Specialty.

No. 22 Franklin Street, Bangor

WASHINGTON VIEWS.

Suppressed Excitement at the Capital—War Generally Expected—Speculation as to Results

[Special Cor. Whig and Courier.]

Washington, April 2, 1898

Never within the experience of old inhabitants have the halls and corridors of the capitol been the scene of so much excitement as during the week just passed. Everything seems to have been subordinated to the consideration of the serious situation in our relations with Spain. The air has been [illegible] of events probable and improbable for casting a crisis of [illegible] import at any moment. We have had [illegible] Woodford asking for his passports [illegible] Spanish government and [illegible] warships for the protection of United States [illegible] in Havana [illegible] [illegible] gossip of a disturbing nature [illegible] of this [illegible] substance that the President [illegible] steadily [illegible] an effort [illegible] Spain [illegible] possible [illegible] side of the [illegible] with the members of the [illegible]

[illegible]

What will the [illegible] the [illegible] minds of the [illegible] That the Senate will pass [illegible] not [illegible] [illegible] rather that [illegible] will favor the [illegible] declaration [illegible] not so sure that [illegible] clare for war [illegible] assert that they do not [illegible] government [illegible] their behalf [illegible] war with Spain they will [illegible] the rest [illegible] Independence [illegible] Should the [illegible] favor [illegible] war [illegible] circumstance it would be [illegible] responsibility of Spain [illegible]

In any event it seems [illegible] that Cuba will become [illegible] independent State within [illegible] rather than this [illegible] now predict that Spain will [illegible] ignominiously pushed off the western continent entirely, especially in case of war of any length. What a commentary this will be upon the system of misgovernment with which Spain has treated its once vast possessions [illegible] world. Once bearing dominion over part of the United States, Mexico, entire Central America and all of the States of Northern and Western South America, Spain is now reduced to the occupancy of two islands, the more important of which is about to slip from its grasp. And the most significant phase of the situation is that the whole civilized world is applauding the United States for lending its influence to this consummation in the cause of humanity.

It is useless to deny that the danger of war is imminent. Indeed it is generally expected, for it is known that the Spanish dynasty is trembling in the balance and to surrender any of its possessions would be fatal to its hold upon power. In case of war what? That is the theme of serious speculation among army and navy authorities. Many persons in Maine will begin to look back to other days when war was a terrible reality—when every breath of the southern breeze was fraught with awful tidings—when every next breath was anticipated with an anxiety which made stout hearts sick. What now? That the war will be chiefly of the navy is conceded. It must not be concealed that in one branch of the naval service Spain may have an advantage in

[illegible]

Wholesale Produce

[illegible]

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

BREWER ADVERTISEMENTS

F. E. HUSSEY, THE BREWER [illegible]

If you want a Ca[illegible]

EDWARD B. B[illegible]

S. H. WOODBURY & [illegible]

Plumbers and [illegible]

BARGAINS

Large Ca[illegible]

Morris [illegible]

H. P. [illegible]

BANGOR EDGE TOOL [illegible]

The Genuine Peavey Cant-[illegible]

Peavey [illegible]

J. H. PEAVEY [illegible]

FRANK I. MARSH [illegible]

WHEN

ANTI-MOTH COMPO[illegible]

BARLOW'S DRUG [illegible]

CURRIER & [illegible]

SAIL-MAKER[illegible]

Exchange Street [illegible]

AWNINGS

GRAND CENTRAL

BOWLING PA[illegible]

ALFRED PEATS [illegible]

1898 ART WALL [illegible]

2 1-2 to 40 cents per roll.

W. A. ROYAL, 64 Fifth [illegible]

ROAD COMMISSIONERS'

And all other

TOWN BOOKS AND BLA[illegible]

D. BUGBEE & [illegible]

Wall Pape[illegible]

1898 Designs. 1898 P[illegible]

FOR SALE AT

CHAS. HIGH[illegible]

BREWER ADVERTISEMENTS.

E. F. HUSSEY,
THE BREWER UNDERTAKER,
... and Parker

If you want a Camera
... look at our

D. B. BUCK.

... BURY & CO.,
... Steam Fitters.
... and Bicycles.

BARGAINS.
... Oak
... Morris Chairs
... $11 00 ...

H. P. GILMAN,
... Street, - Bangor, Me.

BANGOR EDGE TOOL CO.,
The Genuine ....
Peavey Cant-Dogs
Peavey Axes.
J. H. PEAVEY,
... Exchange Street, Bangor, M

FRANK L. MARSTON,
... Surveyor,
... Street,
... Bangor, Maine

WHEN
...
ANTI-... TH COMPOUND,
...

... DRUG STORE

CUTLER & HOOK,
... L-MAKERS,
... Street, - Bangor.
... Hammocks

Awnings
... in their season
... Prices
... STREET

GRAND CENTRAL
BOWLING PARLORS
... week on ac... being made
... be opened to
... March 19, in
... before.
... NICHOLS, Prop'
... Manager.

... 1898 ART WALL PAPER
2 1-2 to 40 cents per roll.
... Agent
... STREET, BANGOR

ROAD COMMISSIONERS' BOOKS
And all other
TOWN BOOKS AND BLANKS,
FOR SALE BY
D. BUGBEE & CO.

Wall Papers.
1898 Designs. 1898 Prices.
—FOR SALE AT—
CHAS. HIGHT'S.

THE CITY OF BREWER.

Death of Nellie T. Kerr at Chicago Saturday.

Matters of Personal and Local Interest About Town.

Mr. Harry Bleaker, of Waterville, spent Sunday with friends in this city.

Mrs. Eva Springer of St. Paul, Minn., and Mrs. Nellie Clyde, of Portland, are visiting relatives in Brewer after an absence of 20 years.

John Chisum, of Picton, N. S., was before the Municipal Court Saturday for being drunk. He was fined $3 and costs but not having the necessary amount of ... to cause his bill to be squared up he was committed to jail. John is sorry that he ever left Picton.

The many friends of S. W. Royal regret to learn that he has severed his connection with the Maine Central railroad. He has for many years been an efficient and faithful employe in the service of the road. Having had much experience in the trackwork department, he was prepared to ... fill the position of assistant roadmaster, which he did for a long time. His friends wish him future success and prosperity.

Owing to an accident to the wheels of the cars which caused so much trouble, the service on the electric road has been curtailed and trips will be made only every 40 minutes until the needed repairs are made. By the new arrangement the cars will leave the car house, South Brewer, at 7.30 A. M., and every forty minutes thereafter 10.10 P. M. Cars will leave the bridge at 6.10 A. M., and every forty minutes thereafter until 10.40. On Sundays the first car will leave South Brewer at 7.50 and the bridge at 8.10 A. M., after which the time will be the same as on week days.

The many friends in this city and South Brewer of Nellie T. Kerr, wife of Geo. W. Sturtevant of Chicago will be pained to learn of her death which occurred Saturday evening, April 2d, in that place. She was born in South Brewer where she ... Her marriage with Mr. Sturtevant ... April 1881 since which time she has resided in the West and for several years past in Chicago. She was the youngest of nine children, six of whom are living, two in Brewer, two in Bangor and two in Chicago. Her husband was formerly of Bowdoinham and was a graduate of Maine State College class '81 and has been successful in the West as a civil engineer. Mrs. Sturtevant had a ... sopranno voice and was a member of the South Brewer church choir for several years. Her father William Kerr died some years ago and her mother still lives at South Brewer. The relatives of the deceased have the sympathy of the community. The remains will arrive in this city Tuesday and will be buried in the family lot in Brewer. The funeral will be Wednesday afternoon.

The drill of the concert to be given by the Brewer band which has been previously announced is on the evening of April 25, and on that night the people will have a chance to show their love and appreciation for good music, also their patriotism and interest in keeping up as good an organization as it is. The boys during the last year have been blowing their horns and straight trying to make the public notice them fifteen or twenty cents worth apiece so they could purchase some new clothes to appear out in, but the public has looked at them just long enough at each look to burst the bass drum and cause every horn blower to double his jaw in trying to make himself heard. Now, this is not right. The public should turn out and give them a lift, or the city might give them use of the hall for one night to make up for the ... made by those who wouldn't go to any concert unless there was a free supper connected with it. The ... is this: they may be called upon any day now to escort Company G to the Spanish battlefield and the members would look nice going down to Cuba without stripes on their pants and brass buttons on their coats. Uniforms are what they want now, they have bought their instruments by the sweat of their brow, playing out of doors last winter when the mercury said thirty below and now summer is coming they want some soldier clothes. Let's every blooming one of us turn out on the 25th and help them along.

BUCKSPORT NEWS.

Supposed Murderer of George R. Blodgett Captured.

News Which Interests Bucksport People Exceedingly—Other News Notes.

(Special to Whig and Courier.)

Bucksport, April 3. Chas. F. Woodward, Esq., of Bangor, was a caller in town Saturday.

Mr John U. Chandler made us a business call Saturday.

At the regular meeting of Bucksport Lodge No. 14 A. O. U. W., held Friday evening, several matters of interest were discussed. It was decided to take some means to bring the advantages of this order to the attention of the eligible young men who are not members at present.

At an early date arrangements will be made for a "smoke talk" at which time the merits of the order will be ably presented. In the sixteen years the Bucksport lodge has been in existence over $52,000 has been paid to the widows and orphans of deceased members.

Word has been received here that a noted criminal has been arrested in New York city who, the authorities feel sure, is the murderer of the late Geo. R. Blodgett. For a long time the case baffled the whole detective force of the country, but members of the Pinkerton agency have been constantly on the lookout for some clue. A short time ago a Pinkerton detective discovered some of the stolen goods in a Boston pawn shop. The best members of the force were immediately put on the trail and succeded in locating their man in New York. The arrest was made on Broadway and it required several officers to overpower the suspected murderer. An accomplice who was with him at the time of arrest effected an escape.

Hon and Mrs. Parker Spofford were in Bangor Saturday.

Several parties in town have received letters from Capt. McKay, of the steamer Isis, that loaded pulp here in January. He is now bound for Hong Kong and expected to pass through the Suez canal today.

A. P. Gray left for Bangor Friday to resume work with Chas. Andrews as trainer and driver of the horses under his charge.

Mr Edward Atwood is seriously ill at his home near the tannery.

Miss Nellie F. Keene reurned from Frankfort Friday evening and will resume her station as principal of the grammar school Monday morning.

Mrs. Jennie Marks arrived home by Boston boat Saturday.

SEMINARY NOTES.

The joint meeting of the four library societies was held in the chapel Friday evening.

The room was finely decorated and lighted. In addition to the electric lights and the large Rochester burner in the center of the room, several piano lamps were introduced. The stage was tastefully decorated with buting and rugs, while the school's new flag was draped across one corner of he room.

The floor was well supplied with rugs and in various parts of the room twelve small tables were arranged. Each member on entering was presented with a bouquet or buttonaire.

The first part of the evening was devoted to a series of progressive games.

Authors, dominoes, tiddledewinks and other games were indulged in.

The prize offered for greatest number of games won was awarded to Henry Buck. The "booby" prize was won by Robin Chester Stevens.

Refreshments of ice cream and mixed fancy biscuit were served, after which the tables were cleared from the room and the social event of the term closed with a march which was participated in about thirty couples.

About 80 persons were present and all report having a good time. Several members of the faculty were present by invitation. Miss Fastnet Erskine president of the Achyllians, assited by Mr. A. D. Thibodeau, president of the Chrestomathean, did much to make the evening an enjoyable occasion for all present.

EASTPORT NEWS.

Charges of Overcharging on the Toll Bridge.

Eastport Company Ready for War Service if Needed—The Gold Miners Actively at Work—Notes.

[Special to Whig and Courier.]

Eastport April 1. Deputy Shriff Geo. W. Ross of Vanceboro came to Eastport and arrested L. Hallett, the keeper of the toll bridge, on a warrant sworn out by Mr Fletcher, of Vanceboro, for overcharges in toll some time back. Hallett was taken to Vanceboro, where he was to have a hearing. It is said that there are other charges of a similar character against him.

The Unitarian church is holding its annual fair at the Memorial hall this week. It opened Wednesday night with a good attendance, considering the bad weather. On Friday night the people came out in grand style and all were very liberal with their pocketbooks. The fair will be a great financial success.

Eastport was visited by a heavy snowstorm the last day of March. About twelve inches of snow fell, making the first day of April appear very winterish.

The Hotel Quoddy is the headquarters for war news. Capt. P. A. Martin has his men in readiness to respond to any call that may come. Capt. Martin is an old war veteran and knows what war means.

The steamer St. Croix, from Boston to St. John, did not arrive at Eastport until 4.30 P. M., being delayed by the storm. She had a large quantity of freight for Eastport and Calais.

The salt water gold miners at West Lubec are very active and are making their plans to work a large number of hands this summer. It is generally understood that the company is to build quite extensively this summer and will commence very soon. The people of Eastport are looking forward for grand results from this company, and there is no doubt that the promoters have the utmost confidence in the success of their project. The company has paid cash for the work done and property purchased.

T. H. Burnham, proprietor of the Quoddy, is having the house extensively repaired this spring. He is having the halls and office newly papered and painted, and in fact most of the rooms will also be brightened up in the same way. Hotel Quoddy is well known by the traveling public and has one of the best livery stables in this part of the State connected with it. The popular clerk, E. W. Bowman, is always on deck ready to look after the wants of the many patrons of the house.

Mr. George W. Noble, of Springfield, Mo., general contractor for the bridge tumbering and pile driving for the Washington County Railroad, has commenced work near Pembroke. Mr. Noble has done this kind of work all over the United States and will do first-class work here.

THE BRITISH NAVAL DISPLAY.

Yokohama, April 3. The Japanese newspapers think that the British naval display is not directed against Russia, but is intended to coerce China into making concessions to Great Britain. The belief is that Japan is to be left in isolation. The newspapers urge the retention of Japanese troops at Wei Hai Wei, after the war indemnity shall have been paid by China.

OLDTOWN NEWS.

A Fire Alarm Call-d Out the Department on Saturday.

Some Property Changes, Arrivals and Departures and Other Interesting Matters.

[Special to Whig and Courier.]

Oldtown, April 3. The dwelling of Samuel McKay, of Stillwater, was discovered to be on fire this morning. The alarm was given, to which the hose company quickly responded. The damage was confined to the roof of the house and was quickly under control.

The day of commencing the spring term of school at Pea Cove has, because of the almost impassible condition of the roads, been postponed two weeks.

J. W. Williams, deputy United States collector, of Guilford, was in the city to day.

Frank Morrin has purchased of Mrs. Joseph Beaulieu her residence on Treat and Webster island, Front street; terms private.

Burnham has received the new song, "My Ladies' Valentine" words by Percia Vinal White, music by Pearl Vinal; also McClures' Nickel Donahues, Outing, N. A. Review, and other monthlies.

Morrin Bros. received Saturday 25 boxes of fine blood oranges, which are going at popular prices.

Registered at Bridge House: S. M. Rose, Madison; C. E. Billings, New York; C. A. Gerry, Houlton.

N. C. McCausland, Esq., and wife were in Bangor Saturday.

The lunch room of R. D. Linn is being painted and carpeted, who will add tables to the part enlarged.

Percy Mayo, who has been living in Hampden for some time, has moved his family to Stillwater.

Mrs. E. C. Danforth, of Bangor, has been passing the week at Stillwater, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Otis Reed.

Miss Viola Perkins, of Bradley, has accepted a position in Mrs. M. C. Moulton's millinery store.

Mrs. Rose Coxie Plummer, formerly of Great Works, but now residing in Pittsfield, was in the city this week visiting friends.

Mrs. W. F. Scott, of this city, is passing the week in Passadumkeag with relatives.

Mrs. A. M. Hilliard, who has been passing the week with friends in Bangor, has returned home.

Herbert F. Dillingham, of Bangor, was in the city visiting relatives the past week.

Miss Idea Bean, of Oldtown, who is a student at Wellesley College, is passing her vacation with her sister, Mrs. James Hale, at Salem, Mass.

Miss Agnes Gilroy, of Stillwater, and Annie Lintotte of Bangor passed Saturday and Sunday in Oldtown, the guests of Mrs. Frank Lovely, on High street.

Miss Helen Plummer, of Lincoln, is visiting Mrs. Charles Webber at her home in Stillwater.

Mrs. Flora Stowell, of Guilford, with her child, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Orin Merrill.

Miss Mame Henderson is in Bangor, where she is employed in Mrs. Etta Ferguson's dressmaking establishment.

Mr. Frank Reed has leased the farm of his father, Otis Reed, at Stillwater, and is soon to move his family there.

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Heath, of Milford, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Levi McLaughlin at their home in Stillwater.

Mr. I. W. Terrill has purchased the James Farnham place at Stillwater. He intends making extensive improvements and will keep his large number of wood horses there during the summer.

The St. Joseph parochial school closed Friday for a vacation of one week.

The Ladies' Aid Society connected with the Methodist church will hold its meeting Tuesday afternoon at the residence of Mrs. E. J. Milton, Elm street.

The circle connected with the Baptist church meets Tuesday afternoon with Mrs. Hartwell Lancaster on High street.

The Great Works circle will be held with Mrs. C. G. McPheters Tuesday afternoon.

Mrs. Nancy Marsh has moved into the tenement over Gibbons' clothing store.

Mrs. Daniel Chapman has moved from Bangor to Oldtown and is occupying one of Thomas Murphy's tenements on Main street.

Miss Dora Hillman, who has been in Boston the past week, has returned.

Mrs. Frank Lovely taught the select school at Orono last week, the teacher, Miss Maud Collins, being ill.

The members of Star in the East Lodge, F. & A. M., who attended the meeting of the Mystic Shrine in Lewiston Thursday were Eben T. Hartwell, O. H. Danforth, Chas. D. Blanchard and E. A. Blanchard. The degree of Mystic Shrine was conferred upon the last three named gentlemen.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Bussell, of Orono, were in the city Saturday looking for rent, they having sold their home in Orono, and decided to move to Oldtown.

Mrs. Rachael Haydn has returned from Orono, where she has been visiting her sister.

Miss Grace Sawyer, who has been visiting Miss Gladys Bradeen, has returned home to Stillwater.

The merchants of Oldtown should bear in mind that much of the money that goes to larger cities might be kept in circulation in our own town by a more complete set of advertisements.

Mr. George Burnham has vacated the house on Main street recently purchased by Thomas Hamilton and moved his family into the tenement over Mrs. W. C. Moulton's store.

Mrs. Chas. W. Mullen, who has been sick at her home for a long time, remains about the same.

M. A. Austin returned on Saturday from a business trip to different parts of the State.

Frank M. Sparks, son of F. E. Sparks, of the Public Works Co., who has been attending Bowdoin College, is at home on a vacation.

Crocker Hotel arrivals are: H. L. Ayers and wife, Bangor; Ed. Fiske, Medway, Herbert Dowse, Portland.

Geo. C. Cousins is today putting his furniture into the hotel owned by his father, the Cousins Hotel, he having vacated the Orono House.

James Buckley, of Veazie, is to occupy the Orono House and has already taken possession.

The officers on Saturday searched the premises of P. Shea, Wilson and Bolier.

The new city council will meet at the aldermen's room Monday forenoon to appoint the subordinate officers and committees. First regular meeting of council will be Tuesday evening following, when the matter of exempting the new woolen mill from taxes will probably come up for action.

The benefit dance given at Milford town hall Friday evening netted thirty-six dollars. This amount added to the amount subscribed makes a total of something like sixty dollars the people of Milford by their efforts have raised to aid Thos. Grogan, who recently lost his hand in a planer. Refreshments were furnished the dancers, consisting of coffee, cake, etc., by the ladies. Music was Dorr orchestra of six pieces.

The posters are out calling for a company to be formed at Oldtown for service in the field. This poster reads:

"Notice. The inhabitants of Oldtown and all others interested are hereby requested to meet in City Hall, Oldtown, Wednesday, April 6, at 7.30 P. M., for the purpose of forming a volunteer company for active service in the field. Members must be of sound health and between the ages of 18 and 45. The Second Regiment Band of Knights of Pythias will be in attendance. All are cordially invited to attend.

"Per order committee,
Percy H. Elkins,
Chairman."

If you feel drowsy, dull, languid, inexpressibly tired or debilitated; if you've no appetite and frequent headaches or dizziness, a furred or coated tongue—it proves that you're bilious. In that case you should use Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. They are anti-bilious; granules, which act in a prompt and natural way without griping.

Miss Alice Gammon is visiting friends in Lagrange.

Stanley Marsh, brother of A. F. Marsh, of this city, is seriously ill of pneumonia at Pittsfield.

Mrs. Lucy Nicolar and daughters and Ada Socabasin, who have been in Boston in attendance at the sportsmen's exposition, have returned home.

John M. Hunter, of Hodgdon, Aroostook county, reports selling 18 car loads of potatoes in Oldtown and surrounding towns this winter. On Friday he purchased in this city hardware of O. T. Brown, lumber for finish and windows of E. T. Hartwell and Wing & Engel, and hardware of Sawyer & McLellan. Mr. Hunter says he believes patronizing those who patronize him.

Mrs. Sarah Dudley is quite sick at the residence of R. F. Pierce on High street.

Willie Beattie is visiting friends at Bucksport.

T. W. Beattie, superintendent of the woolen mill, left last night for New York.

A QUEER CATCH.

One of the smelt fishermen who had a net in the river below Hampden village, was fishing just before the ice went out in a decidedly unique manner; not for any member of the scaly tribe but for a large gray sea gull. These birds hover around the nets in large numbers and quickly devour any fish that may be thrown away. The bird in question attempted to make use of a fish that it afterward found was designed for its especial use. Seizing upon the unusually tempting looking morsel, it instantly put it out of sight and started to fly, when it found itself in the same predicament as the sportive trout when it has seized the angler's alluring bait, hooked in the mouth.

TRADE NOTES.

Japan is making watches.

England is making paper bricks.

The South contains 483 cotton mills.

America has 17,300,000 cotton spindles.

Utah has one glass factory.

Germany has nine technical schools.

The Carnegie Company is said to be considred the advisability of erecting two more monster modern furnaces at Duquesne.

The manufacture of enameled paper bricks has become a definite industry with a satisfactory promise. The production of these bricks on the hollow principle is a marked feature in their form, the object of this, as stated, being practically the same as that sought in the making of hollow forged steel shafting.

WIRE GLASS.

For forty years wire glass has been manufactured in this country and in Europe. It is simply ordinary glass in which wire netting has been introduced during the rolling process. This has the special quality of keeping the plate together after it has been fractured by impact or heat. It is rapidly taking the pace of iron proof shutters as it not only resists fire but admits light.

In a paper read by Francis Shuman before the Mining and Metallurgical Section of the Franklin Institute, Philadelphia, recently, some forceful illustrations were given of the fire resisting qualities of wire glass. In a series of photographs it was shown that wire glass remained intact after being subjected to a heat, when the walls were cracked, plain glass partly melted, smokestacks had fallen and fusion had taken place on the face of the brick work. The author of the paper says: "Such rapid strides are being made in perfecting the methods of manufacture that it will not be long before wire glass will be generally accepted as an established commercial product, its process of evolution being analogous to that of steel."

FOUGHT TRAMP WITH DOUGH.

With his head entombed in a batch of unbaked bread, his eyes glued together with sticky dough, and his voice choked in batter, a tramp and would-be bad man was transformed by Miss Gisella Bond yesterday into a composite picture of a dancing dervish, a game of blind man's buff, and a mouse-pursued woman.

It all happened through an impecunious and persistent tramp interrupting a woman when she had arrived at the critical point in bread-making. Miss Bond was standing before the kitchen table. In front of her was a large pan of fat, sticky, dough which in the fulness of time she intended setting on the dining room table. As Miss Bond was kneading away for dear life at home made bread a knock shook the kitchen door. For a moment she hesitated between inquisitiveness and duty, but duty won out and she went on kneading the dough. The knock came a second time, and, being unanswered, continued, growing louder with each continuance. At last the fair architect of loaves was forced to open the door. There she saw a dirty-faced, unwholesome-looking tramp.

"Please, ma'am, can you give a hungry man something to eat?" he asked in tones calculated to touch the heart of a cactus.

Miss Bond closed the door, retird to the pantry, and returned with a plateful of digestibles. But the tramp was not satisfied. He turned a piteous gaze on his raiment and then, gazing up with the wistful lookof a 10-year-old boy sizing up a cream puff, he murmured:

"Can't you give me some clothes?"

"No, siree," answered the fair breadmaker. "You can't wear my clothes, you can't wear my mother's, and there are no such men as you around this house."

Then she started to shut the door, for a backward glance told her that the bread needed her attention. But the tramp was not to be put off, and jumping inside the kitchen he seized the young woman by the throat and hissed in true melodrama villain style:

"Have a care, woman, how thou thwart me!"

Without appearing to be in the least perturbed by this unexpected onslaught, Miss Bond turned to her pan of dough, picked it up and overturned the contents upon the intruder's head. With a howl of dismay the man let go his hold on her dress. But the young woman was as cool as a cucumber in a deserted refrigerator. She laid hold of the avalanche of dough that was streaming down the tramp's countenance. Patting and punching it like a lighting sculptor at a dime museum in less than a minute she had the tramp's head and face incased in a death mask of dough. Then stepping back, the better to example the work of art, she grew facetious.

"You need clothes, do you?" she queried, sarcastically. "Well, you just knead that dough, you dough-head, you."

A splutter of bubbles and bulging dough came from the vicinity of the tramp's mouth as he danced about the kitchen and clawed frantically at his head.

"Take it easy now," cooed his tormentor. "You don't want to take any more. You don't want to take any more chances at having your face battered. You'd better get out."

By this time the frantic man had clawed enough dough away from his eyes to be able to see the door through a mist of batter and had puffed a breathing hole in front of his mouth. He did a right about wheel for the door, scooted out, fell down the back stairs, picked himself up and ran sputtering through the alley, clawing dough from his face at every step. Miss Bond watched him depart with all the calmness of a stoic. Then, when it was all over she ran to the front of the house and collapsed in her mother's arms in true woman fashion.

Mrs. Jaggs—If I got as intoxicated as you do I'd go off somewhere and shoot myself. Jaggs—N-no, you (hic) wouldn't m' dear. If you wash (hic) hafsh as 'toxicated as I am you couldn't hit shide of barn.—Chicago News.

"I've lost my heart," he sang. And one
Whose soul could ne'er rejoice,
Declared he wished, when all was done,
That it had been his voice.
—Washington Star.

OLDTOWN ADVERTISEMENTS

WANTED, a capable girl for general hotel work. Such a girl will receive good pay at Crocker's Hotel, Oldtown, Me.

Dissolution of Partnership.

The partnership existing under the firm name of Godfrey & Allen is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be carried on at the old stand by Fred N. Godfrey. All persons indebted to said firm are requested to make payment to said Godfrey who will assume all obligations and pay all bills of said firm.
FRED N. GODFREY,
ETHAN A. ALLEN.
Old Town, Me., March 26, 1898.

IF YOU ARE A WEAK MAN,
Vanity will make you pay $5 00 for a Spring Hat with a famous name in it. If you don't care a button for a name, you can buy as good, as stylish, identical in shape in fact
At Our Store, $2 50, $2.00
Come in and see us
HELLENBRAND & CO.,
PERRY BLOCK, OLD TOWN, ME.

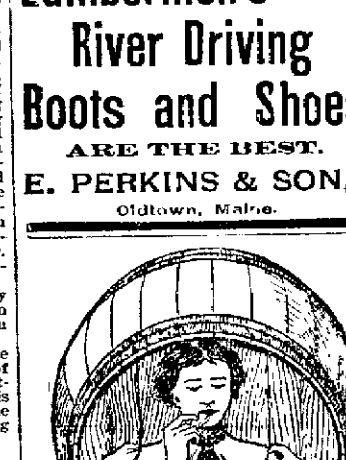
A. P. BRADBURY & SON,
DEALERS IN
Carpets, Oil Cloths,
ROOM PAPERS, CROCKERY, and FURNITURE of all kinds.
Prices Guaranteed to be as low as the lowest. Goods delivered FREE in Stillwater, Orono and Basin Mills.
Corner BRADBURY BLOCK,
OLDTOWN, MAINE

SPECIAL SALE.
A New Assortment of
PAINT WRAPPERS
JUST RECEIVED.
These are well made—new and pleasing styles and good fitting.
An inspection is likely to please.
C. H. GRAY,
Oldtown, - - - Maine

H. M. BURNHAM,
19 CENTRE STREET,
OLDTOWN, MAINE
Druggist and Apothecary,
Dealer in
Books and Stationery.

GEO. A. GRAY.
DEALER IN
Hardware, Paints, Oils., Etc.
181 Main St., OLDTOWN, MAINE.

PERKINS'
Lumbermen's
River Driving
Boots and Shoes
ARE THE BEST.
E. PERKINS & SON,
Oldtown, Maine.



The
Proof
of the quality of flour is in the eating of bread made of it. A taste of bread made of Rob Roy Flour will prove the claim—"*The finest winter wheat patent flour in the United States.*"
ROB ROY
FLOUR
is not only better, but more economical than other brands.
Sold everywhere.
WM. A. COOMBS, Coldwater, Mich.

Dividend Notice.
A semi annual dividend at the rate of three and one half per cent. per annum has been declared by the
PENOBSCOT SAVINGS BANK,
payable on and after
MONDAY, APRIL 4.
Dividends not withdrawn will be added to the principal.
GEO. H. HOPKINS, Treasurer.

- PUPILS -
Miss Mary F. Duren will receive a few pupils in College Preparatory or Common School studies.
507 Hammond St.

SICK HEADACHE
Positively cured by these Little Pills.
They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.
Small Pill. Small Dose.
Small Price.

European and North American Railway
DIVIDEND NO. 33.
of 2½ per cent. will be paid at the office of the Treasurer, Bangor, Maine, on and after April 4th next, to stockholders of record March 28th, instant.
CHAS. B. WYMAN, Treasurer.

City of Bangor.
WATER RATES.
Are now due. TEN PER CENT. will be added to all rates remaining unpaid after April 30 1898. Office open evenings from the 14th
WALTER L. BROWN, Collector.

RAILROADS.

Maine Central Railroad.

ARRANGEMENT OF TRAINS.
In Effect January 3, 1898.

Until further notice trains will leave Bangor as follows:

GOING EAST.

5.20 A. M.—For St. Stephen, Aroostook County, St. John and all points east of Bangor in Maine and the Provinces, with Pullman Car for St. John.
6.00 A. M.—Mixed to Vanceboro.
7.00 A. M.—For Old Town and all points on the B. & A. R. R.
8.30 and 11.30 A. M.—Local to Old Town.
12.20 P. M.—Mixed for Mattawamkeag.
2.15 P. M.—Local to Old Town.
3.35 P. M.—For Vanceboro, St. Stephen, Houlton, Woodstock, and St. John.
3.45 P. M.—Old Town and Aroostook County Points via B. & A. R. R.
4.25 P. M.—Old Town and Greenville via B. & A. R. R.
5.00 P. M.—Local to Old Town.
6.35 P. M.—For Old Town and Mattawamkeag.
11.05 P. M.—Theatre local to Old Town.

GOING WEST.

7.15 A. M.—For all points west connecting at Newport for Dover and Foxcroft and Moosehead Lake, Burnham for Belfast at Waterville for Oakland Winthrop, Lewiston, Farmington and Phillips, at Portland for Montreal and Toronto.
12.35 P. M.—Mixed for Waterville and way stations, connecting at Burnham for Belfast.
1.15 P. M.—Flying Yankee for Boston, with through Pullman Car running via Augusta, stopping at and connecting for Newport, Dexter, Dover and Foxcroft, Moosehead Lake, Belfast, Waterville, Augusta, Portland and Boston.
4.30 P. M.—For Dover and Foxcroft and Moosehead Lake via Dexter and mixed from Newport for all stations as far as Waterville the only.
8.00 P. M.—Every night for Portland and Boston via Augusta connecting for Lewiston and Bath. Pullman sleeping cars attached for Portland and Boston.
11.25 P. M.—Express for Portland and Boston. Pullman sleeping car attached for Portland and Boston.

BUCKSPORT BRANCH.

Trains leave Bangor for Bucksport at 6.45 a. m., 1.45 and 4.45 p. m., and Saturdays only at 6.45 p. m. Arrive in Bucksport 7.40 a. m., 2.55 and 5.45 p. m., 7.50 p. m., Saturdays only. Leave Bucksport for Bangor at 6.05 a. m. Mondays only, 10.15 a. m., 8.15 and 6.15 p. m. Arrive in Bangor at 7.10 a. m., Mondays only; 11.30 a. m., 4.20 and 7.15 p. m.

MT. DESERT BRANCH.

Trains leave Bangor for Ellsworth and Bar Harbor at 6.45 a. m., 8.40 a. m., and 4.45 p. m. Leave Ellsworth 7.59 a. m., 11.00 a. m., 5.45 p. m., 3.45 a. m. train connects for Sullivan and Sorrento.

Trains leave Bar Harbor (steamer) at 7.30 a. m., 10.30 a. m., and 3.10 p. m. Leave Mt. Desert Ferry at 8.20 a. m., 11.20 a. m. and 4.35 p. m. Leave Ellsworth 9.24 and 11.52 a. m., 5.10 p. m. Arrive in Bangor 11.15 a. m., 1.00 and 6.25 p. m.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

7.15 A. M.—For Waterville, Augusta, Portland and Boston.
8.00 P. M.—For Portland and Boston via Augusta, Bath and Lewiston. Pullman sleeping car attached.

ARRIVALS.

Through trains for the east arrive at 12.15 (Yankee) and at 11.15 p. m. From Greenville 9.15 a. m., B. & A. 12.45 and 6.5 p. m. from all points. Mattawamkeag 10.15 a. m. and 11.40 a. m. (mixed), 5.10 p. m. mixed from Vanceboro.
7.10 and 11.00 a. m., 2.45 and 7.30 p. m. locals from Portland.
From the West Arrive from Boston and Portland 5.45 a. m., and 3.25 and 8.20 p. m. Sundays 5.15 p. m. From Portland and way stations 11.45 a. m. From Waterville and from Dover and Foxcroft via Dexter 9.07 and 11.40 a. m. Sunday from Boston and Portland 5.15 p. m. Sunday paper train 11.25 a. m.
NOTE—Time of arrival and departure here given is that of Maine Central Depot; for Exchange Street Depot a slight difference should be allowed.
Through tickets to all principal points East and by all routes are on sale at the Maine Central Ticket Office. For Pullman Berths or information call on or telephone A. W. Benson, Ticket Agent.
GEORGE EVANS
General Manager
F. E. BOOTHBY
General Passenger and Ticket Agent.
Dec 30 1897

Bangor & Aroostook RAILROAD
ARRANGEMENT OF TRAINS.

In Effect Monday, Oct. 4, 1897.

Pullman Buffet Parlor Cars between Caribou and Bangor on train leaving Caribou at 5.45 A. M., and Bangor at 3.45 P. M.

Until further notice trains will leave Bangor as follows:

7.00 A. M.—For and arriving at Lagrange at 8.15 a. m., Milo 8.40 a. m., Brownville 8.53 a. m., Katahdin Iron Works 9.40 a. m., Norcross 9.4. a. m., Sherman 10.50 a. m., Island Falls 11.20 a. m., Smyrna Mills 11.58 a. m., Weeksboro 12.20 p. m., Masardis 1.10 p. m., Ashland 1.32 p. m., Houlton 12.20 p. m., Presque 2.05 p. m., Caribou 2.45 p. m., Fort Fairfield 2.50 p. m., Dover 9.15 a. m., Guilford 9.40 a. m., Monson Junction 9.58 a. m., Greenville 11.00 a. m.
3.45 P. M.—For and arriving at Brownville 5.25 p. m., Norcross 6.20 p. m., Sherman 7.20 p. m., Island Falls 7.45 p. m., Houlton 8.40 p. m., Presque Isle 10.22 p. m., Caribou 10.50 p. m., Fort Fairfield 10.40 p. m.
4.25 P. M.—For and arriving at Lagrange 5.44 p. m., Dover 6.40 p. m., Guilford 7.05 p. m., Monson Junction 7.27 p. m., Blanchard 7.45 p. m., Greenville 8.20 p. m.

ARRIVALS.

8.15 A. M.—Leaving Greenville at 5.25 a. m., Monson Junction 6.2. a. m., Guilford 6.42 a. m., Dover 7.00 a. m., Brownville 7.15 a. m., Milo 7.30 a. m., Lagrange 7.57 a. m.
12.45 P. M.—Leave Caribou 5.45 a. m., Presque Isle 6.15 a. m., Fort Fairfield 5.50 a. m., Houlton 7.55 a. m., Ashland 6.40 a. m., Masardis 7.05 a. m., Weeksboro 7.55 a. m., Smyrna Mills 8.10 a. m., Island Falls 8.30 a. m., Sherman 9.13 a. m., Norcross 10.10 a. m., Katahdin Iron Works 10.00 a. m., Brownville 11.07 a. m.
6.35 P. M.—Leaving Greenville 2.40 p. m., Monson Junction 3.40 p. m., Guilford 3.57 p. m., Dover 4.20 p. m., Caribou 11.05 a. m., Presque Isle 11.35 a. m., Fort Fairfield 11.10 a. m., Houlton 1.20 p. m., Island Falls 2.18 p. m., Sherman 2.42 p. m., Norcross 3.45 p. m., Brownville 4.45 p. m., Milo 4.58 p. m., Lagrange 5.24 p. m.
GEO. M. HOUGHTON,
Gen'l Passenger and Ticket Agent.
F. W. CRAM, Vice Pres't and Gen'l Mgr.
Bangor, M., Sept. 29, 1897.

Mt. Hope Cemetery Corporation.

The annual meeting of the proprietors of the Mt Hope Cemetery Corporation will be held at the room of the Common Council in the City of Bangor, on the FIRST MONDAY OF APRIL next (April 4th) at 10 o'clock A. M. for the choice of officers for the ensuing year and for the transaction of any other business that may properly come before the meeting.
J. M. BRIGHT, Secretary
March 25 com&newscopy

Adelbert P. Chick,
UNDERTAKER,
Telephone Night Call
OFFICE 35 PARK STREET.

ENTERPRISE
Candy Works.
HOLBROOK & DILLINGHAM,
PROPRIETORS.
13 Park Street, Bangor.
GIVE US A CALL.

MUNYON'S

Rheumatism Cure is guaranteed to be absolutely harmless, and a strong tonic in building up the weak and debilitated. It cures acute or muscular rheumatism in from one to five days. Sharp, shooting pains in any part of the body stopped in a few doses. A prompt, complete and permanent cure for lameness, soreness, stiff back and all pains in hips and loins. Chronic rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago or pain in the back are speedily cured. It seldom fails to give relief from one to two doses, and almost invariably cures before one bottle has been used. The Munyon Remedy Company prepare a separate cure for each disease. At all druggists—25 cents a vial. If you need medical advice write Prof. Munyon, 1505 Arch Street, Philadelphia. It is absolutely free.

RHEUMATISM

GRAND EASTER OPENING

Thursday and Friday, Apr. 7 and 8

—OF—

Imported Pattern Hats

and CHoice Novelties.

MRS. F. QUINN, 132 Main St.

Opp. Opera House

Pianos Pianos

I have just received a CARLOAD of the popular high grade

McPhail Pianos. . . .

also a number of ESPECIAL BARGAINS in other makes. PIANO BUYERS, TEACHERS, SINGERS and MUSICIANS generally are cordially invited to call and examine these superb instruments. I have been intimately acquainted with the McPhail pianos for twenty-five years and I KNOW that they are the only one of the most satisfactory pianos to have, but for ACTION, TONE, EVENNESS OF SCALE and DURABILITY, they are not surpassed by any piano made in New England, more than 14,000 of these beautiful pianos are in use in Boston alone the great musical center of the United States.

Do not close a trade until you see these goods.

Old instruments taken in exchange for new.

Send for catalogues.

GEO. S. SILSBY,

84 Main St., Bangor, Me.

Dr. W. F. JOHNSON,

DENTIST,

BANGOR,

00 MAIN ST. MAINE

NOTICE.

The firm heretofore existing under the name of Wm. Z. Clayton & Co., is terminated by the death of Chas. H. Dennett. The business will be continued by Wm. Z. Clayton at the old place on Hammond Street, where is being fitted up rooms for Undertaking and more particular attention will be paid to that part of the business. Wm. Z. Clayton is connected by telephone, No. 74-2 and will give personal attention to all calls. [illegible]

STOP AT

ST. JAMES HOTEL

Bangor, Me.

CENTER OF CITY — 50 ROOMS — OPEN ALL NIGHT

CHRIS TOOLE, Prop

First of Season.

New Beets and Green Beans at

LYNCH'S,

THE LEADING CASH MARKET,

Exchange Street.

ORONO SLUICE COMPANY.

The annual meeting of the Orono Sluice Company will be held at the office of Adams & Co., No. 72 Exchange Street, Bangor, on Monday, April 4th, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of electing officers for the ensuing year, and to act upon any other business that may properly come before said meeting.

GEORGE S. CHALMERS, Clerk.

Bangor, March 28, 1898.

PROFITABLE HOME WORK

FOR MEN AND WOMEN

A few men and women in every town to make novelties for us at their homes; can work day or evening and make $6 to $15 weekly, according to the amount of time devoted to the work, experience unnecessary, no canvassing, steady employment the year round, full particulars and work sent to your home on application. Columbian Mfg. Co., 131 N. 4th St., Philadelphia, Pa.

STEAMBOATS.

Boston & Bangor Steamship Co.

Until Opening of Navigation.

Steamer Penobscot will Leave Bucksport

For Boston via Searsport, Belfast, Camden and Rockland on, Mondays and Thursdays at 11.00 A. M.

RETURNING

From Boston, Tuesdays and Fridays at 5 p. m. From Rockland, via way landings, Wednesdays and Saturdays at (about) 5 a. m.

HENRY T. SANBORN, Agent, Bangor.
CALVIN AUSTIN, Gen'l Supt. Boston
WILLIAM H. HILL, General Manager, Boston

Bangor & Bar Harbor Steamboat Co.

SPRING ARRANGEMENT 1898.

IN EFFECT MARCH 30th.

Two Trips per Week.

STEAMER SEDGWICK will leave Bangor at 7.30 A. M. every Wednesday and Saturday for Bar Harbor and way landings.

RETURNING

Leave Bar Harbor at 7 A. M. every Monday and Thursday.

Meals Served.

Change to three trips per week May 2rd.

GEO. H. BARBOUR, Prest.
W. H. BARBOUR, Manag

ANOTHER FOXCROFT FIX.

Somerville's Debt Equal to Cash Value of the Town.

Tax Rates Enormous, but Citizens Struggled to Meet Obligation

And Offer 25 Per Cent.—Farmers About Are Disheartened.

Somerville, Me., April 2. This town is in a worse fix today than Foxcroft. In 1887 there were so many outstanding orders, many of them drawing 6 per cent. interest, that the town thought it best to issue bonds at 5 per cent. to save interest. By this means most of the orders were called in, but not all. Some of the town's creditors preferred to keep their 6 per cent. orders. The tax rate was enormous, but the citizens struggled to meet the legal obligations. From this point affairs grew rapidly worse. The people grew poorer, and when the hard times came they became utterly disheartened. It became evident that the principal could never be paid. There were no industrial enterprises, nothing but run out farms, rickety buildings and a debt equal to half the assessed valuation, and greater, it is said, than the actual cash value of the whole town. The citizens rapidly fell out of the tax paying ranks.

Tax deeds accumulated in the town treasury. Then the crash came and all were paralyzed. What can be done about it. The townspeople called a town meeting March 24 and tried to find an answer to the question. A committee of three was chosen to effect a settlement, and authorized to offer 25 per cent. on the debt. Even at this rate a mighty struggle is before this unhappy town of 350 people. When the bonds are due the debt will equal the valuation of the town. Possibly the creditors will then take the town. What could they do with the inhabitants? They would have a dead town worth possibly $6000, and 350 people to support.

Such a thing would be unique. The present creditors would simply assume the debt due them and the support of as many of the population as chose to remain. One who visits the town is appalled by the evidences of ruin, and only marvels that any civic pride remains.

CARLOS V. DELAYED.

Washington April 3. The Navy Department has received a despatch saying that the Spanish warship Carlos V. has been delayed from sailing from Ferrol up to this time because she was waiting for the arrival of 20 French machinists. Seven of these machinists were selected and taken aboard and the vessel departed for Ferrol.

This confirms the information which the Navy Department has received frequently that the Spanish navy is very poorly supplied with machinists for war vessels and has been seeking experienced men in France.

HARVEY SERIOUSLY ILL.

Chicago April 3. W. H. Harvey, more familiarly known as "Coin" Harvey, is dangerously ill of appendicitis at the Presbyterian hospital and his family entertain grave fears for his recovery.

LORD HILLINGDON DEAD.

London, April 3. Lord Hillingdon, (Charles Henry Mills), chairman of the committee of London clearing bankers, died suddenly in church at Wilton today. He was born in 1830, was the son of the late Sir Charles Mills, Bart., and was elevated to the peerage in 1886. He was a partner in the well known banking house of Glyn, Mills & Co.

LANG SAW MURDER COMMITTED

Portsmouth N. H., April 2. Deputy Sheriff Collis, of this city, with Chief of Police Reed A. Lang, of Sanbornville, went to Hampton Falls March 24 and arrested Frank Sherburne, who will be the principal state witness against Wm. M. Nason, charged with the murder of the unknown man, whose remains were found in Lovell's pond, Sanbornville, 11 years ago. It was to Sheriff Collis and Officer Lang that Sherburne made his confession.

Sheriff Collis said tonight that Sherburne was greatly frightened when arrested and was easily led to tell what he knew of the crime. Sherburne is a bright young fellow of about 28 years, well thought of in Hampton Falls.

Sherburne said that he, when the murder took place was only a lad of 17, and that he was eight feet away when he saw it.

A DECREE GAZETTED.

Madrid, April 3. A decree has been gazetted creating 225,000,000 pesetas of new treasury notes on the guarantee of the receipts from the tobacco stamps and extra duties.

AMERICAN VESSELS PASSING.

Madrid, April 3. A despatch from Porto Rico announces that three large vessels are passing that island, going westward. It is added that there are believed to be American ships.

ORDERED TO LEAVE.

Madrid, April 3. The armored cruiser Emperor Charles V. has been ordered to leave today for Ferrol.

DEATH DEALING INVENTION.

Wayne Me., April 2. Hiram S. Maxim is acknowledged to be one of the greatest inventors in the world's history, but the genius of the Maxim family does not stop with him. His brother, Hudson Maxim, of Wayne, has just invented a gun which in its awful destructive force, goes far beyond Hiram's. It is called the Maxim aerial torpedo, and is designed for coast defence and naval work.

As its name implies, the torpedo is fired into the air instead of being shot along the surface of the water; in fact it is used the same as any cannon or mortar. The gun from which it is fired has a bore of 26 inches, which is double the size of any cannon now in use in the world. It will throw a ton of dynamite a distance of five miles. With all the torpedoes now in use the object aimed at must be hit or no damage is done. With the Maxim torpedo, if it strikes anywhere within 200 feet of a warship, it will shiver it to atoms. He has also invented a smokeless powder to use with the torpedo.

This is the most terrible invention of the age. One of these guns planted in New York harbor could destroy all the navies of the world. The invention has been perfected only within the past few days, and the United States government is now testing it.

NEW CRUISER PURCHASED.

London, April 2. Lieutenant Commander Colwell, the United States naval attache here, this afternoon purchased from the Thames Iron Works for his government a cruiser of 1800 tons displacement and capable of a speed of 16 knots. The vessel carries six 4.7 inch guns and ten smaller ones. She is fitted with twin screws and has a protected deck.

Lieutenant Commander Colwell at 5 o'clock this afternoon hoisted the stars and stripes on the cruiser, and tonight had obtained a crew. The vessel will go to sea within three days. Lieutenant Commander Colwell says the price paid was very reasonable.

SPANISH NAVAL MOVES.

Madrid, April 3—(Sunday morning via Paris) The Spanish cabinet has decided that the torpedo flotilla is to remain at the Cape de Verde Islands until further orders. The flotilla will be joined later by a squadron composed of the armored cruiser Emperor Charles V., of 9,235 tons, the cruiser Alfonso XIII, of 5,000 tons, the armored cruiser Infanta Maria Teresa of 7,000 tons, and the armored cruiser Cristobal Colon, of 6,840 tons, which will accompany the torpedo flotilla to Cuba. It has also been decided by the government to send the armored cruisers Vizcaya and Almirante Oquesdo, both of 7,000 tons, back to Havana. They will receive orders to this effect as soon as they sight Porto Rico.

A national subscription to strengthen the Spanish fleet will be organized by a royal decree but the decree will not be published before a declaration of war.

The cabinet, which met at 8 o'clock last night, discussed the situation until midnight. At the close of the conference it was declared that no official news had been received at that time from Washington; but it was admitted that the ministers were filled with gloomy impressions. One cabinet minister declared that he had received private information concerning the extreme gravity of the situation.

The minister for war, Lieut. Gen. Correa, submitted for the approval of the cabinet, elaborate plans for the organization of the military forces of the kingdom.

The minister for the home department, Don Ruiz y Capdepon, in an interview, declared that everything pointed to war.

The cabinet has examined propositions for the arming of merchant vessels as privateers, but it has been decided to await events before coming to any decision on this subject.

Finally a telegram from the Spanish minister at Washington, Senor Polo y Bernabe, was read at the cabinet meeting, in which Senor Bernabe said President McKinley will be overruled by Congress.

APPEAL TO M'KINLEY

Madrid, April 2. The telegram from the president of the Cuban autonomous government to President McKinley, appealing to him in the name of the respectable and responsible majority in Cuba, in the name of civilization, of liberty and justice, has made a deep impression here. The United States is deceived by the reports sent from Havana, where only a man of rare force can fight the terrible junta. We easily understood here the words of President J. Galvez when he says:

"The autonomous government of this island, which is the government of Cuba, protests energetically against the falsehood of a portion of the American press, published with malign purpose to excite passions, in order to make believe that injustice and brutal force reign in Cuba, and that autonomy has failed before even the colonial constitutional parliament has been called to know whether the new regime may bring good results. There is no good faith in such versions. As the inviolable Washington said: 'The best policy is the truth.'

"Shortly will be called the Cuban Parliament, with American ideas and principles of right, which is in respect of the wishes of the majority of the population."

As the Correo says, the diplomatic importance of this document is endless. It asks for liberty of action of the Cubans and protests against the exigencies of the United States and affirms adhesion to the mother country. Perfect peace exists in Porto Rico.

The Epoca favors intervention of the powers to secure peace. One paragraph of its leader says:

"It seems impossible to say one thing, that reflective opinion in America does not realize the difficulties, responsibilities and humiliation in store for the American government in its efforts to impose upon Cuba, as also Spain, the cost of a ruinous war and the yoke of an immoral and destructive majority."

HUNDREDS ARE ENLISTING.

New York, April 2. More than 1,000 Americans ready to take up arms on behalf of the government at any time enlisted today in the American Volunteer Reserve, of which Lieut. Gen. J. M. Schofield is acting commander.

Hundreds of enlistment blanks properly filled and signed were received in the day's mail at the headquarters of the reserve, No. 1 Broadway. About 3,000 have now enlisted in the movement to form what will amount to a standing army in the United States.

Gov. W. A. Richards of Wyoming announced his readiness to shoulder a musket at any time the nation is attacked. Major Gen. G. B. Wilcox sent word from Washington today that he had assurances that every confederate general in the civil war was anxious to assist in the movement.

CAMP EQUIPAGE COMING EAST.

Denver, Col., April 3. The balloon equipment at Fort Logan and several carloads of camp equipage from the same post will be started east tomorrow. Five cars were loaded today and will be sent through to Fort Wadsworth at the entrance of New York harbor. Sergeant Ivy Baldwin, the practical balloon man, at the post, expects to follow the balloon outfit, which includes not only the signal balloon made by him, but the balloon wagon, four tube wagons and the paraphernalia for generating gas. The camp equipage includes tents, army stoves, and baggage used by men on a campaign.

A NEW FLOTILLA.

Madrid, April 3. A flotilla of torpedo boats and torpedo boat destroyers is being prepared for active service at Cadiz.

OUT OF DOORS.

At the adjourned meeting of the Portland gun club last week the matter of the tournament to be held on the club ground Fast Day was discussed, and it was decided to arrange the programme in such a way that the club will practically throw all targets free and also add $50 besides. Programmes will be sent all over New England and New York to gun clubs and it is expected to make this opening shoot of the season one of the best and largest held in New England this season. Reduced rates have been obtained on the rail roads so that a large delegation of shooters from out of town is expected. One of the features of the day will be a three man team shoot for Maine clubs. This always creates a lively interest as there are a large number of clubs that generally contend. It was voted to commence the season's shoots next Wednesday. The shooting will be something after the same style that was held last season and in addition the club will have matches at unknown angles, expert rules, doubles and something else for a variety.

There is a queer story comes from Rangeley regarding the death of a huge bull moose. As the story runs three men were out exploring for timber. They started this moose out of his yard. He ran into a landing and drove three men from the landing. The next day the whole lumbering crew had to go out and tire the moose. He was all tired out. They had a picture taken of him. Then they gave him some salt, after which he went off three miles, laid down and died. He measured nine feet long and seven feet high. Warden Huntoon skinned him. This is the story as reported to the commissioners, which they are thoroughly investigating. The theories regarding the death of the moose are conflicting, and several causes are assigned, one of which is that being tired he could not save himself from the degredation of being photographed and then fed to common salt, as though he were a common cow. Everything tended to utterly unman him, and he committed suicide. Then there are other theories.

A lazy liver makes a lazy man. Burdock Blood Bitters is the natural, never failing remedy for a lazy liver.

MAINE SCHOONER SUNK.

St. Elmo of Rockland, Goes Down in a Furious Northeaster.

Whole Crew Save one, is Washed Overboard in Storm.

First Mate Found Half Dead in the Rigging.

Nantucket, April 2. Keeper Remson, of the Sankaty Head lighthouse, reported this morning that a schooner had sunk 12 miles east of the island.

A crew immediately put off for the wreck in the Humane Society's boat in charge of James A. Holmes, arriving on the scene in time to see the crew of a fishing smack take a man from the rigging. The smack then signalled the boat, and gave the nearly exhausted sailor into the care of the life saving crew. The boat was taken in tow by the fishing schooner Petrel and brought to the shore when the poor sailor was brought to town for medical treatment. He was delirious and it has been impossible thus far to obtain more than a brief outline of his terrible experience.

The unlucky ship was the schooner St. Elmo, Capt. Henry Hall, from Rockland, for New York, with a cargo of lime. She left Rockland about a week ago, and was caught in the terrific northeaster of Thursday morning when her cargo shifted. John A. Reed, the man saved, who was first mate, had lashed himself in the rigging, but before others could follow his example they were washed overboard, including the captain's wife, who was Reed's mother, and the captain, his stepfather. Five souls were swept into the raging waters, while the ship, which had lost sails and been otherwise disabled, drifted about among the shoals east of this island as the wind and tide swept her, finally standing on Rose and Crown shoal and sinking.

The weather Thursday night and the next morning was bitter cold, the temperature reaching 32 degrees above. How Reed stood the awful exposure four days and four nights is beyond conception. Reed seems to be partially paralyzed in the legs, owing to his cramped position in the rigging. Everything is being done for his comfort. The vessel belonged in Rockland, Me., and was owned by A. F. Crockett & Co.

NO REPLY TO SPAIN'S MEMORANDUM.

Washington, April 3. The best information obtainable here is that no reply to Spain's memorandum (for it appears that the response Senor Sagasta gave to Gen. Woodford's last representations that hostilities must cease was in the nature of a memorandum instead of a note) has been sent. The supposition that the last cablegram, described as an 11-page message, is a reply, probably is based on the fact that there are, as Madrid says, 11 pages of it, but this is not significant since the department uses a group cipher and it is said that 11 pages probably would be in reality comparatively short message and the department has been cabling Minister Woodford for several days, sending him information and instructions. These communications, it is stated, is indicated in the foregoing, have not been in the nature of a reply to Spain's last response, an abstract of which was given out after Friday's cabinet meeting.

TO BE ABANDONED.

Boston April 3. No further attempt will be made by the Boston Tow Boat company to raise the armament or other valuable property from the sunken Maine.

All work on the wreck in Havana harbor will be abandoned at once and a message sent to Capt. Willey of the Underwriter to leave Havana with his wrecking apparatus at once.

This action is taken by the Boston Towboat company in pursuance of instructions received yesterday afternoon from Hon. John D. Long secretary of the navy. President Winson yesterday received notice from Secretary Long that the government did not intend to continue wrecking operations on the Maine and that the towboat company would be expected to suspend work at once.

The towboat company took steps to carry out the instructions of the secretary of the navy, and sent word to have the tugs and wrecking apparatus leave Havana as soon as possible.

Yesterday afternoon negotiations between the navy department and the Boston Towboat Company were completed by which the powerful sea-going tug and collier Saturn becomes the property of the government.

She is adapted to be used both as a coal-carrying tug or for towing barges, as she can carry a cargo of 3,000 tons of coal. The Saturn is a steel boat, 275 feet long, 40 feet beam and a depth of 26½ feet. Her gross tonnage is 2,268.

WOODFORD GETS REPLY TO SPAIN.

Madrid, April 3. The United States minister, Gen. Stewart L. Woodford, has received from Washington a reply to Spain's note. It consists of 11 pages in cipher, but its contents are unknown.

SPAIN WILL BE FORCED INTO WAR.

Havana, April 2. After striving for months to avert a crisis, the Spanish today believe that Spain will be forced into war. The feeling is naturally bitter, though the government continues its praiseworthy assurances that Americans in Havana will be protected.

The truth may as well be told. Those who imagine that Havana is anything but loyal to Spain are mistaken. The city is stirred from center to circumference with patriotic ardor. No thought is given to the possible outcome of a conflict with the United States. The opinion prevails that the honor of Spain has been assailed, and men of all classes are anxious to avenge it.

At night the prado is filled with recruits, drilling and making ready for possible emergencies. The cafes are nightly crowded with excited throngs, who discuss the outlook and maintain their temper with difficulty.

An official said last night that the sensational American newspapers had wrought up the evil passions of the people, until he feared that the American cry for war would prove irresistible. He spoke of those who are responsible for these papers being guilty of bringing about a wholesale murder, which, he says, war amounts to in modern times.

A story that three American warships were seen patrolling the Cuban coast is not believed. The Vizcaya, which went out with the Oquendo last night, was spoken early this morning by the Mascotte, lying off Havana. The Vizcaya is believed to have gone on to rejoin the Oquendo.

The guard about the American consulate will be increased tomorrow, and no gathering in the Parque Central will be permitted. The commercial world here is as panicky as can be imagined.

CABLE TO HAWAII.

Honolulu, March 24—Via San Francisco, April 2. A bill has been introduced in the Hawaiian senate to authorize the construction of a cable by the Pacific Cable Company, whose bill in Congress was favorably reported on by a committee of the house several weeks ago. The bill gives an exclusive cable right to the islands for 20 years. A guarantee of $25,000 in government bonds is to be put up by the company.

The salaries of the cabinet ministers have been increased from $4500 a year to $6000.

HARVY WILBUR CAPTURED

While in the Act of Robbing a Waterville Jewelry store.

Waterville, Me., April 3. Harry Wilbur a well known character of this city, was captured Saturday night by Officer Geo. Simpson in the store of Mr. George Barney of Temple street, into which he had broken at about 11 o'clock. Wilbur was in the act of removing the contents of a show case containing watches when arrested by the officers, who made a flying leap through a large light of glass in the store door. The man resisted, drawing a razor, but was overpowered and taken to the station house to await trial. Wilbur was convicted a few years since for highway robbery, holding up a gentleman upon the "Neck road" in Oakland. A barber shop broken into, nickel machine despoiled of its contents and razors stolen some months ago was laid to Wilbur and this count will be presented against him when he has his hearing before the grand jury, as the razor he might have used upon the officer Saturday night is one of those missing from the Tom Carleton shop. Harry Wilbur is about 24 unmarried.

WORK BEING PUSHED.

Philadelphia, April 3. There was the usual activity at the League Island navy yard today. Work is being pushed night and day on the eight old monitors. The Catskill and Nassau have been taken out of the dry dock and the Jason and Montauk were put in. The Lehigh is ready to go in and the Mahopac. Manhattan and Canonicus have been towed from the back channel to the docks, where they will be fitted with boilers. Fifteen inch shells and solid shot were put on board the Catskill and Nahant today.

Officers of the New York and Massachusetts naval reserves who have been ordered to the navy yard to take charge of the monitors, arrived here today and reported to Commandant Casey.

The double turret monitor Miantonomah and the coast defense ram Katahdin which have been ready to sail for some days, have as yet received no orders, but it is said that the Miantonomah will receive her orders tomorrow.

The fire steam yacht Josephine, which the government has purchased from P. A. B. Widener of this city, arrived at the navy yard today from Wilmington, Del., and will be immediately transferred into a gunboat. The Josephine is of 545 tons, 191 feet long, 28 feet beam and draws 15 feet of water. She was built in 1895.

HE NEVER CAME BACK.

Sanford, Me., April 3. Edmund G. Murray, a stable keeper at Springvale, Me., stated that late one afternoon in the fall of 1887 he let a wagon to a stranger to go to the home of William F. Nason, alias Pete Shackley, in Shapleigh. The stranger was well dressed and seemed to be a business man. He never returned, but the wagon was brought back by Shackley on the morning of the third day.

Shackley told Murray that the stranger had taken a train at Sanbornville and would settle for the wagon when he came to Springvale again. Murray has never seen the stranger since. Murray described the stranger as 5 feet 4 or 5 inches in height and weighing about 180 pounds. He had brown hair and moustache, no beard and was dressed in dark clothes.

WRATH OF HUNGARY AROUSED.

Budapest, April 3. In the debate on the estimates in the House of Magnates today Count Szechenyi referred to the prohibitive tariff of the United States and urged that the Austro-Hungarian government take action, even to the point of retaliation.

The minister of commerce admitted that the sugar exports had suffered greatly. He said that it would be expedient to adopt a definite attitude toward the United States in regard to the tariff. The initiative the minister of commerce said, could not be taken by Hungary, but he hoped that the European states that were injured by the United States tariff would agree to take united action and carry out a vigorous policy.

POINTS STRONGLY TO SETTLEMENT.

New Bedford, Mass., April 3. Indications now point more strongly than ever to a settlement of the strike on Monday, April 11, and it is believed that the mill gates will be opened on that day and that the operatives will generally return to work. The retail grocers and market men of the city, without exception, who have been carrying the strikers on credit for the past ten weeks today issued, notice that commencing Monday, April 11, all sales will be for cash only, and in enforcing this action they are backed up by the wholesalers, who will demand cash payments of the retail merchants. This action means that the strikers will have to accept the alternative of returning to work or starving. The pastors of the three French Catholic churches today addressed their parishioners regarding the strike, practically advising them to return to work when the mill gates shall be opened.

Notwithstanding these latest developments, the weavers are planning for a big parade tomorrow afternoon at 1 o clock.

TALLEST CALIFORNIA MAN TINIEST WOMAN

Frank Edgar Peck, of Chico, is believed to be the tallest and Miss Marie Barrall, of East Oakland, is believed to be the shortest person in California. The former stands 6 feet 9¾ inches in his stocking feet and about 7 feet with his shoes on.

Peck was born in Minnesota and came across the plains in childhood to Butte county, where he has lived ever since. He received his education in the public schools in Chico, and after having left school went into the stock business, which he followed for some time. After this he was elected constable of Chico township, in which position he served one term. For the past four or five years he has been engaged in mining on Butte Creek.

Mr. Peck's father, George Peck, is 6 feet, 5½ inches in height; his brother, James A. Peck, is 6 feet 2 inches in height.

The Allen family, relatives of the Pecks on Mr. Peck's side, and living in Chico, of which there are five boys, is noted for height. The five boys are all over 6 feet tall.

Miss Barrall is as dainty a little lady as can be found on the Pacific coast. She is twenty-one years old, highly educated, speaking and writing four languages fluently, besides being an accomplished musician. Her exact height is 3 feet.

California adopted her from an ancestral home in Germany when she was five years old. She was a tiny creature then, but grew slowly until she attained her present stature at the age of sixteen. Her brother and two sisters are of normal size, as are all her relatives.

Unlike most persons who are noticeably smaller than their fellow mortals, Miss Barrall is exquisitely proportioned from the top of her charming little head with its crown of luxurient golden-brown hair to the fairy like little feet. She does not in the least suggest the word "dwarf;" she seems simply a cultured and extremely pleasing young woman viewed through the wrong end of an opera-glass.

Castoria

JAMES H. SNOW & CO.,

The People's Popular Grocery Store.

15 & 17 W. Market Sq.

Bangor's Pure Food Mart

This is Your Chance.

California Green Gages 3 lb cans

Egg Plums 3 lb cans

N Y State Bartlett Pears 2 lb cans

Sliced or Grated Pineapple

Fine English Strawberries

REMEMBER

can is guaranteed to give satisfaction.

RAMBLER BICYCLES

FOR 1898.

For Simplicity, Strength, and Easy Running take the Lead.

It is time to be looking up your mount for the coming season.

Why not ride a Popular Priced

RAMBLER?

Come in and talk it over.

W. C. BRYANT.

JEWELER TO THE PEOPLE. - - - - BANGOR, MAINE

We Have

Every Modern Improvement for the Successful Practice of Dentistry.

Golden Porcelain Crowns ... making the natural tooth. We make a specialty of Bridgework ... best teeth on Rubber Plates for $8.00 ... for $1.00. We put in Amalgam ... 50c ... We charge for extracting per tooth ... 5c ...

Sawyer Dental Co.,

25 State Street.

C. E. Sawyer, D. D. S., M.

THE VACUUM OIL COMPANY.

The Largest Manufacturers of

CYLINDER, ENGINE AND MACHINERY OIL

INTELLIGENT MANUFACTURERS OF MINERAL LEATHER OIL

THE VACUUM OIL COMPANY.

REFINERIES—Rochester and Olean, N. Y.
New England Office, 4 Post Office Sq., Boston

BANGOR OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE
No. 78 EXCHANGE ST
ALTON MILLIKEN, Mgr.

MAIL ORDERS CAREFULLY LOOKED AFTER

WE HAVE TAKEN THE AGENCY FOR BANGOR FOR

The Celebrated Bailey Road Wagons

WHITON'S CARRIAGE REPOSITORY,

60 to 66 HARLOW STREET, BANGOR.

About Half Price.

One lot new spring Dress Goods, just in, we have marked them

29 CENTS.

They usually sell at fifty.

Another lot of the pretty imported Ginghams plaids and stripes.

TUCKER & SAWYER,

THE GLOVE STORE,

Bangor, - - - Maine.

FREE

Friday and Saturday

With every $1.00 purchase in any department, not including canned fruits or ... we give free,

One Pint Best Oysters

Ribbons

Veilings

Small Wares

Groceries

SUGAR

With Other Goods

$4\frac{1}{2}$ C

Oysters or Sugar can be had as premiums in any of the departments. Hot Coffee free Saturday evening.

FREESE'S

78 & 80 Main

ARE YOU GOING TO USE ANY

Birch or Oak Floors

C. A. WASH

North Western Mutual Life Insurance Company

Fashionable Tailoring

W. H. PRIE

No. 6 Kenduskeag

FOR RENT—From and after April next, ... No. 48 Ohio street, now occupied ... will be for rent.

NewspaperARCHIVE.com

FREE!

Friday and Saturday

With every $1.00 purchase in any department not including canned fruits or sugar, we give free,

One Pint Best Oysters.

Ribbons.

[illegible]ailing.

[illegible] veiling [illegible] for Friday

Small Wares

[illegible]

Groceries

[illegible]

SUGAR

With Other Goods,

4½ C.

Oysters or Sugar may be had as premiums in any of the departments [illegible] Coffee free Saturday evening.

FREESE'S

7[illegible] 80 Main Street.

ARE [illegible] GOING [illegible]

Beech or Oak Flooring?

[illegible] Canada Birch [illegible] own manufacture, to [illegible] buying.

C. A. WASHBURN.

North Western Mutual Life Insurance Company.

[illegible] ANNUAL STATEMENTS.

[illegible] $1,807,692
[illegible] 3,725,090
[illegible] claims [illegible] 1,169,023
[illegible] other companies.
[illegible] 1897, thirty per cent.

[illegible] HUNTON, Gen'l Agent, [illegible] Exchange St., Bangor

Fashionable Tailor,

W. H. PRIEST,

Men's Garments Cleansed, Pressed and Repaired in first-class shape. [illegible] always reasonable. [illegible] formerly occupied by A. M. Anderson

No. 6 Kenduskeag Bridge,

Over Adams' Shoe Store

FOR RENT—From and after the first day of April next, Hon. F. C. Burleigh's house, No. 40 [illegible] street, now occupied by W. H. Emery, will be for rent. Apply to Albert W. Paine.

ELLSWORTH NEWS.

Sudden Death of a Man Discovered on Saturday.

Found In Bed in the Morning—Had Been in Good Health Previously—Other News Notes.

[Special to Whig and Courier.]

Ellsworth, April 3. P. S. Glover, of West Sumner was found dead in his bed at Mrs. Remick's on Hancock street Saturday morning. He retired in good health Friday evening and gave no sound of suffering during the night. When he failed to come to breakfast Saturday morning Mrs. Remick, with whom he boarded, went to his room. He did not answer her call and the room was entered. Mr. Glover was found lifeless. A physician was summoned. It was thought that the death was due to an epileptic fit. Mr. Glover was about 32 years of age. He came to Ellsworth about five weeks ago [illegible] washing machine, for which he was the agent in this part of the State. He had a wife living at West Sumner, where the remains were taken for burial by Rev. [illegible] E. Woodcock, of this city, a [illegible] of the deceased.

The Ellsworth Camera Club will be [illegible] work on the new club rooms in the [illegible] building on Monday.

[illegible] the conflict in the date of [illegible] and the senior com[illegible] Hancock hall [illegible] the club has changed its [illegible] to Tuesday evening, April [illegible] Mrs. Lewis Hodgkins [illegible] club that evening.

FROM JAWS OF DEATH.

Graphic Description of the Saving of Life from a Wrecked Vessel.

[illegible] vivid idea [illegible] and the terrible [illegible] down into [illegible] and the following [illegible] of the wreck [illegible] Willie H. Higgins on the Mas[illegible] reported, of [illegible]

Schooner Willie H. Higgins went ashore on Peaked Hill bar, one half mile west of the Peaked Hill life saving station, during Friday's snowfall and heavy [illegible] will probably be a [illegible] loss. [illegible] of the Peaked Hill bar [illegible] sight of the stranded craft [illegible] to the station and gave the alarm. Capt. Cook of the station immediately notified the Race Point and [illegible] head [illegible] and with his men [illegible] to the scene of wreck.

[illegible] was on the inner bar about [illegible] from shore, lying heeled off to [illegible] with [illegible] lying vast and slight [illegible]

The scene presented was a most impressive and awe inspiring one. But little [illegible] could be perceived [illegible] noticeable in the hull [illegible] struck with fearful force [illegible] keel deep in the yielding [illegible] through the showers of cutting [illegible] and [illegible] the cause of the [illegible] in the rent and [illegible] The spanker and [illegible] the former set at single the [illegible] were torn in fragments [illegible] with the barred [illegible] at right angles to the [illegible] of a square rigger, a [illegible] which caused the station [illegible] brig when first they saw [illegible]

It was dead low water at 11.45 and an [illegible] on the shore, but [illegible] was as nothing compared [illegible] the breakers [illegible] the bar, which [illegible] risk or rescue one of fearful [illegible]

[illegible] sent out by Capt. Cook to [illegible] brought the Fisher [illegible] Kelley [illegible] from Race point and [illegible] in quick time, the [illegible] arriving at 11.50 with its boat [illegible] 12 o'clock without gear to [illegible] Right here be it [illegible] the life savers did splendid service. This was the second wreck to occur on [illegible] Cook's bounds [illegible] the old [illegible] lighter [illegible] 14 months ago, and with a [illegible] of a kind which made [illegible] famous long ago, his suc[illegible] performed his dangerous duties [illegible]

At 12 o'clock sharp the Peaked hill station boat was rushed to the water's edge. The crew seized the oars and, pulling like [illegible] the boat began her journey. [illegible] had been gained [illegible] boiled in upon and [illegible] her bow [illegible] her stern first to [illegible] but a savage digging of [illegible] the frosty flood sent her [illegible] and she emerged from [illegible] of surf and sped seaward, where her crew kept her going slowly while awaiting the launching of her backer, the Race pointers. The crew got its [illegible] afloat and under headway at 12.07, but instantly huge waves reared straight ahead of her and rushed in, growing ever larger. Those who were at the oars heard the roar of the on-coming flood and put in their whole strength at [illegible] those who had waded in, pushing [illegible] and stern, dropped [illegible] for dry land. The seas, [illegible] two, three, rushed upon the boat, [illegible] her bow straight to the zenith and [illegible] her backward in a cloud of spray. Before she struck the shore the oarsmen had regained control, and it, like its predecessor, forged ahead anew.

Then ensued a battle royal—two staunch lifeboats, manned by brawny [illegible] striving arduously to urge the craft [illegible] the smother separating ship and [illegible]

[illegible] the hardest effort availed nothing, the sweeping seas bringing the [illegible] boats to a standstill or carrying [illegible] sidelong east or west, but gradually [illegible] the bar, the Peaked Hill [illegible] by a hundred yards and [illegible] a rush of waters [illegible] was beaten into foam.

As they crept up to the three-master's starboard quarter the great ragged bolts of canvas from the spanker boom, wind [illegible] lashed out at them like snakes, constituting a real and unusual form of danger. The Race Point boat was hurled high on the crest of a sea and swung clear out of water.

For 10 minutes, nearly, the boats and crews were in imminent danger, escapes [illegible] narrowest margins occurring almost [illegible] while a [illegible] of water dashed incessantly across them. Then they reached the wreck and Capt. Cook's boat ranged alongside. A rope thrown by the seamen was secured and the work of taking off the schooner's crew began. From around the vessel's stern and stem great seas poured, meeting midway of the hull, knocking the rescuing boat to right and left and up and down, while sheets of spray which flew nearly to the crosstrees and great masses of water dashed athwart the decks, falling upon the boat's crew. It was swept at fearful speed ahead and astern by the seas as it hung to the line, making the work of receiving the shipwrecked people a thing of great difficulty.

The first person to be lowered was a woman, Mrs. F. A. Long, wife of the steward. A sudden upward heave of the boat occurred just as she was descending and she struck the boat with sickening force. The rescue of the entire party was effected in a couple of minutes, and the boat's bow swung shoreward. It came in like an arrow on the crests of the sea, and as it approached the beach the bare-headed captain at the steering oar indicated by a motion of his hand where the boat would land. The waiting throng on the beach rushed west to meet it, and a second later it burst through a breaker with ugly seas following close at its stern.

Eager hands grasped the hastily flung painter and bow, and with a ringing cheer the boat was swept up to safety. Huddled in the bottom were the members of the Higgins crew, chilled to the marrow, drenched and suffering from innumerable buffets received while on the bar. Luckily the station was close at hand, and there they were quickly conveyed and provided with restoratives, dry clothing and warm food and drink. Capt. Anthony Freeman, whose home is in Wellfleet, makes the following statement:

"We left North Boothbay yesterday morning with ice, bound to Philadelphia. It was foggy last night and we did not get sight of anything. In the morning snow was falling fast and the wind was blowing a gale from the northeast. I judged we were off northeast from Race Point, and was right in my calculation, as shortly after, when we hauled by the wind in an endeavor to reach Provincetown, we passed the whistling buoy off northeast of Peaked hill bar. We sighted the buoy close aboard on our starboard quarter (seaward).

"The snow was flying in a perfect smother. Just after passing the buoy our mainsail, which was at full hoist, burst, and we hauled it down and put in two reefs. While we were hoisting the sail a heavy sea poured inboard, filling the decks and washing one man, Gilbert Gibbs, 51 years, Block Island, overboard. We saw him and heard him crying, 'Save me,' but could do nothing for him. The sea which swept him to death washed me away forward, hurling me against some hard object, breaking a rib, I think. The spanker and the foresail were blown to pieces shortly afterward, and the head sails drove our boat to leeward. We struck on the outer bar about 8.30, I should say, but we could not see the beach for snow. At the end of half an hour the wind and sea forced us over the bar. A few minutes later we struck the inner bar, where we suffered terribly from the cold and washing received by the boarding seas.

Mrs. Long, wife of the steward, was lashed upon the top-gallant forecastle top for two or more hours, washing back and forth in the water, but she never uttered an outcry or exhibited any fear. We did not see any one upon the beach for an hour after we struck the inner bar, but that was because of the thick weather, I presume. Our crew list was as follows: Anthony Freeman, master; Andrew Cole, South Truro, mate; F. A. Long, New York, steward; Gilbert Gibbs, drowned, Block Island; Henry Reed, Gloucester; Fred Shea, Boston; R. Faagerhorn, Finland; Chas. Lewis, Digby Town, N. S.

The Higgins was built in 1882 at Yarmouth, Me., was owned in Boston, and was 503 tons net. I shall go home today and return tomorrow to save what is possible from the wreck. When we bit up on the bar we concluded we were lost men."

Only a few months ago comparatively the lifesavers of one section of Cape Cod received a fearful scoring through the medium of the press for some failure to succor distressed seamen. The lifesavers of Peaked Hill bar and Race Point stations gave sterling proof of their courage and ability to cope with the roughest sea. Their past work had been brilliant; their latest exploit was glorious in conception and execution.

M'CARTHY LIVES IN THE LAND OF NOD

Columbus, Ohio, March 31. George McCarthy, in jail here on the charge of burglary, has the character of the "sleepiest" in Ohio. He was arrested while on his way to the Klondike. He says he has been a jockey for Pierre Lorillard that he is a brother of John McCarthy, the jockey, and son of Frank McCarthy, the horse-trainer, who lives in New York city.

When McCarthy was lodged in jail he fell asleep. After sleeping seventeen hours he was awakened by a shower bath. He rolled over and fell asleep again. Since then he has slept much of the time has been possible to awaken him only by prodding him with sticks.

A test was made of the case a few days ago, and the hallman was told to keep very quiet, and at the same time keep a watch on the man to find out how long he would sleep without being awakened, says the Press-Post.

After thirty-six hours had passed McCarthy turned over on his cot, sat upright, rubbed his eyes, took a drink of water an then asked for something to eat.

A hearty dinner was given him and an hour later he again laid down, and when supper time came it was found necessary to again waken him.

Saturday McCarthy was ordered to assist in scrubbing, and in order to keep awake he removed his shoes and worked in his bare feet. He was of little use, however, and "Smoky" Hobbs, the overseer, had to push him along several times to keep him awake. McCarthy is fully aware of his sleeping propensities but does not know the cause.

McCarthy says that up to 1884 he was satisfied with six hours' sleep a day, but gradually he began to long for more. The habit or disease has grown on him so that he wants to sleep all the time.

In 1888 he accepted a position with the Roberts Circus as a driver and traveled about the country part of the time driving a team and at intervals giving exhibitions as a sleeper. In 1890 he left the circus and since that time has been traveling about the country in really no capacity.

On one occasion, while living with his sister at No. 522 South Twenty-fourth street, in Philadelphia, he slept for fifty-four hours at a stretch, and it took several physicians to arouse him.

On another occasion in 1896 he was on the way from New York to Chicago and, being out of money, was riding blind baggage—that is, he was beating his way on the front end of the mail train. Knowing full well the risk he ran if sleep should overtake him on the road, he secured two straps and fastened one of them to his right leg and the other to his right arm and tied them to the railing of the car.

When the train pulled into the station at Chicago he was fast asleep on the platform, and the engineer turned the hose from the water tank on him to arouse him. He was afterward taken to the Clark street Police Station. He told the police captain of his affliction and was allowed to depart.

ORGAN RECITAL

At the Unitarian Church on Sunday.

In the Unitarian church on Sunday afternoon, beginning at 4 o'clock, the second free organ recital was given with a large attendance. The programme was a choice one and each number of the musical selections was presented in a most skillful and enjoyable manner, while the reading and address added to the interest of the occasion. It was another successful event. The programme was as follows:

Festive March in D......Henry Smart
Miss Mae Silsby.
Violin solo, Adagio Religioso....Thome
Dr. O. E. Wasgatt.
Serenata ....Moszkowski
Miss Mae Silsby.
Reading............Rev. Seth C. Beach
Solo ....Selected
Mrs. Gorham H. Wood.
Grand Offertoire of St. Cecilia...Batiste
Miss Mae Silsby.
Address..........Rev. Seth C. Beach
Nocturne ....Meyer-Helmund
Miss Mae Silsby.
Hymn ....Congregation

Eczema, scald head, hives, itchiness of the skin of any sort instantly relieved, permanently cured. Doan's Ointment. At any drug store.

Men and medicines are judged by what they do. The great cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla give it a good name everywhere. 51

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

TO GET KLONDIKE TRADE.

A Miscellaneous Fleet Growing Now at Seattle.

A Seattle despatch says. The coming of the steamer Portland with her golden treasure marked a new era in the history of Seattle and the Pacific Northwest. She came on the morning of July 18 and the hour was so early that but few knew of her arrival and fewer still knew the character of her cargo until bronzed men dressed in the garb of miners from the North walked down the gangplank bowed with the weight of their precious burdens. They had gold in bags, sacks, valises, boxes, trunks, they carried it on their shoulders, under their arms and on their backs. There were sixty of them and they all had gold.

There was an awakening all along the lines from this date. The rush has never ceased since and a greater stampede is yet to follow, regardless of the fact that many who started for the gold mines in July last have not yet reached their destination. So great was the rush in August and September that nearly everything in the shape of a vessel in the northern waters was pressed into service on the inner and the outer route (the former by way of Skagway and Dyea and the latter by way of St. Michael.) As nearly as can be ascertained 10,000 men undertook to get into the country over these routes, and at least one-half of this number are still scattered along the Yukon river and the Skagway-Dyea trails, while the other half reached their destination or will do so within thirty days. There are now thirty steamers actively engaged in the Alaska trade, while there are sixteen on their way around the Horn from the Atlantic to engage in this traffic. The present tonnage of steam craft is about 15,000, while that to arrive is 20,000. The vessels engaged in the inland route can average three round trips a month. Following are the names of the companies now in active operation:

Pacific Coast Company, five vessels, 8,200 tons: passenger capacity, 1,080.

Washington and Alaska Steamship Company, four vessels, 3,100 tons; passenger capacity, 1,800.

West Coast Steam Navigation Company, 1,500 tons; passenger capacity, 144. Engaged in freighting principally.

Chilberg & Co., two vessels, 525 tons; passenger capacity, 395.

Seattle Steamship Company, one vessel, 500 tons; passenger capacity, 78.

Alaska Pacific Company, one vessel, 600 tons (freight).

James Griffith & Co., one vessel, 2,000 tons; passenger capacity, 600.

North Pacific Company, one vessel, 600 tons; 300 passenger capacity.

Columbia Navigation Company, three vessels, 2,700 tons, passenger capacity, 826.

The rates from Seattle to Juneau, Skagway and Dyea for passengers are $50 first class, $35 second class, and from $8 to $20 a ton for freight. In the ocean or St. Michael route there are three companies engaged with several others in prospect.

Since the winter stampede began, about the middle of December, 12,000 people have outfitted in Seattle for the Klondike, Yukon, Copper River, Cook's Inlet and southeastern Alaska, the great majority being bound for the mines of the Klondike. These men have been landed at Skagway, Dyea, and Fort Wrangel, the chief points of departure for the interior. The trails from the two former places are reported in excellent condition and transportation can be secured over them to the lakes at very reasonable rates in comparison to the charges made last season, when men were held up by the Indians and professional packers for the value of their entire outfits. The hardships experienced on the trails last year will be avoided to a great extent by reason of improved trails and from experience gained in proper methods of packing. It is a wonderful procession, this procession of gold-seekers, extending from salt water to the summit of the range, thence along the chain of lakes and river links leading to the Yukon, a procession of fantastically dressed men, with dog teams, pack horses, sled teams, bronchos, hand sleds, and shoulder packs all possessed of the one idea—the quest for gold.

At Wrangel, the next point of departure, there has been a sudden transformation of an insignificant Indian village of 150 people to a busy, bustling place of 2,000 within the past four months. This is the prospective salt water terminal of the all Canadian route to Dawson and the Klondike; it is where the subsidized rails of our Canadian cousins meet the ships, and they are not pleased at the prospect of building up an American city at the expense of their own people; for this reason they are seeking to change the starting point.

The queston is asked, Where do these people come from? They come from all parts of the world, according to the hotel registers, but the great majority are Americans—young and vigorous men. They represent every trade and profession and are as splendid looking fellows as ever departed from Eastern or Western homes. The trains, regular and extra and in sections and divisions, passing over the three transcontinental lines reaching Seattle are daily landing from 500 to 600 strangers here.

The business of Seattle has been stimulated greatly. New industries have sprung up. Evaporated fruits and vegetables forming a very necessary portion of the outfit of miners, factories to produce them were established and have turned out tons of material. Stoves, picks and packs are also made in great quantities, and the Yukon stove is a Seattle invention that has warmed the heart and toes of many a Klondiker. Woolen factories give constant employment to men and women in the manufacture of blankets and thick woolen goods for the miners, while the tanneries are kept busy curing the sheep hides for clothing and covering. The furriers also have multiplied. A census of the hotels and lodging houses in the city has just been completed by the letter carriers for the Bureau of Information, an institution established by the city. This census shows that there are 165 hotels and lodging houses with from 10 to 200 rooms each, to say nothing of private boarding houses. Meals have been furnished at from 15 to 25 and 50 cents, while lodgings may be had at prices ranging from 25 cents to $1 a night.

GYPSIES IN EUROPE.

It has been popularly supposed that the gypsies of Europe, like the Indians of North America, were becoming an extinct race, and the conditions of their existence are not such as would seem to assure longevity. But a recently published official report of the English Government shows that the number of gypsies in England, so far from declining, is actually on the increase, and the same is true of some other European countries from which figures are at hand.

By an authentic computation made recently, there are 35,000 gypsies in Great Britain, 7,000 more than at the time of the last previous enumeration, though, perhaps that may have been somewhat imperfect. There are in the whole of Europe nearly three-quarters of a million of gypsies, the figures being: Great Britain, 35,000; Spain, 40,000; Russia, 25,000; Germany, 45,000; and Austria, Turkey, and the Balkan countries 200,000 each. Gypsies, who are known as Zingari in Italy, Gitanos in Spain, Zigeuner in Germany, Czigani in Slavic countries, Tchinganch in Turkey, and Bohemians in France, are considered to be of Asiatic origin, though the name "gypsies" is generally acknowledged to be a corruption of the word Egyptians, and in Scotland a gypsy is called an Egyptian, as readers of the "Little Minister" are aware. In the United States there are few gypsies, for the reason, perhaps, that they meet with great competition in the pursuits which in European countries furnish them with their chief revenue—fortune telling, sooth saying, and divination. In Europe, though it is popularly supposed that they are mere wanderers, the Pariahs of civilization, driven from place to place as popular sentiment or resentment may dictate, the fact is that many of the gypsies are permanently located in towns of their own, maintaining stable administration and prospering to a considerable extent. This is especially true in the districts on or near the lower Danube, and the gypsy population of Transylvania, in Hungary, is not only large, but also quite influential. Hungarian gypsies have long been known everywhere, on account of their appreciation of music and gypsy bands have visited the United States from time to time and with usually good success. The aptitude of gypsies in acquiring knowledge of music has always been marked, and Franz Liszt has borne testimony to this quality by saying:

"Indifferent to the minute and complicated passions by which educated mankind is swayed, callous to the panting, grasping effects of such microscopic and supercultured vices as vanity, intrigue, and avarice, the gypsy only comprehends the simplest requirements of a primitive nature. Music, dancing, drinking, and love, diversified by a childish and humorous delight in petty thieving and cheating constitute his whole repertoire of passions, beyond whose limited horizon he does not care to look."

The gypsies of England are found chiefly in the northern counties.

A QUIET SUNDAY.

President McKinley Has No Callers Save Assistant Secretary Day.

Washington, April 3. There was comparative quiet about the White House and the departments today. The members of the cabinet did not call on the President during the early part of the day, nor did they visit the departments. The White House was in its usual state of Sunday quietude. Assistant Secretary Day was the only forenoon caller, remaining with the President for about half an hour. Judge Day did not go to the State Department, and it is presumed will do most of his work of preparation for matter to be incorporated in the President's message at his home. Several of the higher officers of the State Department and clerks in charge of translating cypher cables were on duty. Some cable messages were received during the forenoon, but it was stated that none of them was on matters of much importance. It was stated that the department had no official information about the consuls of the United States going to Havana for safety.

Secretary Long did not visit the Navy Department, but his mail was sent to his residence. Assistant Secretary Roosevelt was at the department for a short time attending to his correspondence. A number of naval officers and clerks were at their desks, principally those who have charge of active operations, and the preparations that are progressing for equipping and supplying the navy. The naval officers read with interest and discussed the Associated Press Madrid bulletin regarding the movement of Spanish ships and the torpedo flotilla. It was said that the flotilla perhaps had encountered bad weather, if it had attempted to sail direct for Porto Rico, and might have been driven to the Verde islands. It was also said that the experienced navigators were of the opinion that the flotilla had taken the course it had in order to avoid adverse winds and find a better course by way of the Verde islands than by taking a direct route. This course would save coal, as sail power could be used to advantage. Some naval officers were of the opinion that they could not trust wholly to Madrid information concerning the movements of the Spanish warships at present, and especially if the Spanish admiralty thought advantage would be gained by misleading the American navy department.

Both the War and Navy Departments have been considering cases of supplies in the event of hostilities and all available ports on the Southern and Gulf coasts have received attention. The general belief is that the Gulf affords more and better places than the Atlantic coast. Pensacola, Tampa, Mobile and New Orleans are all believed to be available. No one place will be depended upon. The water stages given are Pensacola, 22 feet; Mobile, 22; Tampa, 20, and the Mississippi 26. This is the low water entrance. It is not intended that the big war vessels should be taken into these places to receive supplies. They will be coaled, provisioned and receive ammunition from lighters which are to be sent over the bars into the harbors. It is regarded as impracticable to attempt to get the big ships to wharves and moreover their coming to land would not tend to increase the efficiency and discipline of the crew.

It is said that Punta Gorda, farther south than Tampa, is being considered by the War Department as a point for embarking troops and supplies in case an army was to be sent to Cuba. Light draft vessels can easily enter this bay for such a purpose.

THE MOTHERS' CLUB MEETING.

One of the most successful meetings of the Mothers' Club was held Saturday afternoon at the Board of Trade rooms. The subject was a talk on the ear, nose and throat by Dr. Butler, who held the close attention of the audience to the end of his interesting remarks. The use of very few technical terms made the lecture clearly understood by everyone present. Dr. Butler had excellent illustrations showing the positions of the larynx, pharynx, palates, tonsils, etc., and after describing their positions he explained their functions and relation to each other. He spoke at length of the tonsils and of troubles peculiar to children through the tonsils. The minds of many were relieved to know that the operation of removing the tonsils is not in any way dangerous to children or adults.

A theory, but not a fact, is advanced that the tonsil has the function of acting as a scavenger to guard the orifice of the throat.

Growths in the throat and nose which cause so much trouble were explained, also the symptoms characteristic of these growths. From these physical conditions also come mental effects, causing dullness of the mind and an ungovernable temper. He spoke briefly of the two kinds of deaf mutes, deaf mutes from infancy, 60 per cent. caused by growths and those born deaf mutes for which there is no help. Catarrh, scarlet fever and its bad effects were touched upon and drew forth many questions from the ladies, all of which Dr. Butler kindly answered.

He spoke very interestingly of the ear and its treatment. The questions on this topic were many and patiently answered by Dr. Butler.

Many helpful hints were given for treatment when children swallow fish bones or get buttons, beans, etc., in their ear or nose.

On finishing his very instructive talk Dr. Butler was given an unanimous vote of thanks.

The next meeting of the Mothers' Club will be an experience meeting. Subject, "Habits; how to form good ones and how to prevent bad ones." Mrs. J. F. Gerrity will arrange the programme and the meeting will be held in the Board of Trade rooms Saturday, April 9, at 3 o'clock P. M. Everyone is cordially invited.

The building committee of the Kennebec Yacht Club have decided on the plans for the new club house. The structure will be two stories high and have a broad piazza extending from the upper as well as lower floor. A hall will occupy the second floor and the ground floor will be taken up with a reading room lockers, and kitchen, as recently suggested. The work of bulding will begin in a few days and the house will be formally opened on Memorial Day.

HAS BEEN SERIOUSLY ILL.

"After serious illness I was weak and lame and stiff red from liver and kidney troubles. I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla and it has done me a great deal of good. My husband was troubled with rheumatism and liver complaint, and has been relieved by Hood's." CELINDA L. BREED, Chesterfield Factory, N. H.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Cure all liver ills. 753

BOND LECTURES

At the Theological Seminary.

This year the Bond lectureship will be filled by Prof. Edward H. Griffin, D. D., brother of Rev. Henry L. Griffin of this city. Dr. Griffin is dean of the department of philosophy in Johns Hopkins University, and is recognized as one of the most eminent scholars in his department in the country.

The subject of the course is "Modern Philosophy as Related to Theological Thought.

Lecture I. The Three Fundamental Concepts of Philosophy.

Lecture II. The Pantheistic Interpretation of the World—Spinoza.

Lecture III. Individualistic Empiricism—David Hume.

Lecture IV. The Kentian Criticism of Knowledge.

Lecture V. Belief as Grounded in Ethics; the Critique of the Practical Reason.

Lecture VI. Hegalian Idealism.

Lecture VII. Evolutional Empiricism—Spencer.

Leture VIII. Theistic Philosophy.

The lectures will be delivered in the Seminary chapel, beginning at half past seven o'clock this evening. The remaining lectures will follow on April 5, 7, 8, 11, 12, 13 and 14, in the same place and at the same hour.

This course must be one of unusual profit. Several graduates of the seminary are expected to be in the city during these two weeks in order to attend the course. A cordial invitation is given by the seminary to the public to go and share these uncommon privileges.

RESOLUTIONS OF RESPECT FOR DR. LAUGHTON.

The Board of Registration of Medicine, at its March meeting, unanimously passed the following resolutions of respect for the late Dr. Sumner Laughton:

Whereas it has pleased Almighty God to remove from our midst our friend and late associate, Sumner Laughton, M. D., and

Whereas Dr. Laughton was a valued member of the Board of Registration of Medicine of Maine; therefore be it

Resolved: That we, his colleagues and co-workers, bow in humble submission to the Divine Will, realizing that in the fullness of his years he has been called home to rest after a lifetime spent in alleviating the sufferings of humanity, and be it further

Resolved: That the Board of Registration of Medicine of Maine, now in session, tender its sympathies to his relatives and friends, with the assurance that his loss is not felt alone by them, but falls only less heavily upon the whole medical profession of his State and be it further

Resolved: That a copy of these resolutions be spread upon the records of this Board and printed in one or more of the newspapers published in the cities of Bangor and Portland.

John Lord, M. D., chairman.
A. K. P. Meserve, M.D., secretary.
Portland, March 29, 1898.

ZOLA SENTENCE QUASHED.

Paris, April 2. The court has quashed the sentence of one year's imprisonment and $600 fine imposed upon M. Emile Zola on Feb. 23, a result of the collapse of the charges made by him in the Aurore against the conduct of the Esterhazy court martial, but the court has not ordered another trial before another assize.

The decision is based on the fact that the president of the court martial, instead of the minister of war, should have lodged the complaint against M. Zola, as it was the court martial that was assailed.

TRINITY COLLEGE MEN ORGANIZE.

Hartford, Ct., April 2. Students of Trinity College have organized a battalion of two companies and elected officers. Resolutions indorsing the President's policy were passed, and the services of the battalion will be tendered to Gov. Cook in case of an emergency.

THE UMBRELLA INDUSTRY.

More than one-half of the umbrellas used in this country are produced in Philadelphia, and the distinction of the Quaker City in this respect is no new thing, for it has passed almost into a proverb throughout the United States that "when the Quakers come to town it is going to rain." Very few persons have any correct idea of the extent of the umbrella business in the United States. It amounts in a year, taking the retail figures, to $25,000,000. There are in this country 500 umbrella factories having an invested capital of $6,0000,000, of which more than $3,000,000 is in the city of Philadelphia alone. New York, Massachusetts, Maryland and Ohio are the other States which are largely represented in the manufacture of umbrellas, while all the States are represented, though unevenly in their sale.

For many years some of the best umbrellas were imported from abroad, especially from England, and the rate of duty upon them prior to 1890 was 50 per cent. ad valorem it covered with silk or alpaca and 40 per cent. if covered with any other material, cotton or linen included. Under the tariff of 1890—the McKinley bill, so called—American umbrella manufacturers were favored by an increase in the duty of 5 per cent., the rate upon silk and alpaca covered umbrellas being 55 per cent. and on those covered with other material 45 per cent. Since then the importations of English umbrellas have declined, though this change is not to be ascribed wholly to the workings of the tariff, but rather to the fact that American-made umbrellas are decidedly cheaper and quite as serviceable as those imported from other countries. Moreover, they have the additional advantage of being lighter and less cumbersome, and are not constructed to meet the requirements of hard and continuous usage, as is the general custom abroad; for the number of those who carry umbrellas is materially larger on the other side than it is here. The American plan is to carry umbrellas only when it is raining or seems likely to rain, and it is a matter of common observation in American cities that there are more men who neglect, omit, or are unable to get umbrellas on rainy days than there are men who carry umbrellas when the weather is fair. This condition is exactly reversed in most European cities, where it is no uncommon thing to see many umbrellas carried on a bright, clear day. The average rainfall in inches is 25 in London, 23 in Paris, 24 in Berlin, 20 in Vienna, 71 in St. Petersburg, and 44 in Glasgow. The average in New York is about 40 inches, but the number of days in which there is some rain is larger abroad than it is here.

There are in the United States more than 8000 persons (the larger number of them men) engaged in umbrella manufacture, and the total wages paid in a year in this branch of American industry exceeds $4,000,000. What peculiar merit the city of Philadelphia offers to umbrella makers is not easily stated. The materials which enter into umbrella manufacture are not procurable with any unusual advantages in Philadelphia, and the chief market of sale is New York.

As Co. G, N. G. S. M. will drill at the armory this and Tuesday evenings the proposed drill of the Bangor Artillery Company has been postponed to Wednesday evening. A general invitation is extended to all men who desire to join the company to attend at that time. The company already numbers 40 and the outlook is that it will be easily increased to 100 which is the number desired.

AUCTION SALE OF TIMERLANDS.

On Wednesday, April 27, 1898, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon we shall sell at public auction, at the Board of Trade Rooms, City Hall Building, Bangor Maine, the following tracts of Timber Lands

All the wild land in what is known as the Machwahoc Town, Aroostook County, containing 13,180 acres, more or less.

The whole of 5,609 acres, being on the east side of Millinocket Lake and stream in Township 1, Range 8, Penobscot County.

The whole of 2,000 acres, being on the west side of Millinocket Lake and south of Smith Brook in Township 1, Range 8, Penobscot County.

One-third in common and undivided in the so-called South Barker tract in Township 1, Range 3, Aroostook County, containing 1500 acres, more or less.

One-third in common and undivided in the so-called North Barker tract in Township 1, Range 3, Aroostook County, containing 2,400 acres, more or less.

The whole of one lot in Township A, Range 5, in the County of Aroostook, known as the Coburn lot, containing 532 acres, more or less.

One-half in common and undivided of lot 160, situated in Township 1, Range 4, Aroostook County, containing 65 acres, known as the Clement lot.

One-fourth in common and undivided of lots numbered 70, 71, 72, 73, 74 and 75, excepting one-half of lot number 74 (west half), situated in the town of Carroll, Penobscot County, containing 300 acres, more or less.

The whole of lots number 23 and 38 (excepting 50 acres in the east half of lot number 38), situated in the east half of town of Carroll, Penobscot County, containing 270 acres, more or less.

One half in common and undivided in the so-called Appleton strip in Township 4, Range 3, Aroostook County, containing 1590 acres, more or less.

The whole of lot No. 21, in Township No. 2, now Glenwood Plantation, containing 110 acres, more or less.

The terms of this sale will be one third cash and the balance in two equal payments of one-third each, payable in one and two years respectively from the date of sale. Deferred payments draw interest annually at the rate of six per cent. per annum to be secured by mortgage. Any purchaser desiring to so may pay all cash. Further particulars in regard to title, etc., may be had at our office.

On April 27th, at the Board of Trade Rooms, City Hall, Bangor, Me., we shall sell at public auction in addition to the above land mentioned and on the same terms as the above, the following, all of which is situated in Mattawamkeag county of Penobscot:

Lots numbered fourteen (14), fifteen (15), thirty (30), thirty-one (31), thirty-two (32), forty-six (46), forty-seven (47), forty-eight (48), forty-nine (49), fifty (50), sixty one (61), sixty-two (62), sixty-three (63), sixty-four (64), sixty-five (65), sixty-six (66) seventy-five (75), seventy six (76), seventy-seven (77), seventy eight (78), seventy-nine (79), eighty (80), eighty-one (81), eighty-nine (89), ninety-four (94), ninety-five (95), one hundred and nine (109), one hundred and ten (110), one hundred and twenty one (121), one hundred and twenty-two (122), one hundred and twenty-nine (129), one hundred and thirty (130), one hundred and forty-three (143), one hundred and forty-four (144), containing fifty-five hundred and seventy-three acres, more or less.

Full particulars at our office.

PEARL & DENNETT,

17 State Street, Bangor, Maine.

AUCTIONEERS.

St. Croix Exchange Hotel.

The largest and leading hotel in the city, with all modern improvements. The most centrally located, accessible to all parts of the city. All lines of city electric cars pass its doors.

CLARENCE L. CHAPMAN, Prop.,

CALAIS, MAINE.

HAVE MARSTON & ATWOOD DO YOUR PAINTING, NO. 60 STATE STREET.

TWO POUNDS New Washed FIGS for 25 Cents .. at .. TEA WHITE'S.

CHOICE DAIRY BUTTER A Specialty at .. CLARK & TIBBETTS' ..

Spring Has Come.

We are prepared to show a line of NOBBY, UP-TO-DATE

Boots and Shoes.

We shall carry a fine assortment of Ladies', Gents' and Children's Fine Footwear at prices not to be beaten elsewhere in the city. Also remember that we are still hanging to our bargains in many odd lots and sizes that we still have on hand. For the next 30 days we shall make a run on Ladies' Oxfords and Button Boots at prices that will interest you. Call and examine our new goods at

22 HAMMOND STREET.

W. F. REED.

PUBLIC DEBATE,

Y. M. C. A.,

MONDAY, APRIL 4, AT 8.00 P. M.

SUBJECT: Resolved that the U. S. and Spain should submit the question of cause and indemnity of the Maine Explosion to an International Board of Arbitrators.

U. of M. Deba'i g Society vs. Progressive Debating Society.

Good Musical Program. Admission 10 cents. Tickets on sale by members of Societies and at the door.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE.COM

THE BIG STORE

When It Comes

to combining beauty and quality with low prices in Silk Fabrics, the Japs beat the world. If you have any doubts about this come in and see the display of Habutais and Wash Silks exhibited on our centre counter at **39c** and **49c.**

There's a temptation about them that's hard to resist. Think of it. A silk waist made of fine quality silk that will wash, and all for $1 56 for the 4 yards that it takes to make it.

Mohair Sicilians

are among the most popular fabrics this season for Street Skirts. They seem to fill the bill for a common sense, practical skirt, combining beauty and wearing qualities as no other material will. We are very strong on Sicilians at

50c, 75c, 87 1-2c and $1

Misses' Shirt Waists

A new line just opened in handsome Percales and Ginghams, We can fit any miss from 8 years up, at

48c, 75c, 98c, $1.25

A Towel Bargain.

40 dozen Hemmed Stitched Huck Towels, size 34x18, fine quality, worth and would be cheap at 17c. At the price we offer them, they are one of the biggest values we ever sold in towels.

Price 12 1-2c

Bicycle Suits and Skirts.

We're showing a large line of Bicycle Suits and Skirts at low price. Skirts made of excellent quality, all wool mixtures, cut full, 10 rows of stitching around bottom, tailor made in every respect.

At $5.00

Suits with silk lined Jackets in covert cloth and stylish checks

At $9.75 up

We call especial attention to the style and fit of our Bicycle Suits; they are unequalled.

The E. C. Nichols Co.

Notice to Old Town and Milford Water Customers.

All water rates not paid on or before April 20th will be increased 10 per cent., and if not paid before May 1st, will be shut off without further notice. One dollar additional will be charged for turning on. PUBLIC WORKS CO.

Notice to Brewer and Veazie Water Customers.

All water rates not paid on or before April 20th will be increased 10 per cent., and if not paid before May 1st will be shut off without further notice. One dollar additional will be charged for turning on. PUBLIC WORKS CO.

FLOWER SEEDS.

Northern Grown.

L. L. MAY & CO., St. Paul, Minn.

Sweet Peas and Nasturtiums in bulk.

R. P. & J. H. STONE.

Easter Glove Sale.

We open this morning our Spring assortment. We call special attention to 3 clasp gloves worth $1,25 we shall sell them this week at 83 cents.

R. P. & J. H. STONE

No. 51 MAIN ST., BANGOR.

The Local News.

The first salmon from the downriver weirs arrived Saturday morning from C. J. Shaw, of Sears Island, and was purchased by C. J. Lynch for his market. The salmon weighed 18½ pounds and Mr. Lynch paid $1.15 per pound for him.

The Pickering heirs, owners of Mercantile block, which was recently damaged by fire, will erect a flatroofed square front on the rebuilt block and will preserve the old clock tower. The clock will be repaired and will keep as good time as ever, in the opinion of Mr. A. P. Trask, custodian of city clocks.

The remains of Fred S. Glover, of Hartford, who died suddenly in Ellsworth, on Saturday, from heart disease, were taken through this city Saturday noon. The deceased was 32 years of age.

James Babcock and Alexander Fox left on the noon train Saturday on their way to the Alaska gold fields.

The annual meeting of the Orono Sluice Co. will be held today at 10 o'clock at the office of Adams & Co., 72 Exchange street. Officers for the ensuing year will be elected.

The annual meeting of the Mt. Hope Cemetery Corporation will be held today at 10 o'clock in the Common Council Chamber at City Hall.

News of the death in St. Paul, Minn., Feb. 13, of Amos Dow, aged 82 years and 2 months, has been received in Hampden. Mr. Dow was a native of and resident of Hampden for many years. Many of the older residents of Bangor and Hampden will recollect him. He died in full confidence and hope of an immortal life.

Our Bradford correspondent writes: Lacassard Lassell, Esq., a resident of Minnesota, arrived in Bradford Friday evening on a visit. Mr. Lassell is accompanied by his wife.

On Saturday forenoon, in the Municipal Court, A. L. H. Bemis, a representative of a Boston shoe house which has been selling goods in Bangor, was arraigned on a warrant sworn out by a Bangor merchant charging him with the violation of the itinerant vendor's law. The defense was that the company sells only from sample, shipping the goods from Boston later. Bemis was discharged. P. H. Gillin, Esq., was his counsel.

The Silver Lake hotel at Katahdin Iron Works, has been leased for a term of years to Fred H. Eddy, of East Corinth. The lease of the present proprietor, William Houghen, expires on the first of May, and the new proprietor will probably take possession of the house soon after that date.

A meeting of the directors of the Y. M. C. A. will be held Tuesday evening at 7.30 at the Y. M. C. A. building.

President Harris, of the University of Maine, and Rev. E. F. Pember have chosen Milton S. Clifford, Esq., to act with them as judges at the public debate in Y. M. C. A. hall this evening.

Miss Elsa G. Young, of Leipsic, Germany, daughter of Ellery C. Young, formerly of Bangor, who has been visiting relatives in this city, and who is now with Mrs. T. J. Stewart on West Broadway, will leave Bangor this week for Boston, Washington and New York, to sail on the 19th of May in the steamship Freiderich Wilhelm der Grosse, of the North German Lloyd line, for which Blake, Barrows & Brown are agents in Bangor.

The annual meeting of the Grand Council of Maine of the United Order of American Mechanics will be held in Waterville, April 27.

Miss Mary S. Snow, of Bangor, was in Belfast last week. She visited the girls' home, and in the afternoon addressed a meeting in Memorial hall on kindergarten work. On Friday night, at the Tontine hotel in Brunswick, Miss Snow addressed the annual session of the Maine Schoolmasters' Club. The business meeting was followed by a dinner, beginning at 8 o'clock.

Hon. W. W. Stetson, of Auburn, State superintendent of schools, was in the city Saturday on his return from Guilford, where he spoke Friday evening. Mr. Stetson addressed a union meeting of several of the churches at Ellsworth, Sunday evening, on the school question.

Mr. Allen P. Webster, of Orono, returned Saturday from a trip to New York.

HAMPDEN NOTES.

Revival services are in progress at Nealley's Corner, conducted by Miss Nellie Thompson, the best testimonial of whose evangelestic ability is in the fact that during the short time she has labored there—about one week—thirty persons have taken a stand and expressed an interest in the question of personal religion.

These services, it is expected, will be continued through the present week. At the close of her work at Nealley's Corner Miss Thompson expects to commence a series of meetings at the Methodist church, Hampden Corner.

The fourth quarterly conference for Hampden charge will be held at the Methodist parsonage, Hampden Corner, Saturday evening, April 9th, at 7.30. Rev. H. W. Norton, presiding elder, will be present and will preach at the M. E. church, Hampden Corner, on Sunday April 10, at 10.30 A. M., also at Nealley's Corner, at 2.30 P. M.

UNCLE SAM'S NAVY.

Superb Pictures Which Everybody Will Wish to Have—How Whig Readers May Secure Them.

Just at this time with all the excitement on foot and the great outburst of patriotism from one end of the nation to the other, public interest centers in Uncle Sam's navy and the Whig has met the demand for pictures by securing the most magnificent collection of pictures of this character ever offered to the country.

The Whig is now issuing a superb portfolio series of photographic views, 11x13 inches in size, of the battleships, cruisers, torpedo boats, monitors, coast defense boats, gunboats and auxiliary vessels of the United States Navy, drill exercises, big guns and other interesting views, each illustration being accompanied by text matter giving all needful information of our naval resources. Each portfolio will contain 16 pages of pictures and text matter, printed on heavy plate paper and bound in colored paper cover, and may be obtained upon the following terms:

TERMS OF DISTRIBUTION.

Every reader of the Whig is entitled to participate in this distribution of Uncle Sam's Navy Portfolios. Bring or send to the Whig Portfolio Department 10 cents in silver, to cover postage, wrapping, mailing, distribution, etc., together with an order cut from the Whig (See Page 3), and you will receive Portfolio No. 1, containing 16 photographic reproductions, 11x13 inches in size, of the several ships of Uncle Sam's navy.

The first portfolio is now ready for distribution. The second portfolio will be issued soon. It will be impossible to obtain these pictures from any other source, hence the value is beyond estimate. No such opportunity was ever offered.

Portfolio No. 1 contains the following, and is now ready for distribution: Explosion of the Maine in Havana Harbor; Four Views of the Crew of the Maine; the Philadelphia, Miantonomah, Indiana, Indiana's Big Guns, Katahdin, The Terror, Columbia, Columbia's Big Gun, Torpedo Boat No. 6, New York, Vesuvius, Iowa.

Have you a relative or friend aboard? If you have, now is the opportunity to secure a handsome photograph of his ship flying the Union Jack!

Favor friends who may not be regular readers of the Whig by informing them of the particulars of this unrivalled distribution. Send or bring 10 cents in silver.

THE TEMPERATURE.

Atmospheric Conditions as Shown by Methodical Observations.

The following table gives the weather conditions as shown by the thermometer and barometer at Miller's pharmacy:

	Barometer.	Thermometer
April 2, 7 A. M.	29.8	57
12 M.	29.8	53
6 P. M.	29.8	57
April 3, 9 A. M.	29.8	34
12 M.	29.8	26
6 P. M.	26.8	25

A WOMAN BURNED TO DEATH.

Terrible Fate of Mrs. Hattie Eugley of Waldoboro.

Mrs. Hattie Eugley, aged 63, was burned to death in her home Saturday, her clothing taking fire from an overturned lamp.

FIRE IN DEXTER.

Our correspondent writes: The fine large set of buildings belonging to and occupied by Samuel F. Marble and situated just outside of Dexter village, were entirely consumed by fire Saturday forenoon. The loss is estimated at $3,500 with insurance of $2,200. They consist of a large two story frame house and large barn connected by a long ell and shed. Fire caught in the barn at about 9 o'clock and the flames were drawn by the wind directly on the other buildings. Mr. Marble and family, together with his son and family who lived with them, had commenced spring cleaning and had just carried a quantity of straw from the house into the barn and deposited it in the stall under the horse. Shortly afterwards fire was discovered emanating from this spot and it is supposed there must have been a match in the straw which became ignited by the horse stepping upon it. Hay in the barn, farming tools and machinery were burned. The only property of any moment saved was the household furniture, a large portion of which was removed in safety.

SUDDEN DEATH.

Our Garland correspondent writes: The people of Garland were greatly shocked Friday afternoon to learn of the sudden death of one of their most respected citizens, Mr. John Seward. Although in poor health for several years he had nevertheless been able to do considerable work on his farm, situated in the eastern part of the town, about three miles from the village. Friday he came to the store to do some trading. Just after closing the door at Mr. Ayery's he fell and died immediately. He was in his usual health when starting from home. His remains were taken to the home of his sister, Mrs. Chase Merriam. He leaves a wife and one daughter who is married and lives in Massachusetts.

Mrs. Seward has the sympathy of all in her affliction.

This is Holy week, the closing of the Lenten season. Holy Thursday, Good Friday and Holy Saturday are the important feast of the week.

Moire grenadine made over moire silk forms very effective gowns when trimmed with bias bands of black satin. White chiffon over white or colored Liberty moire is an exquisite combination for a dressy costume.

It's the little cold that grow into big colds; the big cold that ends in consumption and death. Watch the little colds. Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup.

Personal Mention.

Dr. J. K. Phillips has gone to Boston for a short visit.

Miss S. J. Coombs has returned from a visit to Portland and Boston.

Mrs. H. S. Griswold and Mrs. J. H. Bowler, who have been spending a few days in Washington, have left there for Atlantic City, N. J.

Farmington Chronicle: Capt. Henry N. Fairbanks, of Bangor, a prominent life insurance agent of that city, has been in town this week and visited his aunt, Mrs. J. B. Morrison, of North Chesterville, also his cousin, Hon. J. W. Fairbanks and wife, in town.

Mr. W. H. Lawrence, of Sorrento, was in Bangor Saturday.

Miss Mary E. Gorham is spending the Easter vacation with her cousin, Miss Alice Dale, of Brookline, Mass.

Messrs. George W. Hale and E. C. Whittemore, of Sanoma county, Cal., who have been visiting in this city for some time, left for home Saturday morning. Mr. Hale is interested in several profitable mines in Southern California.

D. R. Straw, Esq., of Guilford, was in the city Saturday on business.

Mrs. Rowe and her daughter, Miss Ethel Rowe, left on the noon train Saturday for a visit in Portland and Boston.

Col. Morrell, of Philadelphia, was in Bangor Saturday on his return home from a trip to Bar Harbor.

Miss Ethel Stetson has returned home from Smith College for the Easter vacation.

Miss Scott, of La Porte, Ind., a student at Smith College, is the guest of Miss Agnes Bragg on Grove street, during the Easter vacation.

Miss Margaret Dillingham has returned from Boston for the Easter vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Walker and Miss Jennie Pickering who have been in Washington, have left that city, and the ladies are now in New York for a few days.

Hon. A. L. Lumbert has returned from a business visit to Boston.

Mrs. S. Friedman, of Houlton, was in Bangor Saturday on her way to Boston.

Hon. George E. Macomber, of Augusta, was in Bangor Saturday on his way home from a trip into Aroostook county.

Mr. Adam Sekenger, the florist, has been in Boston on business the past week.

Mr. F. C. Weston has returned from a business trip to New York and Boston.

Mr. George T. Thatcher returned yesterday from a trip to Boston.

Mr. Frederic W. Carlisle, of Washington, D. C., is at the Bangor House.

Mr. M. B. Edwards, of St. John, N. B., is in the city.

The latest engagement about which Portland people are talking is that of Mr. Frederick G. Fassett, one of Portland's best-known newspaper men and editor of the Sunday Times, and Miss Cora E. Jordan, a popular young lady of Portland. Many Bangor friends of Mr. Fassett will extend heartiest congratulations.

Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Lowell, who have been visiting in the city, returned to Calais on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hight and Mr. and Mrs. Harry Merrill have returned from a trip to Washington, D. C.

Mr. W. G. Rand of Lewiston is registered at the Bangor House.

Col. Benjamin S. Lowell, of Boston, is at the Bangor House.

Mrs. Agnes Treat has returned from a visit in New York.

Mr. Samuel Cony Manley, Maine Central train master, is in the city.

SPEAR COMEDY COMPANY

Open Week's Engagement at the Opera House To-night.

The Spear Comedy Company will open a solid week's engagement at the Opera House tonight presenting for the first time in this city the beautiful Mexican play, A Royal Slave, which is considered to be one of the most interesting plays that this company will present during their engagement. It is a play with a well written plot, full of thrilling climaxes and strong situations and affords excellent opportunities for each one of the company in the enactment of their different roles. Mr. Clarence Bennett, the clever character actor who heads this company of unusual excellence, is undoubtedly one of the most versatile artists in repertoire today.

A special and important feature announced by this company is the elaborate staging of each and every play given in their repertoire and in carrying out their promise regarding the above-mentioned plan, it requires a large amount of special scenery which has been painted by well known scenic artists and is acknowledged to be the finest lot of scenery ever used by a company playing at cheap prices.

Another of the many novel features offered is the specialty contingency which is composed of many of the best variety people in the vaudeville world who will introduce the latest songs and dances, up-to-date monologues and a neat and refined cake walk.

The superb concert orchestra carried by the organization will be heard during the week in a choice programme of musical selections.

The seat sales for every performance is progressing rapidly. The first daily matinee will be given tomorrow and they will continue the balance of the week. The bill for tomorrow afternoon will be "Crime Shadowed." Tomorrow evening, the mirth-provoking comedy "Only a Jay" will be given.

"Pudd'nhead Wilson" Returns.

Those who wish to enjoy a good, hearty laugh and at the same time share their sympathies with a sweet, lovable old character, will have an opportunity of doing so at the Opera House on Monday evening, April 18, when that delightful, natural comedy "Pudd'nhead Wilson" will be given its second engagement this season, by Mr. Edwin Mayo, and his excellent company.

"Pudd'nhead Wilson" is one of the best plays we have seen and the fact that it is in the hands of such an excellent cast makes it doubly attractive.

A dancing assembly will be given this evening at the armory of Co. G on Court street, with music by hall's orchestra.

The Empire tortoise-shell comb, set in below the knot of hair at the back is a useful as well as stylish ornament.

SPRING OPENING

. . . OF . . .

SUITS, COATS, SILKS,

. . . AND . . .

Dress Goods,

. . . ON . . .

Monday and Tuesday, April 4th and 5th,

. . AT . . .

The Rines Co.

43 MAIN STREET.

PORT OF BANGOR.
ARRIVED.
THURSDAY, March 31.
Str Sedgwick, Barbour, Bar Harbor
Sch Henry Whitney, Walsh, Belfast
Sch E A Whitmore, Whitmore, Mt Desert
CLEARED April 1.
Sch Josie Hook, Ulmer, Boston, lumber from Henry Lord & Co
Sch C Taylor 3d, Libbey, Camden, lumber from Smith Planing Mill Co
Sch Jennie Howard is on Barbour's dock for quite extensive repairs

MARRIED.

In Brewer on Saturday, April 2, by John F. Robinson, Esq., George C. Burrill and Susan G. Burleigh, both of Brewer.

DIED.

In Orrington, April 1, Miss Myra G. Harriman aged 61 years, 2 months, 19 days.

In Bangor, April 2, Margaret, widow of Michael Dougherty, aged 83 years, 11 months. Funeral today 2.30.

WHEN TRAVELING

Whether on pleasure bent or business, take on every trip a bottle of Syrup of Figs, as it acts most pleasantly and effectually on the kidneys, liver, and bowels, preventing fevers, headaches and other forms of sickness. For sale in 50 cent bottles by all leading druggists. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only.

ACCOUNTS AND CLAIMS

Against the City.

The Committee on Accounts and Claims of the City Government will be in session on the first Tuesday in each month at 2 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of auditing bills against the city. All bills must be approved by the Officer and Committee of the Department contracting the same, and handed to the Committee on Accounts and Claims or City Clerk, on or before the above-named time of meeting.

B. C. ADDITON, Chairman.

ORIENTAL LODGE, NO. 60, I. O. O. F.

Regular meeting every MONDAY evening. Entertaining and instructive exercises at each meeting. The attendance of every member is earnestly desired. W. C. . . . G

Insure The Safety

of your valuable papers, etc., by renting a Deposit Box at a small cost in the burglar proof and fire proof Safe Deposit Vaults of

EASTERN TRUST & BANKING CO.

REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE—One undivided sixth of T. 3, R. 5, N. B. K. P., Somerset County. Apply to CHAS. HAMLIN. oct18

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—Two large store in Calais, Maine, now occupied by E. C. Young. Apply to George E. Gardner or J. M. Beckett, 91 Main Street, Calais, Me. mar26lm

Wanted, Lost, Found, To Let, Etc

Advertisements under the head of wanted, found, to let, etc., not exceeding four lines, 25 cents each insertion when prepaid. When not prepaid regular advertising rates will be charged.

IF YOU WANT a male nurse call Paul Christensen, professional nurse, No. 2 Bean Court, off Court street, Bangor, Me. Hospital experience; best of references.

IF YOU WANT a list of the finest variety Sweet Peas in the market, send a postal to W. F. Chick, 28 and 30 Sixth street.

IF YOU DON'T SEE IT

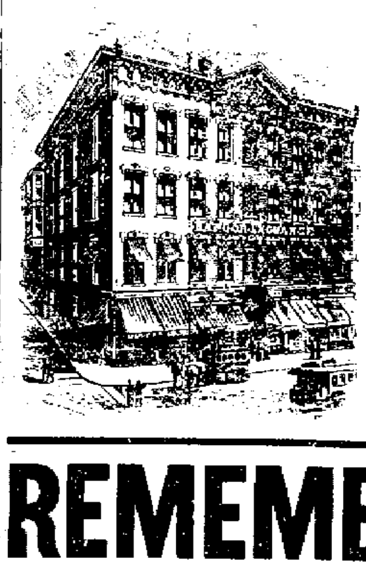
In the window, you'll find it inside.

We have over 500 patterns of up-to-date fabrics on which to make CLOTHING TO YOUR MEASURE. A fit guaranteed. We have just received the latest in Neckwear.

"THE HUB" 23 State Street.

HARRY D. STEWART.

CENTRALLY LOCATED. ELECTRIC . . . STEAM HEATED . . . ELECTRIC LIGHTS



"Bangor Exchange"

BANGOR, ME.

Having once more assumed the management of his popular hotel, I am pleased to entertain old customers and new ones.

Yours Truly,
A. W. THA

REMEMBER . . .

IT IS OUR FAULT THAT OUR STOCK SELLS SO WELL

We are Responsible

For having the Finest stock of

Pipes and Smokers' Articles

in Eastern Maine, and we are glad that the general public acknowledges it by patronizing us so liberally, thereby enabling us to keep our goods up to date. Our splendid assortment includes all the latest fancies in Briar and Meerschaum Pipes at the very lowest prices.

We make a specialty of Students' Pipes of every description. We have a special sale this week. Call and see us.

A. LEWIS,

No. 12 STATE STREET, BANGOR

J. N. V. LANE,

Gas and Electric FIXTURES. . . .

Buildings Wired for Electric Lights and Piped for Gas

Telephone 112-2. 54 STATE

BA

BY WHIG AND COURIER

THE TOWN DOOM

Appalling Situation of . . . neetown Sufferers

Pitiful Condition of 500 . . . Women and Children

People Caged in Third S . . . Houses Without Food or

The Exact Estimate of Lif . . . Not Yet Known.

MISS M. A.

Pattern Hats and Bonnets, . . . Flowers, Feathe . . . Thursday

EASTER MI . . . Pattern Ha . . . Thursday . . . MISS S. J. CO

SPRING OPENING. Thursday an . . . C. FARRELL

Grand Easte . . . Imported Patter . . . MRS. F. Q

MILLINERY Thursday,

SUITS, .

THE ELEC . . . that have been on exhibit . . . MORE T

Cheviot . . . All new goods from the be

Sale Cl . . . COME . . . We guarantee every . . . wanted to fit.

JAMES . . . WHEEL

NewspaperARCHIVE.com